JOURNAL

OF

THE SENATE

OF THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,

AT ITS

FIRST SESSION, 1862.

RALEIGH:
W. W. HOLDEN, PRINTER TO THE STATE.
1862.
The General Assembly of the State of North Carolina met in the city of Raleigh, on the 17th day, being the third Monday of November, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two; and the following members elect of the Senate presented certificates of their election and were qualified according to law, to wit:

1st District, Pasquotank and Perquimans—Wm. H. Bagley.
2d " Camden and Currituck, D. McD. Lindsay.
3d " Gates and Chowan—
4th " Hyde and Tyrrell—
5th " Northampton—
6th " Hertford—J. B. Slaughter.
7th " Bertie—
8th " Martin and Washington—
9th " Halifax—M. L. Wiggins.
10th " Edgecombe and Wilson—Jesse H. Powell.
11th " Pitt—
12th " Beaufort—E. J. Warren.
13th " Craven—Nathaniel Whitford.
14th " Carteret and Jones—M. F. Arendell.
15th " Green and Lenoir—Edward Patrick.
16th " New Hanover—Eli W. Hall.
17th " Duplin—James G. Dickson.
18th " Onslow—Juo. F. Murrill.
19th " Bladen, Brunswick and Columbus—J. W. Ellis.
20th " Cumberland and Harnett—W. B. Wright.
21st " Sampson—Thomas I. Faison.
22d " Wayne—Wm. K. Lane.
23d District, Johnston—C. B. Sanders.
24th " Wake—John P. H. Russ.
26th " Franklin—Washington Harris.
27th " Warren—Edwin Duke Drake
29th " Person—James Holeman.
30th " Orange—Wm. A. Graham.
31st " Alamance and Randolph—Giles Mebane.
32d " Chatham—Wm. P. Taylor.
33d " Moore and Montgomery—Calvin W. Wooley.
34th " Richmond and Robeson—Giles Leitch.
35th " Anson and Union—Wm. C. Smith.
36th " Guilford—Peter Adams.
37th " Caswell—
38th " Rockingham—F. L. Simpson.
39th " Mecklenburg—John A. Young.
40th " Cabarrus and Stanly—J. W. Smith.
41st " Rowan and Davie—James G. Ramsay.
42d " Davidson—H. Adams.
43d " Stokes and Forsyth—James E. Matthews.
44th " Ashe, Surry, Watauga, Yadkin and Allegha-
45th " Iredell, Wilkes and Alexander—L. Q. Sharpe.
46th " Burke, McDowell and Caldwell—S. J. Neal.
48th " Rutherford, Polk and Cleaveland—
49th " Buncombe, Henderson and Madison—
50th " Macon, Haywood Cherokee, Clay and Jack-

M. F. Arendell, Senator elect from the 14th District, made
an explanatory statement as to the irregularity of his election,
and was, on motion of Mr. Graham, there being no objection,
admitted to qualify and take his seat.

On motion of Mr. Hall, L. Q. Sharpe was admitted also to
qualify and take his seat, there being some informality as to
his certificate of election.
A quorum being present, Mr. Ramsay nominated Giles Mebane, of Alamance, for Speaker of the Senate.

Mr. Faison added to the nomination the name of W. B. Wright, of Cumberland and Harnett.

The Senate voted as follows:


For W. B. Wright.—Messrs. Ellis, Faison, Young.—3.

The following Senators voted for Hon. Wm. A. Graham, to wit:

Messrs. Harris, Mebane, Murrill and Taylor, of Nash.—4.

Messrs. Dickson and White voted for Mr. Hall; and Messrs. Lindsay, Slaughter and Bagley for Mr. Warren.

Mr. Mebane having received a majority of the votes given, and being elected Speaker of the Senate, was conducted to the chair by Messrs. Hall and Ramsay and made an appropriate address.

On motion of M. F. Arendell, Mr. C. R. Thomas, of Carteret, was put in nomination for Principal Clerk of the Senate, and upon there being no other nomination made, on motion of Mr. Graham, Mr. Thomas was elected by acclamation, Principal Clerk.

Mr. Lassiter nominated Mr. L. C. Edwards, of Granville, for Assistant Clerk of the Senate, and on motion of Mr. Arendell, Mr. F. D. Koonce, of Jones, was added to the nomination, whereupon the Senate voted as follows:

For L. C. Edwards.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Bagley, Graham, Harriss, Holeman, Jarratt, Lassiter, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Neal, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Taylor, of Nash, Warren, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young.—29.
For F. D. Koonce.—Messrs. Arendell, Dickson, Ellis, Faison, Murrill and White.—6.

Mr. Edwards having received a majority of the votes cast was declared elected Assistant Clerk of the Senate.

The Senate now proceeded to the election of Principal Door-keeper.

Mr. Graham nominated Wm. R. Lovell, Mr. Russ nominated Wm. J. Page, and Mr. Harris nominated Mr. Winston.

The Senate voted as follows:

For Wm. J. Page.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Guilford, Dickson, Ellis, Faison, Hall, Holeman, Lane, Lassiter, Murrill, Powell, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Nash, White, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young.—22.

For Wm. R. Lovell.—Messrs. Bagley, Graham, Jarratt, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Neal, Patrick, Ramsay, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith, of Macon, Taylor, of Chatham and Warren.—14.

For Mr. Winston.—Messrs. Arendell, Harris and Whitford.—3.

Mr. Page, having received a majority of the votes given, was declared elected Principal Door-keeper of the Senate.

Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, nominated C. C. Tally for Assistant Door-keeper, and Messrs. Wicker, Powell and Jordan were severally added to the nomination, whereupon the Senate voted as follows:

For C. C. Tally.—Messrs. Arendell, Dickson, Ellis, Faison, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Lane, Murrill, Sanders, Simpson, Smith, of Macon, Taylor, of Chatham, Taylor, of Nash, Whitford, White, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young.—20.

For Mr. Wicker.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Lassiter, Ramsay, Russ and Sharpe.—7.

For Mr. Powell.—Messrs. Bagley, Lindsay and Slaughter.—3.

For Mr. Jordan.—Messrs. Leitch, Patrick and Warren.—3.

Mr. Tally, having received a majority of the votes given, was declared elected Assistant Door-keeper of the Senate.
On motion of Mr. Simpson, a motion was sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate had organized by the election of Giles Mebane, Senator from Alamance, Speaker; C. R. Thomas, Principal Clerk; L. C. Edwards, Assistant Clerk, and Wm. J. Page and C. C. Tally, Door-keepers; and it was ready to proceed with the public business.

On motion of Mr. Wiggins, the rules for the government of the last Senate were adopted for the government of the present Senate, until otherwise ordered.

Mr. Wiggins also moved that a committee of five be appointed to prepare and report rules for the government of the Senate, which was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Graham, a message was sent to the House of Commons; that the Senate proposes to raise a joint select committee, to consist of two on the part of each House, to wait on His Excellency the Governor, and inform him of the organization of both branches of the Legislature and of their being ready to receive any communication which he may desire to make. And on motion also of Mr. Graham, the Senate adjourned.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1862.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Skinner.

Mr. Ramsay asked leave of absence for Mr. Graham until Friday next, which was granted.

J. G. Carraway, Senator elect from the 8th District, and W. S. Copeland, Senator elect from the 5th District, severally presented certificates of election and were qualified according to law.

The Speaker announced as the committee to prepare and report rules for the government of the Senate: Messrs. Wiggins, Hall, Ramsay, Sharpe and Simpson.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they agree to the proposition of the Senate to raise a joint select committee to wait on His Excellency the Governor,
and appoint Messrs. Waddell and Williams as said Committee on the part of the House.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Hall and Sanders, as said committee on the part of the Senate.

Another message was received that their body has organized by the election of R. B. Gilliam, Speaker; H. E. Colton Principal Clerk, and John A. Stanly Assistant Clerk, and is ready to proceed to business.

Mr. Ramsay moved that a message be sent to the House, that the Senate proposes to go into an election for State Printer at 1 o'clock, which was agreed to, and Mr. Sharpe nominated W. W. Holden therefor.

Mr. Hall from the joint select committee to wait on His Excellency the Governor, stated that the committee had waited on His Excellency and that he would report in writing forthwith.

A message was received from the House, that they agree to the proposition to go into an election for State Printer at 1 o'clock, and appoint Messrs. Walser and Stanford, committee on their part to superintend the election, and inform the Senate that Willie J. Palmer has been nominated in the House.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Lassiter and Taylor of Nash as the committee on the part of the Senate to superintend said election.

A message was received from the House that they transmit an engrossed resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of W. R. Lovell," which was read first time, when, on motion of Mr. Simpson, the rules were suspended and the same was read a second and third time and passed. Also a message was received, that they transmit an engrossed resolution entitled, "Resolution to purchase a copy of the Ordinances and Resolutions of the Convention, for each member of the House and Senate and their several officers," which was agreed to, and on motion of Mr. Hall the rules were suspended, and said resolution was read a second and third time and passed.

Mr. Simpson introduced the following resolution, viz:
“Resolved, That a message be sent to the House of Commons proposing to raise a Joint Select Committee of two on the part of the Senate, and three on the part of the House of Commons, to prepare and report joint rules for the government of the intercourse between the two Houses.” Adopted.

Mr. White moved that seats on the floor of the Senate be allowed to three Reporters. Carried.

Mr. Matthews introduced a resolution entitled, “Resolution in favor of J. W. Alspaugh,” which was read first time, and on motion of Mr. Ramsay, the rules were suspended when the same was read a second and third time and passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit a message from His Excellency the Governor, and propose to print twenty copies for each member of the General Assembly and one hundred copies for the use of the Executive Office, which was agreed to.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Wright and Simpson as the Senate branch of the Joint Select Committee to prepare and report joint rules for the government of the Senate and House of Commons.

The Senate now proceeded to the election for State Printer. The vote was as follows:

For W. W. Holden.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Carroway, Jarratt, Lassiter, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Neal, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Taylor, of Nash, Warren, Wooley and Wright.—27.

For Willie J. Palmer.—Messrs. Copeland, Dickson, Ellis, Faison, Harris, Holeman, Whitford, White and Young.—9.

Mr. Hall voted for Mr. Spelman, and Mr. Murrill voted for Mr. Pennington.

Mr. Lassiter from the Committee to superintend the election of State Printer, reported that W. W. Holden received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, and is elected.

On motion of Mr. Taylor, of Nash, the Senate adjourned.
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1862.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they agree to the proposition to raise a joint select committee to prepare and report joint rules for the government of the Senate and House of Commons, and appoint Messrs. Shepperd, Amis and Keener, the House branch of said committee.

Mr. Simpson, from the Joint Select Committee to prepare and report Joint Rules for the government of the Senate and House of Commons, reported, recommending the rules which were in force at the last session.

The report was adopted.

The rules are as follows, to wit:

JOINT RULES OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF COMMONS.

1st. Each House shall perfect and finally act on all bills, resolutions and orders, before the same shall be communicated to the other for its concurrence; and, if amended in the House to which it is transmitted, it shall be communicated to the House in which it originated, asking the concurrence of that House in the amendment.

2d. In any case of amendment of a bill, resolution or order agreed to in one House, and disagreed to in the other, if either House shall request a conference and appoint a committee for that purpose, and the other House shall also appoint a committee to confer, each committee shall consist of an equal number; and they shall meet and state to each other the reasons of their respective Houses, for and against the amendment, and confer freely thereon, and make a report in writing to their respective Houses, of the results of their conference.

3d. Messages from one House to the other shall be sent by the Assistant Clerk of each House, unless otherwise ordered.

4th. When a message shall be sent from one House to the other, it shall be announced at the door of the House to which it is sent, by the Door-keeper, and shall be respectfully delivered to the Chair, by the person by whom it may be sent.
5th. After a bill shall have passed the House in which it originated, it shall be under the signature of the clerk, and engrossed under his direction and inspection, before it shall be communicated to the other House.

6th. After a bill shall have passed both Houses, it shall be duly enrolled on suitable paper by the Engrossing Clerk before it be presented for ratification.

7th. When bills are enrolled, they shall be carefully examined by a joint committee of three from the Senate and five from the House of Commons, whose duty it shall be to carefully compare the enrollment with the engrossed bills, as passed in the two Houses, and to correct any errors that may be discovered in the enrolled bills, and make their report of the said bills to the House.

8th. After examination and report, each bill shall be ratified and signed in the respective Houses, first by the Speaker of the House of Commons, and then by the Speaker of the Senate.

9th. All orders and votes of the House shall be examined, engrossed and signed in the same manner as bills.

10th. When a bill or resolution which shall have passed in one House is rejected in the other, notice thereof shall be given to the House in which the same may have passed.

11th. The Committee in each House shall in all cases make in writing a statement of facts on which their report is founded, which statement, with all other papers on which any bill or resolution may be formed, shall be transmitted to the other House.

12th. The committee on Finance shall be joint, consisting of eight members from each House.

The committee on Public Buildings and Grounds shall be a joint committee of two from the Senate and three from the House of Commons.

The Library Committee shall be a joint, standing committee of three members from each House, appointed by the Speaker thereof, respectively.

The committee on the Deaf and Dumb and Blind Asylum,
the Insane Asylum, Military Affairs, Swamp Lands, Cherokee Lands and Western Turnpikes, shall be joint standing committees, consisting each of three members from the House of Commons.

13. In all joint committees the member first named on said committee on the part of the House proposing to raise such committee, shall convene the same; and when convened they shall choose their own chairman.

Either House may make reference to any joint committee, and all reports shall be made to the House ordering such reference.

15th. Whenever either House shall order any paper or document to be printed, it shall be printed in octavo form, on good paper and with fair type; and those documents ordered to be printed by the Senate shall be printed as "Senate Documents," and those ordered to be printed by the House of Commons shall be printed as "House Documents," and numbered in regular order, except when communications are made to either House by the Governor, Treasurer, Comptroller, or Secretary of State, and are ordered to be printed, they shall be designated "Executive Documents;" and said papers and documents shall be distributed in the following manner: one copy thereof to each member of the General Assembly, one copy to the Clerks of each House for the use thereof, and ten copies shall be deposited in the Public Library and the Public Librarian required to have them neatly bound.

16th. All elections requiring a joint vote shall be viva voce, and a select committee of two members in each House shall be appointed to superintend the same in their respective Houses.

After the vote shall have been taken, said select committee shall confer together and report the result of such election to their respective Houses.

17th. The foregoing rules shall be permanent Joint Rules of the Legislature of North Carolina, until altered or amended.

Mr. Murrill presented a memorial from sundry citizens of
Onslow county, and on his motion the same was laid on the table

Mr. Taylor, of Chatham introduced this resolution:

"Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the constitutionality, expediency and propriety of so regulating the prices of all necessaries of life as to bring them within the reach of the poorer classes, and report by bill or otherwise."

The resolution was read and on his motion, laid on the table.

The Chair announced the following

STANDING COMMITTEES:

Propositions and Grievances.—Messrs. Lassiter, Arendell, Holeman, Patrick, Copeland, Dickerson and White.

Privileges and Elections.—Messrs. Wright, Russ, Wooley, Smith, of Anson, Hall, Ellis and Faison.

Judiciary.—Messrs. Warren, Wright, Leitch, Hall, Sharpe, Saunders and Slaughter.

Internal Improvements.—Messrs. Smith, of Macon, Matthews, Neal, Dickson, Lane, Taylor, of Chatham, and Ellis.

Claims.—Messrs. Ramsay, Murrill, Ellis, Jarratt, Powell, Adams, of Davidson, and Taylor, of Nash.

Education and Literary Fund.—Messrs. Leitch, Lassiter, Adams, of Guilford, Russ, Carroway and D. McD. Lindsay.

Banks and Currency.—Messrs. Bagley, Harris, Copeland, Murrill, Lane, Wooley and Taylor, of Chatham.

On Corporations.—Messrs. Arendell, Carraway, Dickerson, White, Smith, of Stanly, Simpson and Jarratt.

On Agriculture.—Messrs. Holeman, Dickson, White, Neal, Powell, Smith, of Anson, and Whitford.

Senate Branch of Finance Committee.—Messrs. Wiggins, Graham, Adams, of Guilford, Sharpe, Harris, Bagley, Faison and Young.

A communication from W. W. Holden, was received by the Chair, read and concurred in, which is as follows:
To Hon. Giles Mebane,  
Speaker of the Senate:

Sir: I beg leave to say that I accept the office of State Printer, to which I was elected yesterday by the joint vote of the two Houses of the General Assembly.

It is, perhaps, proper that I should add that I did not desire the office, and that I had asked no one to support me, nor even to put me in nomination for it.

My ordinary business as a printer and publisher requires all my time and attention, and is more agreeable and profitable to me than the office of State Printer. Indeed, on hearing that I had been elected, I determined to decline, and such was my purpose formed several months since; but, inasmuch as I have been elected, and as the public business may be delayed if I should decline, and as I am always disposed to serve my friends and the State when called upon to do so, I accept the office, and will endeavor to discharge its duties as I trust I have heretofore done, with fidelity and dispatch.

It has been suggested, on the score of economy, that it is advisable that the Legislature should take the necessary steps to have the public printing executed at the Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind, in the city.

No citizen of the State is more anxious than I am to save the public money and to lighten the burdens of the people, and no one is less disposed than I am to realize profits, at a crisis like the present, out of the State Treasury; and, without expressing an opinion as to the propriety of establishing a State Printing Office, I beg leave to say that if the Legislature should see proper to put the Asylum printing office in a condition to do the public work, I will at once, and with pleasure, retire from the office of State Printer, and shall be gratified if the plan suggested should operate in such a way as to promote the public interest.
Permit me to add, in conclusion, that I am profoundly grateful to those who voted for me for State Printer; and that I will spare neither pains nor expense to execute the work promptly and faithfully.

I have the honor to be, Sir, with much respect,
Your obedient servant,
W. W. HOLDEN.

Mr. Wiggins, from the Select Committee to prepare and report rules for the government of the Senate, reported, recommending that the rules for the government of the last Senate, be adopted as the rules for the government of the present Senate.

The report was adopted.
The rules are as follows, to wit:

RULES OF ORDER FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE SENATE.

1. It shall be the duty of the Speaker to invite the pastors of the several churches in this city, under such arrangements as they may make among themselves to perform the service of prayer, at the opening of the daily sessions of the Senate.

2. When the Speaker takes the chair each member shall take his seat, and, on the appearance of a quorum, the journal of the preceding day shall be read.

3. After the reading of the journal of the preceding day the Senate shall proceed to business in the following order, viz:

1st. The receiving of petitions, memorials, pension certificates, and papers addressed either to the General Assembly or to the Senate.

2d. The Reports of Standing Committees.

3d. The Reports of Select Committees.

4th. Resolutions.

5th. Bills.

6th. Bills, resolutions, petitions, memorials, messages, pension certificates, and other papers on the table. Then, the
orders of the day. But motions and messages proposing to elect officers shall always be in order.

4. When any member is about to speak in debate, or deliver any matter to the Senate, he shall rise from his seat and respectfully address himself to the Speaker, and shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personality; and when two or more members happen to rise at once, the Speaker is to name the one who is first to speak.

No member shall speak more than twice on the same question or nomination for office, without leave from the Senate, and when any member is speaking he shall not be interrupted by any person, either by speaking, or by standing, or by passing between him and the Chair.

5. All bills and resolutions introduced shall pass, as a matter of course, the first reading.

6. If any member in speaking or otherwise transgress the rules of the Senate, the Speaker shall, or any member may, call him to order; in which case the member so called to order shall immediately sit down, unless permitted to explain, and the Senate shall, if appealed to, decide on the case, but without debate. If there be no appeal the decision of the Chair shall be submitted to. If the decision be in favor of the member called to order, he shall be at liberty to proceed; if otherwise, and the case requires it, he shall be liable to the censure of the Senate.

7. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received but to adjourn, to lay on the table, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a day certain, to commit or to amend; which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged; and any motion to adjourn or lay on the table shall be decided without debate; and a motion to adjourn shall always be in order.

8. Questions may be stated by the Speaker sitting, but shall be put standing. Questions shall be distinctly put in this form:

"Senators! as many as are of the opinion that, (as the case may be) say Aye," and after the affirmative voice is expressed,
"As many as are of a contrary opinion, say No." If the Speaker doubt as to the voice of the majority, or a division be called for, the speaker shall call on those in the affirmative of the question to rise from their seats, and afterwards, those in the negative. If the speaker still doubt, or a count be required, the speaker shall name two members, one from each side, to tell the number in the affirmative, which being reported he shall then name two others, one from each side to tell those in the negative, which being also reported he shall state the decision to the Senate and announce the decision. No member who was without the bar of the Senate when any question was put from the Chair, shall enter his yea or nay without leave, unless he shall have been absent on some committee—and the row of pillars shall be the bar of the Senate.

9. When any member shall make a motion, which is not of course, he shall reduce the same to writing, if required.

10. In all cases of election by the Senate, the Speaker shall vote; and when, on a division, there shall be an equal number of votes, the Speaker shall decide the question. In no other case shall he vote, unless his vote, if given to the minority, will make the division equal, and when an equal division is produced by the Speaker's vote the question shall be lost.

11. No member shall depart the service of the Senate without leave, or receive pay as a member for the time he is absent.

12. Petitions, memorials and other papers addressed to the Senate, shall be presented by the Speaker, or by a member in his place, a brief statement of the contents thereof shall verbally be made by the introducer, and the petition, memorial or other paper, shall not be read, unless so ordered by the Senate.

13. Resolutions for the appropriation of public money, and all other resolutions of a public nature, as well as all bills, shall be read the first time for information, and upon this reading shall not be subject to amendment, but may be amended on the second and third readings. And the Clerk shall keep a
calendar of all such resolutions and bills, with the order taken on each, in the order in which they are introduced, and they shall be taken up and considered as they stand on the calendar, unless otherwise ordered; and the calendar shall be daily revised and kept on the Speaker's table for the inspection of members, and all bills shall be numbered and dispatched in the order in which they stand upon the calendar.

14. All bills of a public nature, when ready for the second reading, shall be noted as having been read at least one day previous thereto, and then shall be first read for information, and then paragraph by paragraph, and held open for amendment.

15. After a bill or resolution has been once rejected, postponed indefinitely or to a day beyond the session, another of like provision shall not be introduced during the session.

16. When a question has been once decided, it shall be in order for any member in the majority to move a reconsideration thereof, on the same or succeeding day, if the bill, resolution or paper upon which the question has been taken be in possession of the Senate; and no bill or resolution of a public nature shall be sent from the Senate until 12 o'clock the succeeding day; but when the motion to reconsider is laid on the table, it shall not again be called up.

17. When an amendment to be proposed to the Constitution is under consideration, a concurrence of two-thirds or three-fifths of the members present shall not be required to decide any questions for amendments or extending to the merits short of the final question.

18. When a question may have been decided by the Senate, in which three-fifths or two-thirds of the members present are necessary to carry the affirmative, any member who voted on that side which prevailed in the question, may be at liberty to move a reconsideration; and a motion for reconsideration shall be decided by a majority of votes.

19. The Speaker shall examine and correct the journal before it is read; he shall have the general direction of the Hall; he shall designate who shall compose all committees, except
when otherwise ordered; and the select committees of the Senate shall consist of five members.

20. There shall be appointed by the Speaker the following committees, viz:
   A Committee on Propositions and Grievances.
   A Committee on Privileges and Elections.
   A Committee on Claims.
   A Committee on the Judiciary.
   A Committee on Internal Improvements.
   A Committee on Education and the Literary Fund.
   A Committee on Banks and Currency.
   A Committee on Corporations.
   A Committee on Military Affairs, and
   A Committee on Agriculture, consisting of seven members each.

21. When the Senate resolves itself into a committee of the whole, the Speaker shall leave the Chair and appoint a Chairman; and when upon any other occasion the Speaker wishes to leave the Chair he shall appoint a Speaker pro tem.

22. When a petition, memorial or other paper addressed to the Senate shall have been referred either to one of the standing or select committees, they shall, in their report on the petition, memorial or other paper, make a statement in writing of the facts embraced in the case referred.

23. In case of any disturbance or disorderly conduct in the lobby or gallery, the Speaker or Chairman of the committee of the whole, shall have power to have the same cleared.

24. No person except members of the House of Commons, Officers and Clerks of the two Houses of the General Assembly, Judges of the Supreme and Superior Courts, Officers of the State resident at the seat of Government, members of Congress, persons particularly invited by the Speaker, and such gentlemen as have been members of either House of the Legislature, shall be admitted within the Hall of the Senate.

25. Any member dissatisfied with the decision of the Speaker on any question of order, may appeal to the Senate.
26. When the Senate adjourns, the members shall keep their seats until the Speaker leaves the Chair.

27. Saturday in every week shall be set apart for the consideration of private bills and private business, in preference to any other, unless otherwise determined by the majority of the Senate, and the Clerk shall keep a Senate calendar of the same.

28. The rules for the government of the Senate shall not be amended or altered without giving at least one day's notice of such amendment or alteration, nor without the consent of two-thirds of the members present; but the rules may be suspended temporarily for a special purpose by the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

The Speaker announced as the committee on enrolled bills for the present week, Messrs. Ramsay, Ellis and Wright.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they propose to the Senate to raise a joint select committee of two on the part of each House to wait on his Excellency, the Governor, and inform him that the General Assembly is now prepared to receive from him in person any communication that he may desire to make, which the public interest may render it proper to consider in secret session.

The message was agreed to, and the Speaker announced Messrs. Bagley and Russ, as the Senate branch of said committee.

Mr. Sharpe introduced a resolution as follows, to-wit:

Resolved, That a message be sent to the House of Commons proposing to print in pamphlet form, for the use of the Members and various Departments and each of the Clerks of the Legislature, the Constitution of the Confederate States, the Bill of Rights and Constitution of the State, as amended by the Convention, the Rules of Order of the two Houses, the Joint Rules, the Standing and Select Committees, also, the names of the members of both Houses, the names of the counties represented and the post offices nearest the residence of each member. Adopted.

Mr. Murrill also introduced the following resolutions, to-wit:
Whereas, The Confederate Congress, in an act known as the "Military Exemption Bill," by the exemption of such persons as may be the owners of twenty or more negroes, and also such as own 500 head of cattle, 500 head of sheep, or 250 head of horses or mules, have in the opinion of this General Assembly, made unjust discrimination between such persons and their less fortunate fellow-citizens, contrary to the spirit of our institutions, and in direct violation of the 3rd section of our Bill of Rights, declaring "that no man or set of men are entitled to exclusive or separate emoluments or privileges from the community, but in consideration of public services. Therefore be it

Resolved by the General Assembly, That we do not believe there exists a necessity for such distinctions, and we most respectfully ask our Senators and Representatives in Congress to bring the matter to the consideration of Congress, and urge a repeal of said claims at the earliest possible day.

Resolved, That the Speaker be requested to transmit a copy of these resolutions to our members in Congress immediately after their adoption.

The foregoing resolutions were read first time, and, on motion of Mr. Warren, laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, the resolution introduced to-day by him was taken from the table and referred to the committee on Judiciary.

Mr. Russ, from the Joint Select committee, to wait on his Excellency, the Governor, reported that the committee had waited on his Excellency, and that he would meet and communicate with the Senate at 1 o'clock P. M.

On motion of Mr. Sharpe, the Senate took a recess until 1/4 to 1 o'clock.

The Senate, at 1 o'clock, having resumed business, a message was received from the House of Commons, that they agree to the proposition of the Senate to print the Constitution of the Confederate States, the Constitution of North Carolina, as amended by the Convention, the Joint Rules, &c.

Another message from the House was received, that they
invite the Senate to meet them in the Commons Hall in conference with his Excellency, the Governor, at 1 o'clock P. M.

A message was sent to the House that the Senate accepts their invitation, and the hour of one having arrived, the Senate, with his Excellency, the Governor, proceeded to the Commons Hall.

On the return of the Senate to their Chamber, Mr. Simpson moved to adjourn until to-morrow morning 10 o'clock. Adjourned accordingly.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1862.

Wm. M. Shipp, Senator elect from the 49th District, presented his certificate of election and qualified according to law.

Mr. Ramsay moved to reconsider the vote by which the report of the committee on Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Commons was adopted. Carried. Mr. Ramsay now moved, further, that the report of the said Committee be recommitted to them, and that the House of Commons be informed thereof, which also was carried, and a message accordingly was sent to the House.

Mr. Wooley introduced this resolution:
"Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire as to the expediency of establishing an additional judicial circuit in North Carolina, and that they report by bill or otherwise."

And the same was adopted.

Mr. Sharpe introduced a resolution entitled a "Resolution in favor of sheep," which is as follows:
"Resolved, That the Committee on Finance be instructed to levy a tax upon all the dogs, except one that any citizen may deem proper to keep about his premises, of not less than five dollars per head. Adopted.

Also, Mr. Sharpe introduced the following resolutions, to wit:
Resolved, by the General Assembly of North Carolina, That we cordially approve of the course pursued by His Excellency, Governor Vance, the object of which is to furnish our soldiers with clothing and other necessaries.

Resolved, That North Carolina is ready and willing to make any sacrifice, no matter how great, of both blood and treasure, that may be necessary to insure the independence of the Southern Confederacy. Read and laid on the table.

Mr. Lassiter introduced a bill entitled, "A Bill to prevent speculation in corn, flour, bacon, &c," which was read first time and referred on motion of Mr. Sharpe, to the Committee on the Judiciary; also, a bill entitled "A Bill to amend the 9th and 12th sections of chapter 101 of the Revised Code, entitled "Roads, Ferries and Bridges," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the same Committee.

Mr. Lane introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to report, by bill or otherwise, such measures as they may deem necessary for the protection of Eastern North Carolina, which was adopted; also, a resolution entitled "A Resolution for preventing the distillation of grain," which was read first time and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Smith, of Anson, introduced a resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of Thomas Smith, attorney in fact of Phillip G. Smith, to refund him taxes overpaid," which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Sanders, to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Faison introduced a bill entitled "A Bill to secure the property of married women," which was read first time and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, on motion of Mr. Hall; and was also, on motion of Mr. Slaughter, ordered to be printed.

Mr. Wright moved to reconsider the vote by which the report of the Committee appointed to prepare and report rules for the government of the Senate was adopted. Carried.

Mr. Wright now moved that the clause of the rule which directs the Speaker to appoint a Committee on Military
Affairs be stricken out, which was carried, and the report of
the Committee on rules for the government of the Senate
was adopted.

Mr. Sharpe introduced a bill entitled "A Bill to repeal an
act of the last General Assembly of North Carolina, entitled
'An act to change the jurisdiction of the Courts and the
rules of pleading therein,'" which was read first time, and, on
motion of Mr. Hall, referred to the Committee on the
Judiciary.

Messrs. Sharpe, Hall and Young were announced as the
Senate's branch of the Committee to superintend the printing
of the Constitution of the State as amended by the Conven-
tion &c., under a resolution of Mr. Sharpe, introduced on
yesterday, and the House of Commons was informed thereof.

Mr. Young introduced a bill entitled "A Bill to amend the
charter of the Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio Railroad," which
was read and referred to the Committee on Internal Improve-
ments; and, on motion of Mr. Ramsay, the same was ordered
to be printed.

A message was received from the House of Commons that
they propose to go into an election for one Engrossing Clerk,
at 12 o'clock, M. Agreed to, and Walter A. Huske was
nominated by Mr. Wright, and Lewis W. Joyner's name
added, by Mr. Simpson, to the nomination, and the House of
Commons was informed thereof.

Also, received a message from the House of Commons that
they transmit sundry documents and propose to print the
same. Concurred in.

Mr. Hall presented a recommendation of the appointment
of Thomas C. Miller a Justice of the Peace for New Hanover
county. Agreed to, and the House of Commons was informed
thereof.

A message was received from the House of Commons that
they concur in the foregoing appointment.

Mr. Ellis introduced a bill entitled "A Bill to provide for
clothing N. C. Troops and for other purposes," which was
read first time and referred to the Committee on Military
Affairs; and, on motion of Mr. Ramsay, the same was ordered to be printed.

On motion of Mr. Arendell the vote by which said bill was referred was reconsidered, and, on his motion, the same was referred to a select committee. The Chair then announced said Committee, Messrs. Ellis, Lane, Young, Carroway and Wooley.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that the hour of 12 having arrived they would proceed to the election of an Engrossing Clerk.

The Senate proceeded, under the superintendence of Messrs. Wright and Faison, to the election of Engrossing Clerk, which resulted as follows:

For Walter A. Huske.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Arendell, Bagley, Carroway, Dickson, Ellis, Faison, Hall, Holeman, Jarratt, Lane, Lassiter, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Murrill, Neal, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Warren, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young.—33.


Mr. Lane introduced a bill entitled, "A bill to amend the 13th section of the 105th chap. of the Revised Code," which was read first time and referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Wright from the committee to superintend the election for an Engrossing Clerk, reported that Walter A. Huske received a majority of the whole number of votes given, and is elected.

On motion of Mr. Matthews, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning, 11 o'clock.
and M. L. Eure, Senator elect from the 3d District, severally presented certificates of election and were qualified according to law.

The Speaker announced the following, as the Senate's branch of Joint committees, to-wit:

On Deaf and Dumb and Blind Asylum.—Messrs. Aren-dell, Copeland and Taylor of Nash.

On Swamp Lands.—Messrs. Lindsay and Murrill.

On Public Buildings and Grounds.—Messrs. Lane and Jarratt.

On Public Library.—Messrs. Ellis, Patrick and Lassiter.

On Cherokee Lands and Western Turnpikes.—Messrs. Shipp, Powell and Neal.

On Insane Asylum.—Brown, Ramsay and Smith of Macon.

Mr. Ellis presented two memorials from sundry citizens of Columbus county, which were referred, on his motion, to the committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Simpson from the Joint Select committee to prepare and report Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Commons, reported, recommending the adoption of the rules of the last General Assembly with this amendment, to-wit: After the words "all orders," in rule 9, insert the word "resolutions." The report was adopted.

Mr. Smith of Macon, introduced a resolution as follows, to-wit:

"Resolved, That the committee on Military Affairs, be instructed to inquire into the expediency of granting disabled soldiers and the widows and orphans of deceased soldiers, a pension until the Confederate States' Congress shall provide for them, and that they report by bill or otherwise." Adopted.

Mr. Shipp introduced a bill entitled, a bill to be entitled, "An Act to modify and change an act, entitled, An Act to change the jurisdiction of the courts and the rules of pleading therein," which was read first time, and on his motion,
referred to the committee on the Judiciary; and on motion of Mr. White, the same was ordered to be printed.

Mr. Taylor of Chatham, introduced a bill entitled, "A Bill to repeal the 75th section of the 34th chapter of Revised Code," which was read first time, and on motion of Mr. Hall, referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Young introduced a bill entitled, "A Bill to amend the charter of the Western Plank Road," which was read first time, and referred to the committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Ramsay from the committee on Claims, reported back a "resolution in favor of Phillip G. Smith," and recommended its passage.

The resolution was read a second time and passed, and on motion of Mr. Smith of Anson, the rules were suspended and the same was read a third time and passed.

By Mr. Lassiter,

Resolved, That so much of the Governor's message as refers to the raising of ten regiments for State defence, be referred to the Joint committee on military affairs. Adopted.

Mr. Ellis introduced a resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Quarter Master General of North-Carolina be and he is hereby requested to lay before the Legislature a full and complete statement of all the transactions of his office since the commencement of the war, setting forth particularly the amount of clothing issued, to what regiments, battalions or companies, issued; the number of requisitions filled; the number of requisitions made upon his office that have not been filled; what evidence he has that the supplies sent have been received and used by the troops to whom sent; the amount of all sorts of Quartermaster's stores now on hand—setting forth particularly the amount of each kind; the number of contracts he has made for supplies in North-Carolina; the persons and parties with whom he has contracted; the amount of supplies he is likely to raise from all these sources, and the probable amount, if any, he is likely to fall short of what will be required for the use of our troops for the next six months. Adopted.
Mr. Ramsay asked leave of absence for Mr. Hall for two or three days. Granted.

On motion of Mr. Simpson, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning, 10 o'clock.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1862.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Lansdell.

The Speaker announced as the Senate branch of the Joint Committee on Military Affairs, Messrs. Eure, Young and Carraway.

Mr. Ramsay introduced a resolution, referring different parts of the Governor's message, to appropriate committees, to wit:

"Resolved, That so much of the Governor's message as relates to State defences, and the employment of slave labor for that purpose; to raising ten regiments for that purpose; to internal police regulations; to the manufacture of powder and other munitions of war; to providing clothing and subsistence for our troops and officering those in the service of the Confederate States, be referred to the committee on Military Affairs.

Resolved, That so much of the same as relates to the punishment of deserters from the army, and of those who aid and harbor them; to the right of habeas corpus and to civil and military law; to political prisoners, citizens of North Carolina, confined in Salisbury or elsewhere; to reinstating the Courts, Superior and Supreme; to the certificates of clerks to Judges; to the re-organization of the Judicial Circuits, and the creation of a new circuit, be referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Resolved, That so much of the same as relates to the State debt, currency, taxation of land and slaves; to the Board of claims, and the appointment of an Auditor of Public accounts, be referred to the Committee on Finance.

Resolved, That so much of the same as relates to the ex-
portation of flour, bacon, leather, &c., and to the distillation of spirituous liquors from grain, be referred to the committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Resolved, That so much as relates to repairing the public highways and to internal improvements generally, be referred to the committee on Internal improvements.

Resolved, That so much of the same as relates to Common Schools, and the Literary Fund, and to authorizing the Literary Board to appoint a Treasurer, be referred to the committee on Education and the Literary Fund.

Resolved, That so much as relates to repairing the public highways and to internal improvements generally, be referred to the committee on Internal improvements.

Resolved, That so much as relates to the purchase, by the State, of corn and bacon for soldiers' wives and children, be referred to the committee on Agriculture.

Resolved, That the committees above named be requested to take the subjects severally referred to them in these resolutions, into early and earnest consideration, and report as soon as practicable by bill or otherwise," which were read and adopted, and on his motion, ordered to be printed.

Mr. Murrill moved to take up the resolutions entitled "Resolutions instructing our Representatives, and requesting our Senators in Congress, to urge a repeal of certain clauses of the act of Congress known as the "Exemption act," and to refer the same to the committee on Military Affairs. Carried, and the resolution was referred accordingly.

Mr. Ramsay asked leave of absence for Mr. Adams of Davidson, until Tuesday next, which was granted.

Mr. Lane, introduced a bill entitled, "A Bill in regard to the hire of Slaves," which was read first time, and on his motion, referred to the committee on the Judiciary; and further, on his motion, was ordered to be printed; also, a bill entitled, "A Bill for the management of Insolvent estates," which was likewise read first time, and on his motion ordered to be printed, and to be referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

A message from the House of Commons was received, that they transmitted a message of his Excellency, and the report
of the Directors, &c., of the Insane Asylum, and proposing to print said report, which was agreed to.

Mr. Ellis introduced a bill entitled, "A Bill concerning Salt," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Copeland introduced a resolution entitled "A Resolution pertaining to the Militia," which was read first time, and on motion, referred to the committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Warren, from the Committee on the Judiciary, asked leave to return certain bills and a resolution and have them referred to appropriate committees. Leave granted, and on his motion, a bill entitled "A Bill to amend the 9th and 12th sections of chapter 101 of the Revised Code," was referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements; a bill entitled "A Bill to prevent speculation in corn, flour, bacon, &c.," was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs; a resolution entitled "A Resolution for the preventing the distillation of grain," was referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Russ introduced a resolution entitled "A Resolution to prohibit the transportation of articles of prime necessity beyond the limits of the State," which was read first time, and the rules were suspended and the resolution read a second time.

Mr. Young offered as an amendment the following resolution, to-wit:

"Resolved, That the Governor be and he is hereby authorized to cause to be seized any articles of provisions or clothing which may be in transitu to markets beyond the limits of this State, or which are known to be intended for markets beyond this State: Provided, that in his opinion such article or articles are necessary for the use of the troops of this State or for destitute citizens of any part of the State, and provided, further, that such articles have not been purchased for the immediate relief of special committees or persons not residing in this State," which was read and rejected.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that
they propose to the Senate to go into an election at 12 o'clock M. for Comptroller, and that C. H. Brogden is in nomination therefor, which was agreed to.

Mr. Murrill moved to amend Mr. Russ' resolution of to-day by adding after the words "force and effect of law," the words "for the space of twenty days," and Mr. Slaughter moved to add thirty days, which latter motion was agreed to.

Mr. Young now moved to amend by adding after the words "Confederate States," words "and properly accredited agents of destitute communities from other States," which was not agreed to.

Mr. Copeland moved to amend by adding this proviso: Provided, said resolution shall interfere with no articles which are being exchanged in trade between accredited agents of counties or communities from this State to other States." Not adopted.

The original resolution passed its second reading.

The hour of 12 having arrived, the Speaker announced Messrs. Lane and Taylor, of Chatham, committee on the part of the Senate to superintend the election for Comptroller, and the House was informed thereof.

The Senate proceeded to vote—C. H. Brogden being in nomination—for Comptroller.

The vote was as follows:

For C. H. Brogden—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Brown, Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Harriss, Holeman, Jarratt, Lane, Lassiter, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Murrill, Neal, Patrick, Powell, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Taylor, of Nash, Warren, White, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young—41

A message was received from the House that Messrs Grier and Kelly were the Committee on the part of the House to superintend the election for Comptroller, and that the House would proceed to vote upon the return of the messenger.
The resolution of Mr. Russ was read a third time.
Mr. Eure moved to amend by adding after the words "except articles," the words "held by," which was accepted.
Mr. Eure now offered an amendment in these words: Strike out the words "all articles of prime necessity," and insert "all articles of clothing, wool, shoes, leather, cloth of any kind, provisions, wheat, flour, meal, pork, bacon, hogs, cattle, salt or any other article of prime necessity, the product of this State."

A message was received from the House that they propose to go into an election for Solicitor of the 7th Judicial Circuit at 1 o'clock, and A. S. Merriman, Esq., of Bumcombe, is in nomination therefor, which was agreed to, and the Chair announced Messrs. Smith, of Macon, and Faison, as the committee on the part of the Senate to superintend the election.

The question recurring on the amendment proposed by Mr. Eure to the resolution of Mr. Russ, the amendment was adopted.

The rules were suspended and the resolution was read a third time and passed.
Mr. Ramsay moved to reconsider the vote just taken; Mr. Sanders moved to lay on the table his motion, which was carried.
Mr. Brown moved that the resolution be engrossed and transmitted forthwith to the House of Commons, and it was engrossed and sent accordingly.

A message from the House was received that they had appointed Messrs. Lyle and Nissen a committee to superintend the election of Solicitor for the 7th Judicial Circuit, and would proceed to vote on the return of the messenger.

Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, from the committee on the part of the Senate, to superintend the election for Comptroller, reported that C. H. Brogden received 129 votes, being a majority of the whole number cast, and is elected.

Mr. Adams, of Guilford, introduced a bill entitled "A Bill to prohibit for a limited time the manufacture of spirituous liquors from grain, amendatory of an Ordinance of the Convention
ratified the 21st February, 1862," which was read first time, and on motion of Mr. Ramsay, referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, and also, on his motion, ordered to be printed.

The Senate proceeded to vote for Solicitor of the 7th Judicial Circuit; A. S. Merrimon being in nomination—the vote was as follows:


A message was received from the House, that they transmit the House branch of Joint Standing committees; also another message was received that they propose to raise a joint select committee of five on their part, and three on the part of the Senate, to take into consideration the verbal communication of the Governor, which was agreed to.

Mr. Faison from the committee appointed to superintend the election of Solicitor for the 7th Judicial Circuit, reported that the whole number of votes cast is 127. A. S. Merrimon, received that number, and is unanimously elected.

A message was received from the House, that they request the Senate to concur with them in a resolution to proceed immediately upon the return of the messenger, to an election for Solicitor for the 1st Judicial Circuit; that Jesse J. Yates, of Hertford, had been placed in nomination. Concluded in, and Messrs. Warren and Patrick were announced by the Chair as committee on part of the Senate, to superintend the election.

A message was received from the House, that Messrs. Spruill and Riddick constitute the House branch of the committee to superintend the election of Solicitor for the 1st Judicial Circuit.
The Senate proceeded to vote, Jesse J. Yates being in nomination, for Solicitor of the 1st Judicial Circuit.

The vote was as follows:

For Jesse J. Yates.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Brown, Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Harris, Holman, Jarratt, Lane, Lassiter, Leitch, Matthews, Murrill, Neal, Patrick, Powell, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Taylor, of Nash, Warren, White, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young.—40.

Mr. Jarratt introduced this resolution which was adopted, to-wit:

"Resolved, That the Governor be requested to inform the General Assembly, at as early a day as may suit his convenience, how many troops North-Carolina has furnished for the war, how many were State troops, how many volunteers or conscripts, and what number has been retained for State service—in other words, how many troops have we in North-Carolina at this time."

Mr. Warren, from the committee to superintend the election for Solicitor for the first Judicial Circuit, reported that Jesse J. Yates, received all the votes cast, and is elected.

The Speaker announced as the committee on the verbal message of the Governor, Messrs. Brown, Lane and Jarratt.

On motion of Mr. Sharpe, the resolutions entitled, "Resolutions approving the course of his Excellency, Governor Vance," were taken from the table, and referred to the foregoing committee.

A message was received from the House, that they transmit to the Senate the resolutions, entitled, "Resolutions to prohibit the transportation of articles of prime necessity, beyond the limits of the State," and propose to amend the same by striking out the words "product of this State," by inserting after the words "cloth of any kind," the words "cotton yarns," and by adding after the words "Confederate States,"
the words "and any other State of the Confederate States," to which the Senate agreed.

A message was received from the House, that they transmit, duly enrolled and signed by the Speaker of the House of Commons the resolution entitled, "Resolution to prohibit the transportation of articles of prime necessity beyond the limits of the State," and the same was signed by the Speaker of the Senate.

On motion of Mr. Adams, of Guilford, the Senate adjourned until Monday morning, 10 o'clock.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1862.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Atkinson.

Mr. Wooley introduced a bill entitled "A Bill for the relief of debtors in certain cases," which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Dickerson, to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

The vote by which the same was referred was reconsidered, and the bill on motion of Mr. Ramsay, was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Neal asked leave of absence for Mr. Sharpe until Saturday next. Granted.

Mr. Graham introduced a resolution entitled "A Resolution in favor of Solomon Pool," which was read first time and on his motion the same, with a letter, was referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Murrill introduced a bill entitled "A Bill to amend an act entitled, 'An Act for the better administration of justice in Onslow County, and for other purposes,'" which was read first time and, on his motion, referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Matthews introduced a resolution entitled "A Resolution authorizing the Governor to send a committee to examine into the condition of the sick and wounded soldiers from North Carolina now in the hospitals of Virginia," which was
read first time and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Adams, of Guilford, introduced a bill entitled "A Bill to amend an act entitled 'An Act to incorporate the Lizzerdale Copper Company,'" passed Feb. 1859, which was read first time and, on his motion, referred to the Committee on Corporations.

The resolutions entitled "Resolutions in regard to the present condition of North Carolina Troops," were taken up, read a second time, and, on motion of Mr. Graham, referred to the Joint Committee on Military Affairs."

A message was received from the House that they transmit a message of His Excellency the Governor, and accompanying documents, to wit: the annual reports of the President and Directors, Principal, Treasurer and Auditor of the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind, and propose to print the same, which was agreed to. Also, another message that they propose to the Senate to raise a joint committee of five on the part of the House and three on the part of the Senate, to consider that portion of the Governor's Message, which relates to the act of the last session of the General Assembly, being "An act to change the Jurisdiction of the Courts and the Rules of Pleading therein," was received and agreed to. And the Speaker announced as the committee on the part of the Senate, Messrs. Graham, Wright and Wooley.

Messrs. Ramsay, Ellis and Wright were announced by the Speaker as the Senate's branch of the Committee on Enrolled Bills, for the present week.

Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, moved that a message be sent to the House of Commons that the Senate proposes to go into an election for Superintendent of Common Schools at 12½ o'clock to-day, and Calvin H. Wiley is in nomination therefore. Carried.

Mr. Ramsay introduced a resolution authorizing the Principal Door-keeper of the Senate to furnish a clock for the use of the Senate, either by purchase or otherwise.
The resolution was read first time, and the rules having been suspended, it was read a second and third time and passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they had passed, on the 18th inst, through their several readings, a resolution in favor of J. W. Alspaugh, and a resolution in favor of Philip G. Smith.

On motion of Mr. Simpson the message was laid on the table.

A message was now received from the House that they agree to the Senate's proposition to go into an election for Superintendent of Common Schools, at 12½ o'clock. Also, another message that they had appointed Messrs Walser and Vann on the committee on the part of the House, to superintend said election.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Taylor, of Chatham, and Wooley as the committee on the part of the Senate.

Mr. Warren, from the Committee on the Judiciary reported upon the bill entitled "A Bill to repeal the 75th section of the 34th chapter of the Revised Code," with a recommendation that it do not pass.

At 12½ o'clock the Senate proceeded to vote for Superintendent of Common Schools.

The vote was as follows:

For Mr. C. H. Wiley—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Graham, Harris, Holeman, Lane, Lassiter, Leitch, Matthews, Murrill, Neal, Patrick, Powell, Ramsay, Russ, Simpson, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, White, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young—33.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit for ratification a resolution entitled "A Resolution to purchase the Ordinances and Resolutions of the late Convention," and the same was signed by the Speaker of the Senate.

The Senate adjourned, on motion of Mr. Eure, until tomorrow morning 11 o'clock.
TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1862.

Prayer by Rev. Dr. Lacy.

Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, on the part of the Joint Committee to superintend the election of Superintendent of Common Schools, reported that Rev. C. H. Wiley received the whole number of votes cast, being 119, and is elected.

Mr. Lassiter, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported that the Committee had considered sundry memorials from citizens of Columbus county, praying to be protected against high prices brought about by speculation on articles of prime necessity, and recommended that suitable laws be passed to prevent speculation, &c., in accordance with the prayer of the memorialists, and asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the subject. Report concurred in, and the committee discharged as to the memorials reported on.

Mr. Eure, from the Joint Committee on Military Affairs, reported upon the resolution entitled "A Resolution authorizing the Governor to send a committee to examine into the condition of the sick and wounded soldiers from North Carolina now in the hospitals of Virginia," with a recommendation that it do not pass; he also reported back from the same committee a resolution of enquiry in behalf of disabled soldiers and the widows and orphans of deceased soldiers, and asked to be discharged from its further consideration. The committee was discharged accordingly.

Mr. Young, from the Joint Committee on Military Affairs, reported upon the resolutions entitled "Resolutions in regard to the present condition of North Carolina Troops," recommending that they do not pass.

Mr. Graham introduced a bill entitled "A Bill to allow further time for the registration of grants, conveyances, and other instruments," which was read first time, and on motion of Mr. Ramsay, referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. Young, from the Joint Committee on Military Affairs, returned a bill entitled "A Bill to prevent speculation in
corn, flour, bacon, &c.\textquotedblright; and moved to refer it to the committee on Finance, and the same was so referred.

Mr. Warren introduced a bill entitled \textquoteleft\textquoteleft A bill to transfer the jurisdiction of the courts of counties occupied or controlled by a public enemy,\textquoteright\textquoteright; which was read first time, and on his motion, ordered to be printed.

Mr. Simpson introduced a resolution instructing the Joint Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the expediency and propriety of raising a police force for the protection of the people of Rockingham county, against the revolt of slaves, &c., which was read and adopted.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit an engrossed bill entitled \textquoteleft\textquoteleft An Act for the purchase of Provisions,\textquoteright\textquoteright; which was read first time.

Mr. Ramsay introduced certain resolutions entitled \textquoteleft\textquoteleft Resolutions concerning the defence of the State, and the clothing of our troops,\textquoteright\textquoteright; which were read first time, and on motion of Mr. Eure, referred to the Joint Committee on Military Affairs.

A bill entitled \textquoteleft\textquoteleft A Bill to repeal the 76th section of the 34th chapter of the Revised Code,\textquoteright\textquoteright; was taken up and read a second time, together with the report of the committee thereon, when Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, proposed an amendment in these words: \textquoteleft\textquoteleft Strike out all after the word \textquoteleft whatsoever\textquoteright\textquoteright; in the 15th line, including the word \textquoteleft\textquoteleft aforesaid\textquoteright\textquoteright; in the 23rd line.

On motion of Mr. Murrill, the same was laid on the table.

Mr. Ramsay moved to send a message to the House of Commons that the Senate proposes to go into an election for Secretary of State, at 1 o\textquoteright;clock. Carried. And Mr. Lane nominated therefor Rufus H. Page.

Mr. Warren asked leave of absence, which was granted, for Mr. Wiggins, during three days from and after to-day.

On motion of Mr. Brown, the Senate now went into secret session.

The Senate having resumed the consideration of business in open session, a message from the House of Commons was
read that they agree to the proposition of the Senate to go into an election for Secretary of State, at 1 o'clock, and that they appoint Messrs. Manning and Richardson as the Committee on the part of the House to superintend said election.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Holeman and Copeland as the committee on the part of the Senate.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they propose that two members on the part of the House and two members on the part of the Senate, be appointed to visit Richmond and bring to the attention of his Excellency, Jefferson Davis, President of the Confederate States, the pressing necessity for troops to defend the coast of North-Carolina, and to ask of him that a sufficient number of troops be transferred to this State for that purpose.

Mr. Ramsay moved that the Senate do not concur.

The hour of 1 o'clock having arrived, the Senate proceeded to an election for Secretary of State.

The vote was as follows:

For John P. H. Russ:—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Brown, Eure, Graham, Jarratt, Lassiter, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Neal, Patrick, Ramsay, Sanders, Simpson, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Warren, Wooley and Wright.—26.

For Rufus H. Page:—Messrs. Carroway, Copeland, Ellis, Faison, Harris, Holeman, Lane, Murrill, Powell, Taylor, of Nash, White and Young.—12.

The question recurring on the motion of Mr. Ramsay, it was not agreed to.

The Senate agreed to the message.

A message was received from the House, that they propose to proceed immediately to an election for Judge of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity of the 4th Judicial Circuit; that the Honorable John Kerr is in nomination therefor.

Mr. Arendell moved that the Senate do not concur, and Mr. Graham moved to lay on the table, which, latter motion, prevailed,
Mr. Holeman from the committee to superintend the election for Secretary of State, reported that John P. H. Russ received a majority of the whole number of votes cast and is elected.

On motion of Mr. Ramsay, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning 11 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, November 26, 1862.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit an engrossed bill entitled, "A Bill to incorporate the Macon Leather Company," and engrossed resolutions entitled, "Resolutions of thanks to the officers and soldiers of North-Carolina."

The bill was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Graham, to the Committee on Corporations. The resolutions were read first time, when, the rules were suspended on motion of Mr. Matthews, and the same were read a second and third time and passed.

Mr. Smith, of Macon, from the Committee on Internal Improvements, reported upon the following bills entitled, to wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio Railroad, with a recommendation that it do pass.

A bill to amend the 9th and 12th sections of chapter 101, of the Revised Code, recommending an amendment thereto.

A bill to amend the charter of the Western Plank Road, with a recommendation that it do not pass.

Mr. Warren from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported upon the bill entitled, "A Bill to amend an act entitled, 'An Act for the better administration of Justice in Onslow County, and for other purposes,'" and recommending that it do pass. Also upon the bill entitled, "A Bill for the relief of debtors in certain cases," and recommending that it do not pass.

Mr. Warren from the same committee, also returned a bill entitled, "A Bill to repeal an act of the last General Assem-
bly of North-Carolina, entitled, 'An Act to change the Jurisdiction of the Courts and the rules of pleading therein,' and a bill entitled, 'A Bill to be entitled, 'An Act to modify and change an act entitled, 'An Act to change the jurisdiction of the Courts and the rules of pleading therein,'" and moved that they be referred to the Joint Select Committee on so much of the Governor's message as relates to the subjects embraced in the bills. The bills were so referred and the Committee on the Judiciary were discharged from their further consideration.

Mr. Arendell, from the Committee on Corporations, reported upon the bill entitled, "A Bill to amend an act entitled, 'An Act to incorporate the Lizzerdale Copper Mining Company,'" and recommended that it do pass.

Mr. Smith, of Macon, introduced a bill entitled, "A Bill amendatory of an act to incorporate the Bank of Western North-Carolina," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Banks and Currency.

Mr. Wright moved that a message be sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes to go into an election for Solicitor of 5th Judicial Circuit, at 12½ o'clock, and he nominated therefor, Ralph P. Buxton. Carried, and Mr. Smith, of Stanly, nominated Giles Leitch, Mr. Wooley nominated John W. Cameron, and Mr. Faison nominated Robert Strange, for the same.

The resolutions entitled, "Resolutions in regard to the present condition of North-Carolina troops," were taken up and read a third time, when, Mr. Graham moved to lay the same on the table, and the motion was agreed to.

A message from the House was received, that they agree to the Senate's proposition to go into an election for Solicitor of the 5th Judicial Circuit at 12½ o'clock, and appointed Messrs. Harris, of Chatham, and Kelley, the committee to superintend the election.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Wright and Smith, of Stanly, as the Senate's branch of said committee.

Also another message was received from the House that
they transmit a message from his Excellency, the Governor, together with sundry documents, and propose that a joint select committee of five on the part of the House and three on the part of the Senate, be raised, to whom should be referred the message and documents aforesaid, which was agreed to.

Mr. Lassiter moved that the reports of the commissioners on salt be printed, and the motion was agreed to.

Mr. Young introduced a resolution entitled "A Resolution in favor of John Wilkes," which was read first time, and on his motion, the rules were suspended, when it was read a second time. After some discussion, the resolution, on motion of Mr. Leitch, was laid on the table.

The Senate now proceeded, at 12½ o'clock, to vote for Solicitor of the fifth Judicial Circuit.

The vote was as follows:

For Mr. Ralph P. Buxton.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Lindsay, Neal, Ramsay, Shipp and Wright—6.


For Mr. Jno. W. Cameron.—Messrs. Arendell, Eure, Graham, Jarratt, Matthews, Patrick, Smith of Anson, and Woolley—8.

For Mr. Robert Strange.—Messrs. Brown, Copeland, Dickson, Ellis, Faison, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Lane, Murrill, Powell, Simpson, Taylor of Nash, Whitford, White, and Young—16.

Mr. Leitch voted for N. A. McLean.

Mr. Matthews moved to send a message to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes to go into an election for one Engrossing Clerk, at 1 o'clock, when

Mr. Graham moved to amend by proposing an election for two Engrossing Clerks, which was agreed to and the message was sent to the House, Mr. Russ having nominated T. H. Hill, Mr. Faison having added the name of Edward Vail, and Mr.
Mr. Matthews having added Matthew J. Moore, to the nomination.

Resolutions entitled, "resolutions authorizing the Governor to send a committee to examine into the condition of the sick and wounded soldiers from North-Carolina now in the hospitals of Virginia," were taken up and read a second time and rejected.

Mr. Wright from the joint committee to superintend the election of Solicitor for the fifth Judicial Circuit, reported that no one having received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, there is no election.

An engrossed bill entitled "An Act for the purchase of provisions," was taken up and read a second time.

Mr. Graham moved to refer it to the Joint Committee on Military Affairs, and Mr. Murrill moved to refer the same to a Select Committee consisting of Messrs. Ellis, Lane, Young, Carroway and Wooley, which latter motion prevailed.

Mr. Wright moved that a message be sent to the House, that the Senate proposes to proceed immediately to the election for Solicitor of the fifth Judicial Circuit. Carried.

A message from the House was received that the House refuses to concur in the proposition of the Senate to go into an election of two Engrossing Clerks at 1 o'clock, &c.

Mr. Graham introduced a resolution instructing the Joint Committee on Military affairs to inquire in relation to a supply of ammunition for the people of the State, which was read and adopted.

A message from the House was received that they concur with the Senate in the proposition to proceed immediately to an election for Solicitor of the fifth Judicial Circuit, and appoint Messrs. Love and Sherwood the committee on their part to superintend said election.

The Speaker announced as the committee on the part of the Senate, Messrs. Harris and Sanders. And the Senate proceeded to the election.

The vote was as follows:

For Ralph P. Buxton.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of
Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Lindsay, Neal, Ramsay, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Macon, Taylor, of Chatham, and Wright.—11.

For John W. Cameron.—Messrs. Arendell, Graham, Jarrett, Matthews, Patrick and Smith, of Anson.—6.

For Giles Leitch.—Messrs. Bagley, Carroway, Eure, Lasiter, Russ, Sanders, Smith, of Stanly, and Warren.—8.

For Robert Strange.—Messrs. Brown, Copeland, Dickson, Ellis, Faison, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Lane, Murrill, Powell, Simpson, Taylor, of Nash, Whitford, White, Wooley, Young.—17.

Mr. Leitch voted for Rory McNair.

Mr. Graham moved that a message be sent to the House that the Senate proposes to go into an election for Judge of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity for the fourth Judicial Circuit at 1½ o'clock, and nominated therefor Hon. R. B. Gilliam. Agreed to, and Mr. Adams, of Guilford, nominated Robert P. Dick, Esq., and Mr. Hall nominated Hon. Jno. Kerr.

A message was received from the House that they concur in the Senate's proposition as to the election of a Judge of the Superior Court of Law and Equity for the fourth Judicial Circuit, and appoint Messrs. Cowles and Foy committee on the part of the House to superintend the election. And the Speaker announced as said committee on the part of the Senate, Messrs. Hall and Adams, of Guilford.

Mr. Sanders, from the committee to superintend the election for Solicitor of the fifth Judicial Circuit, reported that no one having received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, there is no election.

Mr. Matthews moved that a message be sent to the House of Commons that the Senate proposes to go into an election for Solicitor of the fifth Judicial Circuit, at 1 hour 45 minutes, P. M.; which was agreed to.

The Senate proceeded to the election for Judge of the Superior Court of Law and Equity of the fourth Judicial Circuit.

The vote was as follows:

For Honorable R. B. Gilliam.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Dick-
son, Eure, Faison, Graham, Harris, Holeman, Lane, Lassiter, Murrill, Patrick, Powell, Russ, Shipp, Warren, Whitford, Wright and Young—18.


A message was received from the House, that they concur in the Senate’s proposition to go into an election for Solicitor of the fifth Judicial Circuit at 1 hour 45 minutes P. M., and appoint Messrs. McCormick and Stancill a committee on their part to superintend the election.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Lassiter and Russ as the committee on the part of the Senate.

Mr. Young moved that a message be sent to the House, that the Senate proposes that the Speakers of each House appoint two members of their respective Houses as the joint committee under the joint resolution authorizing a committee to visit Richmond, and confer with his Excellency, the President of the Confederate States, as to the necessity for additional troops in North-Carolina, for her defence, &c. Carried.

Mr. Smith of Stanly withdrew the name of Giles Leitch, Esq., and Mr. Wooley withdrew the name of Jno. W. Cameron, Esq.

The Senate voted as follows for Solicitor of the fifth Judicial Circuit:

For Robert Strange.—Messrs. Brown, Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Ellis, Faison, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Lane, Murrill, Powell, Simpson, Taylor, of Nash, Whitford, White, Wooley and Young—18.

For Ralph P. Buxton.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Bagley, Eure, Graham, Lassiter, Matthews, Neal, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Shipp,

Mr. Arendell having voted for Mr. Buxton, changed his vote to Mr. Cameron, for whom voted, also, Messrs. Patrick and Jarratt.

Mr. Adams, of Guilford, from the Committee to superintend the election for Judge of the Superior Court of Law and Equity of the 4th Judicial Circuit, reported that Hon. R. B. Gilliam having received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, is elected.

Mr. Lassiter, from the Committee to superintend the election for Solicitor of the 5th Judicial Circuit, reported that no one having received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, there is no election.

Mr. Matthews moved to adjourn until to-morrow morning 11 o'clock, which was not agreed to.

Mr. Russ moved to send a message to the House of Commons that the Senate proposes to go immediately into an election again for Solicitor of the 5th Judicial Circuit.

Mr. Hall moved to lay on the table, which motion was not agreed to.

Mr. Arendell moved to adjourn until to-morrow morning 11 o'clock. Not agreed to, and the question recurring on the motion of Mr. Russ, it was agreed to.

Mr. Smith, of Anson, stated that Jno. W. Cameron, Esq., did not authorize the withdrawal of his name, he was still in nomination.

A message was received from the House that they concur in the proposition of the Senate, that the Speakers of each House should appoint their respective branches of a Joint Committee under the Joint Resolution to authorize each Committee to visit Richmond, &c. Also, another message was received, that the House proposes to go forthwith into an election for Solicitor of the 5th Judicial Circuit, and appoint Messrs. Welborn and Logan to superintend the election.

The Senate agreed, and the Speaker announced Messrs.
Matthews and Russ, the Senate's branch of the Committee to superintend said election.

The Senate proceeded to the election, and the vote was as follows:

For Ralph P. Buxton.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Bagley, Eure, Lassiter, Lindsay, Matthews, Neal, Ramsay, Russ, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Macon, Taylor, of Chatham, Warren and Wright.—17.

For John W. Cameron.—Messrs. Arendell, Graham, Jarrett, Lindsay, Patrick, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Stanly, and Young.—8.

For Robert Strange.—Messrs. Brown, Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Ellis, Faison, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Lane, Murrill, Powell, Simpson, Taylor, of Nash, Whitford, White and Wooley.—17.

On motion of Mr. Graham, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning 11 o'clock.

THURSDAY. November 27, 1862.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Atkinson.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Arendell and Hall as the Senate branch of the joint committee to confer with His Excellency the President of the Confederate States, upon the defences of the State, &c.

M. O. Dickerson, Senator elect from the 48th District, presented a certificate of his election, and qualified according to law.

A message was received from the House that they propose to the Senate that a joint select committee of three on their part and two on the part of the Senate, be raised, to whom should be referred so much of the Governor's Message as relates to the imprisonment of private citizens by Confederate authorities, which was agreed to.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Wright and Eure, as the Senate branch of said Committee.
Also, a message from the House was received that they transmit to, and ask the concurrence of the Senate in, certain engrossed resolutions, entitled "Resolutions declaring the separation between the Confederate and United States, final, and to sustain the President of the Confederate States and the Governor of North Carolina, &c." which were read first time and, on motion of Mr. Hall, the rules were suspended and the same were read a second time.

Mr. Matthews moved to strike out of the third resolution, line 1st, the words "power and," which was agreed to, and the resolutions, as amended, passed, and were read a third time and passed.

Mr. Eure, from the Joint Committee on Military Affairs, reported that the committee had considered the resolutions entitled "Resolutions concerning the defence of the State and the clothing of our troops," and as the object contemplated in the same would be accomplished by the joint select committee to confer with the President of the Confederate States, asked to be discharged from their further consideration.

The committee were discharged accordingly.

A message from the House was received, that they would go immediately into an election for Solicitor of the second Judicial Circuit, and Chas. C. Clark, George Green and W. J. Houston were in nomination therefore; which was agreed to.

Mr. Arendell nominated Thomas Sparrow, Esq.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Leitch and Lassiter as the committee on the part of the Senate to superintend the election.

Mr. Lassiter, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill to prohibit, for a limited time, the manufacture of spirituous liquors from grain, amendatory of an ordinance of the Convention, ratified the 21st of February, 1862," and recommended an amendment also upon the resolution entitled "A resolution for preventing the distillation of grain," and recommended that it do not pass.
Mr. Warren, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill to allow further time for the registration of grants, conveyances, and other instruments," and recommended that it do pass.

The rules were suspended on motion of Mr. Hall, and the foregoing resolution passed its several readings.

Mr. Warren, from the same committee, reported upon, recommending that they do not pass, the bills entitled "A bill in regard to the hire of slaves," and "A bill for the management of insolvent estates." Also, Mr. Warren, from the same committee, reported back the bill entitled "A bill to secure the property of married women," and asked to be discharged from its further consideration.

The committee were so discharged.

Received a message from the House of Commons, that the House appoints Messrs. Foy and Robbins committee on their part to superintend the election of Solicitor of the second Judicial Circuit.

Also, another message, that the House proposes to the Senate to go into an election at 1 o'clock P.M., for Confederate States' Senator, and that Hon. Wm. A. Graham and Hon. George Davis are in nomination; which was agreed to.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Harris and Simpson as the committee on the part of the Senate to superintend the election.

The Senate proceeded to vote for Solicitor of the second Judicial Circuit.

The vote was as follows:

For W. J. Houston.—Messrs. Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Ellis, Faison, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Lane, Lassiter, Murrill, Simson, Smith, of Anson, Taylor, of Chatham, Taylor, of Nash, White, Wooley, Wright and Young—19.

For Chas. C. Clark.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Bagley, Dickson, Eure, Graham, Jarratt, Leitch, Matthews, Neal, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Sharpe, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, and Warren—21.
For Thomas Sparrow.—Messrs. Arendell, Lindsay and Powell—3.

For George Green.—Mr. Whitford—1.

Mr. Matthews, from the Committee to superintend the election for Solicitor of the 5th Judicial Circuit, reported that Ralph P. Baxton, Esq., received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, and is elected.

Mr. White introduced a bill entitled "A Bill to construct a Railroad from Dallas, in Gaston county, via Lincolnton to Newton, in Catawba county," which was read first time, and referred, on motion of Mr. Simpson, to the Committee on Internal Improvement.

Mr. Lassiter, from the Committee to superintend the election for Solicitor of the 2nd Judicial Circuit, reported that Chas. C. Clark, Esq., received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, and is elected.

Mr. Powell introduced a resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of S. S. Hicks," which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Lane, to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Smith, of Macon, introduced a bill entitled "A Bill to provide for the better management of the Western Turnpike Road," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Cherokee Lands and Western Turnpikes.

Mr. Ramsay introduced a resolution that a message be sent to the House of Commons that the Senate proposes to raise a Joint Select Committee to consist of three on their part and five on the part of the House to inquire whether the office of Attorney General and the office of Adjutant General have not been vacated by their incumbent's acceptance of office in the Confederate army. Adopted.

Received from the House a message that Messrs. Shober and Russell, of Craven, are the Committee on the part of the House to superintend the election for Senator of the Confederate States.

On motion of Mr. Lassiter, the vote by which the reports of the Commissioner of Salt Works, were ordered to be
printed, was reconsidered, and on his motion, was laid on the table.

The bills entitled "A bill to amend an act entitled 'an act to incorporate the Lizzardale Copper Company, passed February '59,'" and "A Bill to amend the charter of the Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio Railroad," were read a second time and passed.

The bill entitled "A Bill to amend the charter of the Western Plank Road," was read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Young, recommitted to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

A message from the House was received that they concur in the proposition of the Senate to raise a Joint Select Committee of five on the part of the House and three on the part Senate to inquire whether the offices of Attorney General and Adjutant General are not vacant, and propose to amend by including in the inquiry the office of Solicitor of the 4th Judicial Circuit.

The bill entitled "A Bill to amend the 9th and 12th sections of chapter 101 of the Revised Code," was read a second time, and the amendment recommended by the Committee on Internal Improvements adopted, to-wit: strike out all in sec. 2nd after the words "sole judge," including the word "and" to the word "roads." The bill then passed as amended.

The Senate proceeded to vote for Confederate States' Senator. The vote was as follows:

For Hon. Wm. A. Graham.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Brown, Carroway, Dickerson, Eure, Jarratt, Lassiter, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Neal, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Taylor, of Nash, Warren, Wooley and Wright.—31.

For Hon. George Davis.—Messrs. Copeland, Dickson, Ellis, Faison, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Lane, Murrill, Powell, Whitford, White and Young.—13.

Mr. Simpson, from the committee to superintend the
election of Confederate States’ Senator reported that Hon. Wm. A. Graham received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, and is elected.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit an engrossed bill entitled “A Bill in reference to the salaries of the Judges of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity,” which was read first time and, on motion of Mr. Graham, referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, another message was received from the House that they transmit certain enrolled resolutions for ratification, to wit: “Resolution in favor of W. R. Lovell,” “Resolution in favor of Philip G. Smith,” and “Resolution to pay J. W. Alspaugh for his services as Clerk at the opening of the session,” which were severally signed by the Speaker of the Senate.

The bill entitled “A Bill to amend an act entitled ‘An act for the better administration of justice in Onslow county, and for other purposes,’ was read second time and passed.

The bill entitled “A Bill for the relief of debtors in certain cases,” was read a second time, and, on motion of Mr. Warren, laid on the table.

Mr. Graham asked leave of absence for Mr Young from and after to-day, until Tuesday next, and Mr. Eure asked leave of absence for Mr. Faison until Monday next, from and after to-day. Granted, and on motion of Mr. Sharpe, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning 11 o’clock.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1862.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Hardie.

The Speaker announced as the Senate Branch of the joint select committee to inquire whether the offices of Attorney General, Adjutant General and Solicitor of the fourth Judicial Circuit were vacant, Messrs. Graham, Brown and Ramsay.

Mr. Warren, from the Committee on the Judiciary, repor-
ted upon the bill entitled "A Bill to amend the 13th section 105th chapter of the Revised Code," and recommended amendments thereto.

Mr. Wright, from the same committee, reported upon the engrossed bill entitled "A Bill in reference to the salaries of the Judges of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity," and recommended that it do pass.

Mr. Ellis, from the Select Committee, to whom had been referred a bill entitled "A Bill to provide for clothing North Carolina troops," and an engrossed bill entitled "An Act for the purchase of provisions," reported upon the former with a recommendation that it do not pass, and the latter, with an amendment to strike out all after the words "An Act," and insert, as an amendment, a substitute offered by the committee. On motion of Mr. Brown the substitute was ordered to be printed, and the bill was postponed until Monday and made the order of the day for 12 o'clock. Mr. Ramsay moved to take from the table the reports of the commissioners on salt works &c., and refer the same to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances," which was agreed to.

Mr. Shipp moved to take up and refer to the Committee on the Judiciary the bill entitled "A bill to transfer the Jurisdiction of the Courts of counties occupied or controlled by a public enemy," and the bill was so referred.

Mr. White introduced a bill entitled "A Bill to amend the ordinance of the Convention entitled, 'An Ordinance to make some provision for the families of soldiers dying in service,' ratified the 22d February, 1862, and for other purposes," which was read first time, and, on his motion referred to the Joint Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. Ramsay: "Resolved, That so much of the Governor's message as relates to salt, be referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances." Adopted.

A resolution entitled "A Resolution for preventing the distillation of grain," was read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Sharpe, laid on the table.

The bills entitled "A Bill to amend an act entitled 'An Act
to incorporate the Lizzardale Copper Company,”” and “A
Bill to amend the charter of the Atlantic, Tennessee and
Ohio Railroad,” were read third time and passed.

A bill entitled “A Bill to amend the 9th and 12th sections
of chapter 101 of the Revised Code,” entitled “Roads, Fer-
ries and Bridges,” was read a third time.

Mr. Murrill moved to strike out all after the enacting clause
and insert as follows: That sections 7th to the 43rd, inclusive
of chapter 101 of the Revised Code, entitled “Roads, Ferries
and Bridges,” be and the same are hereby repealed.

Be it further enacted, That the several Courts of Pleas and
Quarter Sessions, shall, at the first court which shall be held
after the first day of January next, appoint some suitable
person to act as Road Commissioner, whose duty it shall be
to let out the roads in said county in such portions as the
court may direct, to the lowest bidder, that is to say, to the
person who will keep said portions of the road in good repair
for one year for the least sum of money; he entering into
bonds payable to the State of North Carolina, with two or
more good securities and tested by the Road Commissioner,
in double the amount agreed upon, for the faithful perform-
ance of his duty.

Be it further enacted, That the several courts aforesaid shall
have power, and are hereby authorized and required at their
first meeting, after the first day of January next, to levy a
tax upon all wagons, carts, carriages, buggies, sulkies and
horses, (in proportion to their use and carriage) sufficient to
pay for keeping the roads in good repair.

Be it further enacted, That said tax shall be considered
a part of the tax for county purposes, and be collected by
the sheriffs as other county taxes are collected.

Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from
and after its ratification.

Mr. Sharpe moved to re-commit the bill to the Commi-
tee on Internal Improvements, which was not agreed to.

The question being upon striking out, it was decided in the
negative.
Mr. Graham moved to insert the words "Ministers of the Gospel," after the word "except" in section 2nd line 7th, which was agreed to.

Mr. Copeland moved to amend as follows:

*Be it further enacted*, That section 7th of chapter 101 of the Revised Code, be amended so that overseers of public roads shall receive such compensation for their services as the County Court may allow. Not agreed to.

Mr. Murrill moved to amend by adding as follows:

"*Be it further enacted*, That section 40th of chapter 101 of the Revised Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed." Not agreed to.

Mr. Smith, of Macon, proposed an additional section as an amendment, as follows:

"*Be it further enacted*, That all laws or parts of laws which come in conflict with this act, be and the same are hereby repealed." Which was not agreed to.

A message was received from the House that they propose to the Senate to go immediately into the election of one Engrossing Clerk, and that Messrs. M. J. Moore, Edward Vail, Jos. J. Anderson and Duncan G. McRae are in nomination therefor.

Mr. Copeland moved to amend by striking out "one" and inserting "two" before the words "engrossing clerks." Agreed to, and Mr. Russ nominated T. H. Hill, and the House were informed of the same.

The question recurring on the passage of the bill last taken up, Mr. Lane moved to amend by striking out in line 7 the number "14" and inserting "17," and in line 9 the number "16" and inserting "18," which was agreed to, and the bill as amended passed.

A message from the House was received that they concur in the Senate's proposition to go into an election for two Engrossing Clerks, and appointed Messrs. Hampton and Russel, of Craven, Committee on their part to superintend the election.

The Senate agreed, and the Speaker announced as the
Committee to superintend the election, on the part of the Senate, Messrs. Copeland and Jarratt.

The election was proceeded to with the following result:

For Mr. Edward Vail.—Messrs. Adams, of Guilford, Brown, Copeland, Dickson, Ellis, Eure, Harriss, Holeman, Lane, Murrill Powell, Smith, of Anson, Whitford, White and Wright—15.

For Mr. Matthew J. Moore.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Bagley, Carroway, Dickson, Dickerson, Graham, Holeman, Jarratt, Lassiter, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Murrill, Neal, Patrick, Powell, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Warren, White and Wooley—31.

For Mr. T. H. Hill.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Bagley, Brown, Carroway, Copeland, Dickerson, Ellis, Eure, Graham, Harriss, Jarratt, Lane, Lassiter, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Neal, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Warren, Whitford, Wooley and Wright—34.

A message was received from the House, that they concurred in the report of the Joint Committee on Finance, and that they send the same to the Senate for their action.

The report was read and concurred in by the Senate.

The Bill entitled, "A Bill to secure the property of married women," was taken up and passed over informally.

The bill entitled, "A Bill for the management of Insolvent Estates, was read a second time, and postponed indefinitely, on motion of Mr. Warren.

Mr. Ramsay moved that a message be sent to the House, that the Senate proposes to go into an election for Treasurer of the State, at 1½ o'clock, which was carried, and Mr. Sharpe, nominated Jonathan Worth, and Mr. Simpson nominated Daniel W. Courts, therefor.

The bill entitled, "A Bill in regard to the hire of slaves," was read second time and rejected.
A message was received from the House, that they do not concur in the proposition of the Senate to go into an election at 1½ o'clock, for Treasurer of the State.

The bill entitled, "A Bill to prohibit, for a limited time, the manufacture of spirituous liquors from grain, amendatory of an Ordinance of the Convention, ratified the 21st February, 1862," was read a second time.

Mr. Shipp moved to amend by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting as follows, to wit: "That from and after the 1st day of January, 1863, it shall not be lawful, for any person in this State, to distil any spirituous liquors, out of corn, wheat, oats, rye Chinese sugar cane, syrup, molasses, rice, or potatoes, or any mixture of any or either of them, and all persons guilty of violating this act, shall for each and every act of distillation, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be fined and imprisoned; the fine not to be less than one hundred dollars, and the imprisonment not to be less than thirty days: Provided, that any person who may have heretofore made a contract with the Confederate States' Government, may, upon application to the Governor, obtain a license to distil spirituous liquors, to fulfil such contract, from such grain or other materials procured beyond the limits of this State: And, provided further, That this act shall not be construed to repeal, amend or modify an Ordinance passed by the Convention of this State, entitled, 'An Ordinance to prohibit for a limited time, the manufacture of spirituous liquors from grain,' but said Ordinance is to remain in full force and effect, until the 1st day of January, 1863."

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force and take effect from and after its ratification.

Upon call for a division of the question, the Senate decided to strike out. The question to insert pending, Mr. Lindsay moved to amend by inserting after the words "lawful for any persons in the State," the words, "except those within the enemy's lines," which was not agreed to.
Mr. Jarratt moved to amend by striking out the words "sugar cane, seed and syrup." Not agreed to.

Mr Leitch moved to amend by striking out the words "one hundred dollars" and inserting "one thousand dollars" after the words "the fine shall not be less than." Not agreed to.

Mr. Ramsay moved to strike out the word "heretofore" in the first proviso and add after the words "Confederate States Government" in the same words, "prior to the 15th April, 1862," when Mr. Graham moved to strike out the entire first proviso, which latter motion prevailed.

Mr. Bagley moved to insert after the words "it shall not be lawful for any person in this State," in section 1, the words "except citizens of the counties of Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Gates, Chowan, Hyde and Tyrrell," which was not agreed to.

Mr. Graham moved to add after the word "ratification," in section 2, the words "and shall continue in operation until the first day of January, A. D. 1865," which was agreed to.

The question being on inserting the amendment proposed by Mr. Shipp, as amended, it was decided in the affirmative, and the bill as amended passed.

On motion of Mr. Brown, the rules were suspended, and said bill was read a third time.

Mr. Sharpe moved to amend by striking out the words "Chinese sugar cane and syrup," which was not agreed to. And the bill passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they concur in the amendment made by the Senate to engrossed resolutions entitled "Resolutions declaring the separation between the Confederate States and United States final, and to sustain the President of the Confederate States and the Governor of North Carolina."

On motion of Mr. Slaughter, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning, 10 o'clock.
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1862.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Lansdale.

Mr. Lassiter introduced a resolution requesting the Committee on Agriculture to inquire as to the expediency of limiting the cultivation and production of tobacco, which was adopted.

Mr. Ellis, from the Committee on Claims, reported upon the resolution entitled "A Resolution in favor of S. S. Hicks," and recommended that it do pass.

Mr. Ellis moved to suspend the rules in order that the resolution might be read a second time, which motion was lost.

Mr. Sharpe introduced a bill entitled "A Bill to regulate the fees of Jailors," which was read first time, and, on his motion, referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Copeland, from the Committee to superintend the election of two Engrossing Clerks, reported that T. H. Hill received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, and is elected; also that M. J. Moore received a majority of the whole number cast, and is elected.

Mr. Neal introduced a bill entitled "A Bill to incorporate the town of Marion," and, on his motion, the same having been read first time, was referred, together with a memorial from sundry citizens of McDowell County, to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. Adams, of Guilford, introduced a bill entitled "A Bill in regard to witnesses attending courts beyond the limits of their county," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The bill entitled "A Bill to amend the 13th section of the 105th chapter of the Revised Code," was read a second time, and the amendments recommended by the Committee on the Judiciary were adopted, as follows: After the word "courts" strike out the words "in the State" and insert "a majority, or twelve of the Justices, being present;" after the word "bonds" insert the words "hereafter to be executed;" before the word "thousand" strike out "fifty" and insert
"thirty," and after the word "dollars" insert the word "each." The bill as amended passed its second reading.

The bill entitled "A Bill to provide for clothing North-Carolina Troops and for other purposes," was taken up and its further consideration postponed, on motion of Mr. Ellis, until Monday next.

The bill entitled "A Bill to amend an act entitled 'An Act for the better administration of justice in Onslow county and for other purposes,'" was read a third time and passed.

Resolutions entitled "Resolutions concerning the defence of the State and the clothing of our troops," were read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Ramsay, laid on the table.

The engrossed bill entitled "A Bill in reference to the salaries of the Judges of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity," was read a second time.

Mr. Bagley moved to amend by including within the provisions of the bill, Solicitors; which was not agreed to.

Mr. Ramsay moved to amend by adding a proviso to the 1st Section, as follows: "Provided, the amount of the salary does not exceed the sum of one thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars for each Judge," and it was not agreed to.

The question being on the passage of the bill upon its second reading, Mr. Warren asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,

Those who voted in the negative, are,

Mr. Ramsay having voted aye, changed his vote, stating that he desired to move a re-consideration of the bill.

A message was received from the House that they ask the
concurrency of the Senate in a proposition to adjourn *sine die* on the 22nd day of December next.

On motion of Mr. Warren, the message was laid on the table.

A message was received from the House that they transmit an engrossed bill entitled "An Act to amend the 102nd chapter of the Revised Code." The bill was read first time.

Mr. Whitford introduced a bill entitled "A Bill for the benefit of Justices of the Peace, refugees from their counties," which was read first time, and on motion, referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Copeland from and after to-day until Wednesday next, on motion of Mr. Holeman; to Mr. Lane until Monday week, on motion of Mr. White; to Mr. Warren indefinitely, on motion of Mr. Wright; to Mr. Bagley from and after Monday until Wednesday, on motion of Mr. Warren.

Mr. Wright moved to reconsider the vote upon the bill entitled "A Bill to amend the 9th and 12th sections of chapter 101, of the Revised Code, entitled "roads, ferries and bridges;"” which was lost.

On motion of Mr. Slaughter, the Senate adjourned until Monday morning 11 o'clock.

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**MONDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1862.**

Edwin D. Drake, Senator elect from the 27th District, presented a certificate of his election and qualified according to law.

Mr. Dickerson presented a petition from Jesse Western, a free man of color, praying to be made by law, a slave of Joseph L. Hampton, which, on motion of Mr. Graham, was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Graham introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on the Judiciary, to inquire into the expediency of providing by law for a more speedy and simple remedy by
landlords for the recovery of possession of lands against tenants holding over, after the expiration of their terms; which was adopted.

By Mr. Lassiter, "Resolved, That a message be sent to the House of Commons that the Senate proposes to raise a Joint Select Committee of seven on the part of the House and five on the part of the Senate, to whom should be referred the message of his Excellency, the Governor, on the subject of salt, and whose duty it should be to inquire and report as early as practicable, what legislation is necessary to aid in securing to the people of North Carolina a sufficient supply of that article." Adopted.

Mr. Lassiter also introduced a resolution entitled "A resolution in favor of Thomas E. and C. W. Skinner, Jr.," which was read first time, and, on his motion, referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Ellis introduced a resolution, entitled "A resolution in favor of Lewis Williamson," which was read first time, and, on his motion, referred to the same committee.

The bill entitled "A bill to amend the 13th section of the 105th chapter of the Revised Code," was read a third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Graham, the foregoing bill was reconsidered and amended by striking out "thirty thousand" and inserting "fifty thousand," before the word "dollars," as the amount of the Sheriff's bond; and the title was amended to be "A bill amendatory of the law in relation to Sheriff's bonds." The bill, as amended, passed.

Mr. Ramsay moved to reconsider the vote by which was rejected the engrossed bill entitled "A bill in reference to the salaries of the Judges of the Superior Courts of law and Equity." Carried, and on his motion, the said bill was made the special order for Thursday next, at 12 o'clock.

The bill entitled "A Bill to provide for clothing North Carolina Troops and for other purposes," was read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Ellis, laid on the table.

Mr. Jarratt introduced a bill entitled, "A Bill to change
the place of comparing the polls in the 44th Senatorial District," which was read first time, and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

The bill entitled, "A Bill to secure the property of married women," was taken up and postponed until Friday next, and made the order of the day for that day, at 12 o'clock, on motion of Mr. Faison.

The engrossed bill, entitled "An Act to amend the 38th Section of the 102d Chapter of the Revised Code," was read second time, and referred, on motion of Mr. Graham, to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Sharpe, by leave, introduced a bill entitled, "A Bill to authorize the County Courts to appoint Commissioners to settle estates;" which was read first time and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, on his motion.

The hour of 12 having arrived, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the engrossed bill, entitled, "An Act for the purchase of provisions," and the amendment thereto as reported by the Select Committee.

The question being on striking out all after the words, "An Act," and inserting the amendment,

The Senate refused, upon a division of the question, to strike out.

On motion of Mr. Matthews, the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning, at 10 o'clock.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1862.

E. J. Blount, Senator elect from the 11th District, and David Outlaw, Senator elect from the 7th District, severally presented certificates of election, and qualified according to law.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they agree to the proposition of the Senate to raise a Joint Select Committee of seven on their part and five on the part of the Senate, to whom should be referred so much of the
Governor's message as relates to a supply of salt, and appoint Messrs. Harrison, of Cabarrus, Allison, Henderson, Young, of Yancey, Cobb, Lane and McRae, as said committee on the part of the House.

A message was received from his Excellency, the Governor, accompanied by detailed reports from the Adjutant General's office, upon the condition of the Quarter-Master's Department, and upon the number of troops which the State has furnished to the Confederate States, the number of volunteers and conscripts, and the number, also, returned for State service, transmitted by him in reply to resolutions of inquiry, passed by the Senate calling upon the Governor and Quarter Master General for information upon the matters reported on.

The message and documents were referred, on motion of Mr. Graham, to the Joint Committee on Military Affairs.

The Speaker announced as the Committee on enrolled bills for the week, Messrs. Slaughter, Adams, of Guilford and Leitch.

Mr. Shipp, from the Committee on Cherokee Lands and Western Turnpikes, reported upon the bill entitled, "A Bill to provide for the better management of the Western Turnpike Road, with a recommendation that it do pass.

Mr. Wright, for the committee on the Judiciary reported upon the bill entitled, "A Bill to regulate the fees of Jailors," with a recommendation that it do pass; also upon the bill entitled, "A Bill in regard to witnesses attending court beyond the limits of their county," with a recommendation that it do not pass.

Mr. Lassiter introduced resolutions expressive of the satisfaction of the General Assembly, with the manner and spirit of the people, in sustaining the war, and the conduct of our troops, which were read first time.

Mr. Slaughter introduced a bill entitled, "A Bill to provide for the holding of courts in Hertford County," which was read first time, and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Smith, of Macon, introduced a bill entitled, "A Bill
to amend the 1st, 12th and 23d, Sections of Chapter 17, of the Acts for 1860-'61," which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Wright, to the Joint Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Brown was excused, at his request, from serving on the Joint Standing Committee of the Insane Asylum, and the Speaker appointed thereon, Mr. Saunders.

The engrossed bill entitled, "An Act for the purchase of provisions," having been read, as the order of the day, 12 o'clock yesterday, passed its second reading.

Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, moved that the rules be suspended, that the bill aforesaid might be read a third time, which was not agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Shipp, a message was sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes to go into an election for Counsellors of State, to day, at 12 o'clock, and that Jesse R. Stubbs, of Martin county, F. B. Satterthwaite, of Pitt, L. Eldridge, of Johnston, R. P. Dick, of Guilford, J. R. Hargrove, of Anson, Dr. James Calloway, of Wilkes, and James A. Patton, of Buncombe, are in nomination.

George F. Davidson, of Iredell, was added to the foregoing nomination, by Mr. Jarratt.

On motion of Mr. Hall the Senate went into secret session.

The Senate being now in open session, a message was received from the House of Commons that they agree to the proposition of the Senate to go into an election for Counsellors of the State, at 12 o'clock to-day, and appoint Messrs. Bond and Robinson, committee on their part to superintend said election.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Lassiter, and Young as the committee on the part of the Senate, and the Senate proceeded to vote for Counsellors of State, as follows:

For Jesse R. Stubbs—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Blount, Brown, Carroway. Dickson, Dickerson, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Graham, Holeman, Jarratt, Lassiter, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Neal, Outlaw, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe,
Slipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Whitford, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young—38.

For F. B. Satterthwaite.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Blount, Brown, Carroway, Dickson, Dickerson, Eure, Graham, Holeman, Jarratt, Lassiter, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Neal, Outlaw, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Whitford, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young—35.

For L. Eldridge.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, or Guilford, Arendell, Blount, Brown, Carroway, Dickson, Dickerson, Eure, Faison, Graham, Holeman, Jarratt, Lassiter, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Neal, Outlaw, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Whitford, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young—37.

For R. P. Dick.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Blount, Brown, Carroway, Dickson, Dickerson, Eure, Faison, Graham, Holeman, Jarratt, Lassiter, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Neal, Outlaw, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Whitford, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young—36.

For J. R. Hargrave.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Blount, Brown, Carroway, Dickson, Dickerson, Eure, Faison, Graham, Holeman, Jarratt, Lassiter, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Neal, Outlaw, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Whitford, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young—36.

For Dr. James Calloway.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Blount, Brown, Carroway, Dickson, Dickerson, Eure, Faison, Graham, Holeman, Lassiter, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Neal, Outlaw, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Shipp,
Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Whitford, Wooley and Wright—33.

For James A. Patton.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Blount, Brown, Carroway, Dickson, Dickerson, Eure, Graham, Holeman, Jarratt, Lassiter, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Neal, Outlaw, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Whitford, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young—36.

For G. F. Davidson.—Messrs. Jarratt, Smith, of Macon, Taylor, of Chatham, Wiggins and Young—5.

For Ralph Gorrell.—Messrs. Holeman and White—2.

For James Rumley.—Mr. Arendell—1.

For M. L. Wiggins.—Mr. White—1.

For R. H. Cowan.—Mr. Ellis—1.

For W. J. Houston.—Messrs. Ellis, Hall and White—3.

For Eugene Grisom.—Mr. Ellis—1.

For J. G. Yancey.—Mr. Ellis—1.

For J. A. Young.—Mr. Ellis—1.

For F. B. Miller.—Messrs. Ellis and Faison—2.

For Archibald Monk.—Mr. Faison—1.

For Daniel Dickson.—Messrs. Hall and White—2.

For Nicholas Nixon.—Mr. Hall—1.

For N. N. Freeman.—Mr. Hall—1.

For M. L. Williams.—Mr. Hall—1.

For W. W. Avery.—Messrs. Hall and White—2.

For Marcus Erwin.—Mr. Hall—1.

For Newbery Hall.—Mr. White—1.

For Thomas I. Faison.—Mr. White—1.

Mr. Ramsay moved to adjourn until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning; and the Senate adjourned accordingly.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1862.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Skinner.

The Speaker announced as the Senate branch of the Joint
Select Committee on so much of the Governor's message as relates to the subject of salt, Messrs. Shipp, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Anson, Wiggins and Powell.

Mr. Leitch, for the Committee on the Judiciary, reported upon the engrossed bill entitled "An Act to amend the 33th section of 102nd chapter of the Revised Code," with a recommendation that it do not pass; and Mr. Wright, for the same Committee, reported upon the bill entitled "A Bill to authorize the County Courts to appoint Commissioners to settle estates," with a recommendation that it do not pass.

The engrossed bill entitled "An Act for the purchase of provisions," was read a third time, when Mr. Wiggins moved to amend, by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting as follows, to-wit:

"That the sum of five hundred thousand dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated to the use and benefit of the wives and families of the volunteers and soldiers who now are or who may hereafter be in the service of the State or Confederate States.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That at the earliest practicable time, it shall be the duty of the Chairman of each Court to notify the Justices of his county to meet in the court house for the purpose of electing some person to be styled a County Commissioner, a majority of the Magistrates being present.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, as aforesaid, be equally divided amongst the several counties of the State, according to the white population, to be ascertained by the census of 1860.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That so soon as the Commissioner aforesaid shall be elected and enter into bond with approved security by the Court, it shall and may be lawful for the Treasurer of the State to pay to said Commissioner the amount due his county out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and that the Treasurer shall be allowed for the same in the settlement of his accounts.

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That at the Court and at the time of the appointment of the County Commissioner, it shall be the duty of the Court to direct and establish such
rules and regulations in the division and distribution of the money appropriated to the use and benefit of the wives and families of the soldiers as to afford the greatest relief and comfort to them, whether the same shall be paid them in the whole or in part, in cash or provisions, with power to purchase or receive produce or provisions of any kind from the State in lieu of money or such amount as the Court shall from time to time prescribe.

Sec. 6. Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from and after its passage.

The motion did not prevail.

Mr. Ramsay moved to amend by inserting after the word "compensation" in section 1st the words "whose names shall be published in the newspapers of the State;" which was agreed to.

Mr. Matthews moved to amend by adding to the first section the words "and no one who is liable to the conscript acts of the Confederate Congress shall be employed as an agent;" which was not agreed to.

Mr. Murrill moved to amend by striking out the words in section 1st "at a fixed compensation" and inserting the words "whose necessary expenses shall be paid by the State," when Mr. Graham moved to commit the bill to a Select Committee; which latter motion prevailed.

The Speaker announced as said committee Messrs. Graham, Outlaw, Wiggins, Powell and Ellis.

Mr. Ramsay moved that a message be sent to the House of Commons that the Senate proposes to go into an election for Treasurer of the State to-day at 12½ o'clock; and he nominated Jonathan Worth, and Mr. Simpson nominated Daniel W. Courts therefor. Agreed to.

Mr. Lassiter introduced a bill entitled "A Bill concerning insane persons," which was read first time, and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on the Judiciary, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. White introduced a bill entitled "A Bill to establish the Bank of Lincolnton," and presented a memorial from sundry citizens of said town, praying for the establishing a
bank therein, and on his motion, both were referred to the Committee on Banks and Currency.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit certain engrossed bills and resolutions entitled to-wit:

"Resolution in favor of Joseph Welch."
"Resolution in favor of John Fisher."
"Resolution in favor of John Fitzrandolph."
"Resolution in favor of John Blaylock."
"A Bill to authorize the Magistrates of the county of Chatham to levy a tax for the purpose of working the public roads in said county."
"A Bill concerning Justices of the Peace in Bladen county."
"A Bill in relation to the Justices in Johnston county."
"A Bill to authorize the agent of Cherokee lands to refund the purchase money in certain cases."
"A Bill to establish the Eighth Judicial Circuit and for other purposes."
"A Bill to establish a Superior Court of Law and Equity for the county of Alleghany.

The foregoing resolutions and bills were read first time, and the bill in relation to the Justices of Johnston county was referred, on motion of Mr. Sanders, to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, and the "Resolution in favor of Joseph Welch" and the "Resolution in favor of John Blaylock," were referred, on motion of Mr. Graham, to the Committee on Claims.

A message was received from the House of Commons that the House concurs with the Senate in the proposition to go into an election for State Treasurer at 12 3/4 o'clock to-day, and appoints Messrs. Allison and Russel, of Craven, a Committee on the part of the House to superintend the election.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Ramsay and Simpson as the Committee to superintend said election on the part of the Senate.

Mr. Young, from the Committee to superintend the election
of Counsellors of State, reported that Jesse R. Stubbs, F. B. Satterthwaite, L. Eldridge, R. P. Dick, J. R. Hargrove, Jas. Calloway and Jas. A. Patton, having received each respectively a majority of all the votes cast, were elected.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they propose to the Senate to go into an election for Solicitor of the Sixth Judicial Circuit at 1 o'clock P. M. to-day, and that R. F. Armfield, Walter P. Caldwell and James E. Kerr, Esqrs., are in nomination. Agreed to, and the Speaker announced Messrs. Leitch and Lassiter as the Committee on the part of the Senate to superintend the election.

Mr. Young introduced a bill entitled, "A Bill to amend the Charter of the North Carolina Powder Manufacturing Company," which was read first time, and on his motion, referred to the Committee on Corporations.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit a report of the "State of the Bank of Fayetteville," and said report was referred, on motion of Mr. Graham, to the Committee on Banks and Currency.

Mr. Lassiter, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, by leave, returned the bill entitled, "A Bill concerning Salt," and reports of commissioners of Salt works, which were referred, on his motion, to the Joint Select Committee on so much of the Governor's message as relates to the subject.

Mr. Eure, from the Joint Committee on Military Affairs, reported upon the bill entitled, "A Bill to amend the Ordinance of the Convention, entitled, 'An Ordinance to make provision for the families of soldiers dying in service.' Rati- fied 22d February, 1862, and for other purposes," and recommended an amendment thereto, and that with the amendment adopted, the bill do pass.

A message from the House of Commons was received, that Messrs Carpenter and Gilliam, of Rockingham, constitute the committee on their part, to superintend the election for a Solicitor of the 6th Judicial Circuit; also, another message was received, that the Honorable R. B. Gilliam, having resigned
as Speaker of the House of Commons, the Honorable R. S. Donnell, was elected Speaker thereof.

The bill entitled, "A Bill to provide for the better management of the Western Turnpike Road," was read a second time and passed.

The Senate proceeded to vote, the hour of 12 having arrived, for Treasurer of the State, as follows:

For Jonathan Worth.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson; Adams of Guilford; Arendell, Blount, Dickerson, Eure, Graham, Jarratt, Lassiter, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Neal, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders Sharpe, Shipp, Slaughter Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Taylor, of Chatham, Warren, Wooley and Wright,—27.

For Daniel W. Courts.—Messrs. Brown, Carroway, Cope land; Dickson, Drake, Ellis, Faison, Hall, Harriss, Holeman, Lane, Murrill, Outlaw, Powell, Simpson, Whitford, White, Wiggins and Young,—19.

Mr. Young, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported, in pursuance of a resolution of inquiry in relation to a supply of ammunition for the people of the State, a bill entitled, "A Bill to provide a supply of powder and lead, in the several counties of this State," which was read first time, when on motion of Mr. Sanders, the rules were suspended and the same was read a second and third time and passed.

Mr. Ramsay, on the part of the committee to superintend the election of a Treasurer of the State, reported that Jonathan Worth received a majority of all the votes cast, and is elected.

The bill entitled, "A Bill to regulate the fees of Jailors," was read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Wiggins, the bill was so amended as to include County Surveyors; an additional section being incorporated by acceptance of Mr. Sharpe in the bill, and it then passed as amended.

The Senate proceeded to vote for Solicitor of the 6th Judicial Circuit, as follows:

For R. F. Armfield.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams of Davidson, Adams of Guilford, Arendell, Blount, Brown, Car-
roway, Copeland, Dickson, Dickerson, Drake, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Graham, Harris, Holeman, Jarratt, Lassiter, Matthews, Murrill, Outlaw, Patrick, Sanders, Simpson, Shipp, Smith of Anson, Smith of Macon, Taylor of Chatham, Warren, Whitford, Wiggins and Wright—33.

For WALTER P. CALDWELL.—Messrs. Leitch, Neal, Ramsay, Russ, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith of Stanly, Wooley and Young.—9.

For JAMES E. KERR.—Messrs. Hall, Lane, Powell and White—4.

The bill entitled "A bill in regard to witnesses attending Court beyond the limits of their county," was read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Adams, of Guilford, laid on the table.

The resolutions entitled "Resolutions expressive of the satisfaction of the General Assembly with the spirit of the people in sustaining the war and the conduct of our troops," were read a second time and passed.

Mr. Ellis, by leave, introduced a bill entitled "A bill to provide a reserve force for State defence," which was read first time, and referred, on his motion, to the Joint Committee on Military Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Warren, leave of absence from and after to-day until Monday next, was granted to Mr. Patrick.

Mr. Leitch, from the Committee to superintend the election of Solicitor of the Sixth Judicial Circuit, reported that R. F. Armfield, Esq., received a majority of all the votes cast, and is elected.

The Senate adjourned until 11 o'clock A. M. to-morrow, on motion of Mr. Matthews.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1862.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Atkinson.

Mr. Graham, from the Joint Select Committee, raised to inquire whether the offices of Adjutant General, Attorney
General and Solicitor for the Fourth Judicial Circuit, were vacant or not, made a report and recommended resolutions declaring the said offices vacant.

The report and resolutions were read and ordered to be printed, and were made the special order for Monday next 12 o'clock.

Mr. Arendell, from the Committee on Corporations, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill to incorporate the town of Marion," and a memorial from sundry citizens of McDowell county, in relation thereto, and recommended that said bill do pass.

Mr. Lassiter, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill to provide for the holding of Courts in Hertford county," and recommended its passage.

Mr. Smith, of Anson, introduced a bill entitled "A bill to amend the charter of the Cheraw and Coalfields Railroad Company, as amended by an Ordinance of the Convention," which was read first time, and referred, on motion of Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Lindsay introduced a resolution entitled "A resolution to pay the officers and privates of J. W. F. Banks' company for their services," which was read first time, and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Sharpe introduced a bill entitled "A bill to facilitate the payment of claims for the organization and transmission of troops to the places where they were ordered by the proper authorities," which was read first time, and referred, on motion of Mr. Ramsay, to the Committee on Finance.

The resolutions entitled "Resolutions expressive of the satisfaction of the General Assembly with the spirit of the people in sustaining the war and the conduct of our troops," were read the third time.

Mr. Wooley moved to amend, by adding as follows:

"Resolved, further, That equal to our appreciation of the valor and patriotism of our troops in the field, is our admiration of the self-sacrificing and noble devotion of the women
of our country in encouraging the soldiers on their way to
the field of duty and of danger; in their untiring efforts to
supply them with every comfort which their ingenuity can
invent, and their indefatigable ministrations at the couch
of suffering, occasioned whether it be by disease or by wounds
received in defence of their country.

Resolved, further, That this devotion to the cause of Li-
berty and Independence, for which we are now struggling, is
alike sustaining to the soldier on duty, and to the patriot at
home, and inspires all with that energy and zeal which ena-
ble us to look with confidence to the successful termination
of the struggle, and to a Confederate Government established
upon an equitable basis, and entitled to the highest respecta-
bility among the nations of the earth."

Mr. Ramsay moved to amend the proposed amendment,
by striking out the word "respectability," and inserting the
word "position," in the second resolution, which was agreed
to, and the amendment was adopted.

The resolutions as amended, passed.

The bill entitled, "A bill to provide for the better man-
agement of the Western Turnpike Road," was read a third
time, and amended on motion of Mr. Shipp, by filling the
blank in section 3, with the words, "five thousand dollars,"
and passed.

The bill entitled, "A bill to amend the Ordinance of the
Convention, entitled, 'An Ordinance to make some provision
for the families of soldiers dying in the service.' Ratified 22d
February, 1862, and for other purposes," was read a second
time, together with the report of the Committee of Military
Affairs, thereon.

The amendment recommended by the Committee, was
adopted, which is, to insert after the word "amended," in
the 1st section, words as follows: "as to apply to all soldiers
who died in the service, previous to the ratification of said
Ordinance: Provided, that the bounty given by the Ordi-
nances of May 6, 1862 and May 12, 1862, and the arrearages
due to deceased soldiers, shall only be paid to the widow of
the deceased soldier, or to his children, if the wife be dead: and if the soldier leave neither widow nor children, then to his father; and if his father be dead, then to his mother: Provided further, that all persons who claim the benefits of this act, shall be subject to the provisions of the 2d section of the Ordinance to which this is an amendment.

The bill as amended passed, and the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. White, when it was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Sharpe moved to amend the title of the bill by inserting after the word "service," the words, "in relation to bounties and arrearages due, at the time of their death," which was not agreed to.

The order of the day, being the bill entitled, "A bill in reference to the salaries of the Judges of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity," was read a second time.

Mr. Murrill moved to amend by striking out all after the enacting clause, and inserting as follows: "That the 3d and 4th Sections of Chapter 102 of the Revised Code, entitled, 'Salaries and Fees,' be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Be it further enacted, That the Judges of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity, shall each have an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars, payable semi-annually, on the 1st days of January and July; and for holding a special term of the Superior Court, the Judge holding said Court, shall receive a compensation of one hundred dollars, to be paid by the county in which said special term shall be held, on the production of a certificate from the Clerk of said Court.

Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from and after the 1st day of January, A. D., 1863."

The amendment was not adopted.

The question recurring on the passage of the bill, Mr. White asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing.

Those who voted in the affirmative, are:
Messrs. Arendell, Copeland, Drake, Ellis, Graham, Hall, Lassiter, Leitch, Neal, Outlaw, Ramsay, Sanders, Shipp,

Those who voted in the negative, are:


So the bill passed its second reading.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they propose to the Senate to raise a joint select committee of five on their part and three on the part of the Senate, to whom should be referred certain bills entitled as follows: "A bill concerning extortion;" "A bill to enable the Governor to cause provisions and articles of clothing to be seized for the public use;" "A bill for the relief of wives and families of soldiers," and "A Bill defining extortion and encouraging honorable speculation;" but the Senate refused to agree.

Mr. Warren asked leave of absence for the Reading Clerk of the Senate for four days, which was granted.

The bill entitled "A bill to authorize the County Courts to appoint Commissioners to settle estates," was read its second time and rejected.

The bill entitled "A bill to authorize the Agent of Cherokee Lands to refund the purchase money in certain cases," was read a second time and passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit a message from His Excellency the Governor, and accompanying documents, and propose that so much of the message as refers to a claim of Messrs. West and Johnson, for damages alleged by reason of the violation of copyright, in publishing copies of "Volunteer's Hand Book," be referred to the Joint Committee on the Public Printing, and so much thereof as refers to the certificate of Hamilton W. Davenport and correspondence of Col. Jas. D. Radcliff, in relation to certain prisoners confined in Salisbury, be referred to the
joint select committee raised on the subject, which was agreed to, and the Senate adjourned, on motion of Mr. Graham, until to-morrow, 11 o'clock, A. M.

FRIDAY, December 5, 1862.
Prayer by Rev. Mr. Hardie.
Reports were made as follows:
By Mr. Smith, of Macon, from the Committee on Internal Improvements, recommending that the bill entitled "A bill to construct a Railroad from Dallas in Gaston County, via Lincolnton, to Newton, in Catawba County," do pass; also a report recommending that the bill entitled "A bill to amend the charter of the Cheraw and Coalfields Railroad Company, as amended by an ordinance of the Convention," do pass.
The latter bill was subsequently taken up, on motion of Mr. Smith, of Anson, and the rules having been suspended, was read a second and third time and passed.
By Mr. Lassiter, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, recommending that the bill entitled "A bill to change the place of comparing the polls in the 44th Senatorial District." do pass; also a report recommending that the bill entitled "A bill for the benefit of Justices of the Peace, refugees from their counties," do pass.
By Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, from the Committee on Banks and Currency, recommending that the "Report of the condition of the Bank of Fayetteville," be printed, which was so ordered; also reports recommending that the bills entitled "A bill to establish the Bank of Lincolnton," and "A bill amendatory of an act to incorporate the Bank of Western North Carolina," do pass.
By Mr. Wiggins, from the Committee on Finance, asking to be discharged from the further consideration of the bill entitled "A bill to prevent speculation in corn, flour, bacon, &c." The committee were discharged accordingly.
By Mr. Faison, from the same committee, asking to be
discharged from the further consideration of the resolution of inquiry entitled "A resolution in favor of sheep," and stating that provision would be made in the Revenue Bill for the object contemplated by the resolution.

The committee were so discharged.

By Mr. Warren, from the Committee on the Judiciary, upon the petition of Jesse Weston, a free man of color, praying to be made by law a slave of Joseph L. Hampton," asking to be discharged and setting forth that the General Assembly have not the power to grant the prayer of the petitioner.

By Mr. Shipp, from the joint select committee on so much of the Governor's message as relates to salt, a resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to correspond with the Railroad and Steamboat Companies connected with the city of Wilmington, and have, (if the same be practicable,) all the salt now on hand, belonging to the State, and all that may be hereafter made, transported to some point in the interior; and, that like facilities be extended to such individuals and companies as he may deem advisable."

The resolution was read first time.

Upon the rules being suspended, on motion of Mr. Shipp, it was read a second time and passed, and read a third time, when Mr. Outlaw moved to amend by inserting after the words "individuals and companies," the words, "and, also, to the agents of the different counties of the State, who are purchasing for their counties," which was agreed to.

The resolution as amended passed.

By Mr. Ramsay from the Committee on Claims, recommending the passage of the resolution entitled, "A resolution in favor of Lewis Williamson," and "A resolution in favor of Thomas E. and C. W. Skinner, Jr.

The rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Ellis, and the resolution in favor of Lewis Williamson, was read a second and third time, and passed.

By Mr. Eure, from the Committee on Military Affairs, asking to be discharged from the further consideration of the
 resolutions entitled "Resolutions requesting our Senators and instructing our Representative in Congress, to urge a repeal of certain clauses of the act known as the 'Military Exemption Act.'" The committee were so discharged.

Also, upon a resolution to refer that portion of the Governor's message which relates to State defence, that the committee have matured a bill upon the subject.

Also asking to be discharged from further inquiry as to the resolution for the protection of Eastern North-Carolina. Discharged accordingly.

By Mr. Young, for the same committee, asking to be discharged from further inquiry as to a resolution pertaining to the Militia, and a resolution to raise a police force for the people of Rockingham County. The committee were so discharged.

Also, report upon the bill entitled, "A bill to amend the 1st, 12th, and 23rd sections of chapter 17 of the Acts for 1860-'61," recommending that they do not pass.

Mr. Sanders introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on Internal Improvements to inquire whether partiality has been shown in the shipment of produce or goods on Railroads in which the State owns stock, which was adopted.

Mr. Ramsay introduced a bill entitled "A bill to amend an act entitled 'Militia Bill,'" ratified the 20th day of September, 1861, which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. White introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on Agriculture to inquire as to the expediency of prohibiting the extensive planting of cotton, tobacco, and the producing turpentine, during the war. Which was adopted.

The engrossed bill entitled, "A bill to establish the 8th Judicial Circuit and for other purposes," was read a second time and passed. The rules were suspended on motion of Mr. Graham, and said bill was read a third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Outlaw, the order of the day, being the bill entitled, "A bill to secure the property of married women," was postponed until Wednesday next, at 12 o'clock.
Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Hall until Wednesday next, on motion of Mr. Young; also, to Mr. Harris, until Wednesday next, and to Mr. Dickson until Monday next, on motion of Mr. Arendell.

The engrossed bill entitled "An act to amend the 38th section of the 102nd chapter of the Revised Code," was read a third time, and, on motion of Mr. Sharpe, laid on the table.

The engrossed bills entitled "A bill in reference to the salaries of the Judges of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity," and "A bill to authorize the Agent of Cherokee Lands to refund the purchase money in certain cases," were read a third time and passed.

The bill entitled "A bill concerning Justices of the Peace in Bladen County," was read a second time and passed.

The bill entitled "A bill to authorize the Magistrates of the County of Chatham to levy a tax for the purpose of working the public roads of said County," was read a second time.

Mr. Murrill moved to amend by striking out after the word "sections," in section 2d, the words "of five miles each," and inserting the words "in such lengths as the Justices may direct," which was agreed to.

Also to amend by adding in the same section, after "Pittsborough," "Jacksonville," which was agreed to.

The bill passed its second reading as amended.

The rules were suspended on motion of Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, and the bill was read a third time and passed.

The title was amended by inserting "Onslow" after Chatham, and passed.

The bills entitled, "A bill to provide for the holding of Courts in Hertford County," and "A bill to establish a Superior Court of Law and Equity for the County of Alleghany," were read a second time and passed.

Mr. Neal introduced a resolution entitled, "A resolution in favor of James M. Neal," which was read first time, and, on his motion, referred to the Committee on Claims.
Mr. Sharpe introduced a bill entitled, "A bill to prevent harboring deserters and resisting their arrests," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they have passed the bill entitled "A bill to prohibit the distillation of Spirituous Liquors," with certain amendments and ask the concurrence of the Senate.

On motion of Mr. Graham, the Senate did not agree to the amendments and the House was informed thereof.

Mr. Adams, of Davidson, presented the annual statement of the condition of the Bank of Lexington, and moved to transmit the same to the House of Commons with a proposition to print, which was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Outlaw, the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning, at 11 o'clock.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1862.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Landsdale.

Mr. Sharpe, for the Committee on the Judiciary, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill to prevent harboring deserters and resisting their arrests," and recommended a substitute by way of amendment thereto, and that the bill, with the amendment, do pass.

Mr. Graham from, from the Select Committee, to whom was referred the bill entitled "An act for the purchase of provisions," reported upon the same and recommended amendments thereto.

Mr. Ramsay introduced a bill entitled "A bill to amend the 102nd chapter of the Revised Code, entitled 'salaries and fees,'" which was read first time, and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Ellis introduced a bill entitled "A bill to raise a mounted police guard for Brunswick county," which was read first
time, and referred, on his motion, to the Joint Committee on Military Affairs.

The resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of John Fisher," was read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Graham, referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit to the Senate an engrossed resolution entitled "Resolution requesting the Governor to request the officers of the Confederate Government to desist from arresting our citizens, and to take such proceedings as he may deem best to put an end to the arrests," and ask the concurrence of the Senate.

The resolution was read first time, and Mr. Matthews moved to suspend the rules, which was agreed to.

The resolution was read a second time, and Mr. Copeland moved to amend by adding thereto the words "except in the vicinity of the enemy," and Mr. Outlaw moved to refer the same to a Select Committee, which latter motion prevailed.

Mr. Graham introduced a resolution as follows, to-wit:

Resolved, the House of Commons concurring, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to keep in a secure and separate repository all secret acts and resolutions of the General Assembly, to which no person shall have access except the Governor of the State or a member of his staff or his private Secretary.

The resolution was read and adopted, and a message in relation thereto sent to the House of Commons.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they decline to concur in the amendment made by the Senate to the bill entitled "A bill to authorize the Magistrates of the county of Chatham to levy a tax for the purpose of working the public roads in said county."

On motion of Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, the Senate receded from the amendments, and the foregoing bill was ordered to be enrolled.

The resolution entitled "A resolution in favor of Benjamin Fitzrandolph," was read a second time and passed; also the
The bill entitled "A bill to incorporate the Macon Leather Company in the county of Macon," was read a second time and passed.

The resolution entitled "A resolution in favor of Thomas E. and W. Skinner, Jr.," was read a second time and passed, and the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Ramsay, when it was read a third time and passed. Also the resolution entitled "A resolution in favor of S. S. Hicks" was read a second time and passed, and the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, when it was read a third time and passed.

The bill entitled "A bill to incorporate the towu of Marion," was read a second time.

Mr. Neal moved to amend by inserting after the word "who" in line 2nd, sec. 2nd the words "is twenty one years old," and by striking out all after the word "election" in line 3rd of same sec. to the word "shall" in line 6th; also by striking out in section 11th, line 2nd, the word "one" and inserting the words "one-half," which several amendments were agreed to.

Mr. Sanders moved to strike out in section 2nd last line, the word "one" and insert the word "four," which was also agreed to. And the bill passed its second reading, and the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Neal, when it was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Warren introduced a bill entitled "A bill for the relief of persons in custody, not in the military service," which was read first time, and referred, on motion of Mr. Smith, of Macon, to the Joint Select Committee on the message of the Governor relating to the imprisonment of citizens," &c., and ordered to be printed.

The Speaker announced as the Select Committee to whom should be referred the engrossed resolution to authorize and request the Governor to request the Confederate officers to desist from arresting our citizens under the conscription act, in pursuance of an agreement made with the Confederate
authorities in relation to said law, Messrs. Graham, Wright, Young, Wiggins and Simpson.

Mr. Lane introduced a resolution entitled "A resolution in favor of William Kornegay," which was read first time, and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Claims.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit for the signature of the Speaker of the Senate, resolutions entitled "Resolutions of thanks to the officers and soldiers of North Carolina," and "Resolutions declaring the separation between the Confederate and United States Government final, and to sustain the President of the Confederate States and the Governor of North Carolina."

The same were signed by the Speaker of the Senate.

A message was received also that they transmit a message from his Excellency, the Governor, together with accompanying documents, and propose to raise a Joint Select Committee of five on their part and three on the part of the Senate, to whom the said message and documents shall be referred.

The Senate agreed thereto.

Also, a message that they "decline to recede from their amendments made to the bill entitled 'A bill to prohibit the distillation of spirituous liquors.'"

Mr. Outlaw moved that the Senate do insist upon their not agreeing to said amendment, which was carried.

The following engrossed bills and resolutions were sent to the House of Commons for their consideration, to-wit:

A bill to amend the Ordinance of the Convention entitled "An ordinance to make some provision for the families of soldiers dying in service, ratified 22nd February, 1862, and for other purposes."

A bill to provide a supply of powder and lead in the several counties of the State.

Resolutions expressive of the satisfaction of the General Assembly with the spirit of our people in sustaining the war and the conduct of our troops.

A bill to amend the law in relation to sheriff's bonds.
A bill to amend the 33rd and 38th sections of 102nd chapter of the Revised Code.

On motion of Mr. Leitch, the Senate adjourned until Monday 11 o'clock A. M.

MONDAY, December 8, 1862.

Mr. Wright, from the Judiciary Committee reported in pursuance of the resolution of instruction in relation thereto, a bill entitled, "A bill for the relief of landlords," which was read first time and ordered, on motion of Mr. Ramsay, to be printed.

Mr. Murrill introduced a resolution entitled, "A resolution in favor of the sureties of W. D. Humphrey, late Sheriff of Onslow County," which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Ramsay, to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Ramsay introduced a resolution entitled, "A resolution on printing the Inaugural Address of His Excellency, Governor Vance," which was read first time, and the rules having been suspended, on his motion, it was read a second and third time and passed.

Mr. Slaughter introduced a bill entitled, "A bill for the relief of such persons as may suffer from the burning of the Courthouse and records of Hertford county," which was read first time, and referred on his motion, to the Judiciary Committee.

The following engrossed bills and resolutions were transmitted to the House of Commons:

"A bill to amend the Charter of the Cheraw and Coalfields Railroad Company, as amended by an Ordinance of the Convention."

"A bill to be entitled "An act to provide for the better management of the Western Turnpike Road, and re-building and repairing certain Bridges on the same."

"Resolution in favor of Lewis Williamson."

"Resolution requesting the Governor to correspond with
Railroad and other Companies, in relation to the transportation of salt from Wilmington, &c."

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit to the Senate; "A statement of the condition of the Merchants' Bank of Newbern," and "A statement of the condition of the Thomasville Bank," and propose that the same be printed, which was agreed to.

Mr. Adams, of Davidson, presented a "Statement of the condition of the Bank of Lexington," and moved that the same be sent to the House of Commons, with a proposition to print: Mr. Adams stating that in the statement which he had heretofore presented, as made by said bank, there was an omission. Agreed to, and a message was sent accordingly.

Also, by Mr. Adams, a bill was introduced entitled, "A bill to amend the Charter of the Bank of Lexington, and to establish the Bank of Graham," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Banks and Currency.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Wright, Wiggins and Smith, of Macon, as the Senate's branch of the Joint Select Committee on the message of His Excellency, the Governor, in relation to the seizure of railroad iron, &c.,

The Committee on Enrolled Bills for the present week, Messrs. White, Bagley and Smith, of Stanly.

The engrossed bill entitled, "An act for the purchase of provisions," was taken up and read a third time. On motion of Mr. Sharpe, the order of the day was postponed for thirty minutes.

The amendments reported by the Select Committee, to whom the bill was referred, were adopted seriatim, and the bill with the amendments made thereto, passed, and was sent to the House of Commons for their agreement.

The order of the day, being the resolutions entitled, "Resolutions declaring the office of Adjutant General, Attorney General and Solicitor for the 4th Judicial Circuit, vacant,"
was, on the call of Mr. Ellis, divided, and the resolutions were read separately.

The first resolution, declaring the office of Adjutant General, by reason of the acceptance of Jas. G. Martin, of the office of Brigadier General in the Confederate Government, vacant, was read a second time and passed.

The second resolution, declaring the office of Attorney General vacant, by reason of the acceptance of W. A. Jenkins, of the office of Lieutenant Colonel, in the Confederate service, for three years or during the war, was read a second time, when Mr. Ellis moved to postpone the second and third resolutions until Thursday, at 12 o'clock. The motion was not agreed to. The resolution passed its second reading.

Mr. Graham moved to amend the first resolution, by inserting the words "for three years or," before the words "during the war," which was agreed to.

On the third resolution, upon its second reading, declaring the office of Solicitor for the fourth Judicial Circuit vacant, the ayes and noes were demanded. Those who voted in the affirmative, are,


Those who voted in the negative, are ;—Messrs. Bagley, Carroway, Drake, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Jarratt, Simpson and Taylor, of Nash.—9.

So the resolution passed.

The first resolution was read a third time, and Mr. Matthews called for the ayes and noes, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are:

Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendsell, Bagley, Blount, Dickerson, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Graham, Holeman, Jarratt, Lassiter, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Mur-

Those who voted in the negative, are:—Messrs. Carroway and Drake,—2.

So the resolution passed.

The question being on the second resolution, which was read a third time, Mr. Arendell called for the yeas and nays, which was agreed to.


Those who voted in the negative, are:—Messrs. Bagley, Carroway, Drake, Ellis, Eure, Faison and Taylor, of Nash,—7.

So the resolution passed.

The third resolution was read a third time and passed, when the resolutions were again read as a whole and adopted.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit certain engrossed resolutions entitled, “Resolutions protesting against the burning of cotton in Eastern North Carolina,” which were read first time—the rules were suspended and the same were read a second time.

After some discussion, Mr. Copeland moved to adjourn until 11 o’clock to-morrow. Not agreed to.

Mr. Young moved to lay the resolutions on the table.—Not agreed to.

Mr. Murrill moved to refer to a select committee, and that the resolutions be made the order of the day for 1 o’clock to-morrow, and it was not agreed to.
Mr. Murrill now moved to amend by adding this resolution:

Resolved, That the Confederate authorities be also requested to desist from the impressment and destruction of boats and canoes in New River and on the coast in Onslow County, and that like protest be made against such practices.—Not adopted.

The question recurring on the resolutions on their second reading, Mr. Holeman called for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing.


Those who voted in the negative are: Messrs. Copeland, Drake, Ellis, Holeman, Powell, Shipp, White and Young.—8.

So the resolutions passed and were read a third time and passed.

The following enrolled bills and resolutions, signed by the Speaker of the House of Commons, were transmitted to the Senate and signed by the Speaker thereof, to-wit:

"Resolution to pay J. W. Alspaugh for his services as Clerk at the opening of the session."

"Resolution in favor of W. R. Lovel."

"Resolution in favor of Philip G. Smith."

"Resolution to purchase the Ordinances and Resolutions of the late Convention."

"Resolutions declaring the separation between the United States and Confederate States final, and to sustain the President of the Confederate States and the Governor of North-Carolina."

"Resolutions of thanks to the officers and soldiers of North-Carolina."
"A resolution to prohibit the transportation of articles of prime necessity beyond the limits of the State."

"And resolutions requesting the Governor to correspond with Railroad and other companies in relation to the transportation of salt from Wilmington."

The following engrossed bills and resolutions have been sent to the House of Commons, to-wit:

"Resolution in favor of J. W. Alspaugh."

"Resolution in favor of Philip G. Smith."

"A bill to amend the 13th section of 105th chapter of Revised Code—law in relation to Sheriffs' bonds."

"A bill to amend the charter of the Atlantic, Tennessee, and Ohio Railroad."

"A bill to amend the 9th and 12th sections of the 101st chapter of Revised Code."

"A bill to prohibit, for a limited time, the manufacture of spirituous liquors from grain, amendatory of an Ordinance of the Convention, ratified 21st Feb., 1862."

"Resolution to prohibit the transportation of articles of prime necessity beyond the limits of the State."

"A bill to amend an act entitled, an act for the better administration of justice in Onslow County, and for other purposes."

"A bill to allow further time for the registration of grants, conveyances and other instruments."

"A bill to amend an act entitled 'An act to incorporate the Lizzerdale Copper Company."

The Senate went into secret session upon the motion of Mr. Graham, and the doors having been opened, on his motion, also, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow 11 o'clock, A. M.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1862.

Mr. Ramsay, from the Committee on Claims, reported back the resolution entitled "A resolution in favor of James M.
Neal," and recommended that the same be referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, and it was so referred; also upon the resolution entitled "A resolution in favor of Solomon Pool," recommending an amendment and that with the same adopted it do pass, which resolution was taken up, on motion of Mr. Graham, and the amendment of the committee adopted, to-wit: "Strike out all after the words 'North Carolina,' and insert 'the sum of seventy-five dollars, the amount of taxes overpaid by him in July 1862.'"

The rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Graham, and the resolution passed its second and third reading.

Mr. Eure, from the Joint Committee on Military Affairs, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill to amend an act entitled 'Militia Bill,' ratified the 20th day of September, 1861," and recommended that it do not pass; also, the resolution entitled "Resolution to pay the officers and privates of Capt. J. W. F. Banks' Company for their services," and recommended an amendment thereto.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they agree to the amendments made by the Senate to the bill entitled "An act for the purchase of provisions," also a message that they transmit to the Senate a message of His Excellency, the Governor, with accompanying documents; among which are statements of the condition of the Bank of Charlotte.

On motion of Mr. Ramsay, the statements of the condition of the Bank of Charlotte were ordered to be printed.

Also, a message that they have appointed Messrs. Russell, of Brunswick, Costner, Ingram, McNeil and Hawes as the House branch of the Joint Select Committee on the message of the Governor in relation to the seizure of Railroad iron, &c.; and a message that they propose to the Senate to raise a committee of conference to consist of two members from each House, on the amendments made by them to the bill entitled "A bill to prohibit the distillation of spirituous liquors," and disagreed to by the Senate, and that they appoint Messrs. Amis and Avera on their part said committee. Agreed to,
and the Speaker appointed Messrs. Graham and Ramsay as the Senate's branch of said committee.

Mr. Shipp moved to print a report from N. W. Woodfin, Salt Commissioner, which was agreed to.

The bill entitled "A bill to provide for the holding of Courts in Hertford county," was read a third time.

Mr. Slaughter moved to amend the first section by adding thereto a proviso, to-wit: "Provided, that in case two-thirds can not agree, then it shall be in the power of the special Court to decide;" also, to amend the last section by adding words "and all laws and clauses of laws coming in conflict with this act, are as to this act, hereby repealed," and further, by adding an additional section, to-wit:

"Be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the County Court and the Clerk of the Superior Court, shall not be required to keep their offices at or within one mile of the court house.

The foregoing amendments were adopted, and the bill passed as amended.

Mr. Smith, of Macon, introduced this resolution, to-wit: 

"Resolved, That a message be sent to the House of Commons, proposing to raise a Joint Select Committee, to consist of three on the part of the Senate, and five on the part of the House to inquire into the causes for the payment of soldiers' claims by disbursing officers and agents of this State, in Confederate Treasury Notes instead of North Carolina Treasury Notes, which were authorized to be issued by the State Convention, for the payment of such claims."

Adopted, and a message accordingly was sent to the House of Commons.

The engrossed bills entitled "A bill concerning Justices of of the Peace in Bladen county," and "A bill to establish a Superior Court of Law and Equity for the county of Alleghany," were read a third time and passed.

The bill entitled "A bill to prevent speculation in corn, flour, bacon, &c.," was read a second time and laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Wiggins.
The following resolutions and bills were read a second time and passed, to-wit:

Resolutions requesting our Senators and instructing our Representatives in Congress to urge a repeal of certain clauses of the "Military Exemption Act" of the Confederate Congress.

A bill amendatory of an act to incorporate the Bank of Western North-Carolina.

A bill to change the place of comparing the polls in the forty-fourth Senatorial District, and

A bill for the benefit of Justices of the Peace—refugees from their counties.

The bill entitled "A bill to construct a Railroad from Dallas, in Gaston county, via Lincolnton, to Newton, in Catawba county," was read a second time, when Mr. Arendell moved to amend, by adding an additional section, to wit:

*Be it further enacted,* That said road shall be constructed of the North-Carolina Railroad gauge.

The amendment was agreed to, and the bill passed its second reading.

The bill entitled, "A bill to amend the 1st, 12th and 23rd sections of chapter 17th, of the acts for 1860-'61," was read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Eure, laid on the table.

The bill entitled "A bill to establish the Bank of Lincolnton," was read a second time, and Mr. Lane moved to amend by striking out after the words, "gold or silver coin," the words, "or its equivalent," which was not agreed to, and the bill passed its second reading.

The bill entitled "A bill to prevent the harboring deserters and resisting their arrests," was read a second time together with the substitute as an amendment reported by the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Graham moved to lay on the table, which was not agreed to.

The question being on the amendment reported by the committee, Mr. Russ asked for the yeas and nays and one-fifth agreeing:
Those who voted in affirmative are:
Those who voted in the negative are:
Messrs. Arendell, Bagley, Drake, Eure, Lane, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Neal, Powell, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Sharpe, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Taylor, of Nash, Warren, White, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young.—26
So the substitute was not adopted and the bill passed its second reading.
Mr. Ramsay moved to print the foregoing bill, but it was not agreed to.
On motion of Mr. Lassiter, the said bill was taken up and recommitted to the Committee on the Judiciary.
The resolution entitled "Resolution to pay Ministers of the Gospel for service in opening by prayer either House of the General Assembly," was read a second time and on the question of its passage, Mr. Lane asked for the yea's and nay's and one-fifth agreeing.
Those who voted in the affirmative are:
Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Ramsay, Sharpe and Smith, of Macon.—5.
Those who voted in the negative are:
So the resolution was not adopted.
Mr. Young introduced resolutions entitled "Resolutions relating to the currency," which were read first time, and referred, on motion of Mr. Ramsay, to the Committee on Fi-
nance, and on motion of Mr. Smith, of Macon, were ordered to be printed.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they concur in the proposition to raise a joint select committee to inquire into the causes of the payment of soldiers' claims in Confederate Treasury Notes instead of North-Carolina Treasury Notes, &c., and appoint Messrs. McAden, Russell of Brunswick, Henderson, Carpenter and Foy as the House branch of said committee.

Also, another message was received, that they transmit, for the action of the Senate, the following engrossed bills, entitled, to wit:

"A bill to amend the charter of the Western Plankroad."
"A bill to establish a Female Seminary in Davidson county, by the name of Beavavilla."
"A bill to change the time of holding the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions in the county of Mecklenburg."
"A bill in relation to the Richmond Manufacturing Company."

A bill to be entitled "An act to incorporate the Swift Island Gold Mining Company."

The foregoing engrossed bills were read first time.

A message was received from the House that they transmit enrolled bills and resolutions signed by the Speaker of the House of Commons for the signature of the Speaker of the Senate, entitled to wit:

"Resolutions protesting against the burning of cotton in Eastern North Carolina."

"An act amendatory to the law in relation to Sheriff's bonds."

"Resolutions in relation to the secret proceedings of the General Assembly."

"Resolutions expressing the satisfaction of the General Assembly with the spirit of the people in sustaining the war, and with the conduct of our troops."

"An act to regulate the fees of Jailors."

"An act to amend an act passed and ratified on the 16th
day of February, 1859, entitled 'An act to incorporate the Lizzerdale Copper Company.'"

"A bill to provide a supply of powder and lead in the several counties of the State."

"A bill to amend the ordinance of the Convention entitled 'An ordinance to make some provision for the families of soldiers dying in service, ratified 22d February, 1862, and for other purposes.'"

And said bills and resolutions were signed by the Speaker of the Senate.

Mr. Murrill introduced a bill entitled "A bill for the relief of persons who have overpaid or may hereafter overpay taxes," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on the Judiciary, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Lassiter asked leave of absence for Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, until Monday next, from and after to-day, which was granted, and the Senate adjourned until to-morrow, 11 o'clock, A. M., on motion of Mr. Arendell.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1862.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Skinner.

Mr. Bagley, from the Committee on Banks and Currency reported upon the bill entitled "A bill to amend the Charter of the Bank of Lexington and establish the Bank of Graham," and recommended that it do pass.

Mr. Leitch, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported upon the resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of John Fisher," and recommended that it do pass.

Mr. Slaughter, for the same Committee, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill for the relief of such persons as may suffer from the burning of the Court-House and records of Hertford County," and recommended that it do pass.

Mr. Warren, from the same Committee, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill concerning insane persons," and recommended that it do pass.
Mr. Simpson introduced this resolution:

"Resolved, That a message be sent to the House of Commons, proposing to raise a joint select committee of two on the part of the Senate and three on the part of the House of Commons, to take into consideration whether it will be compatible with the public interest for this Legislature to adjourn sine die, on the 20th or 22d inst., as the case may be, or not; and if said committee deem it inexpedient, then to ascertain whether it is the intention of this General Assembly to adjourn over at Christmas to any definite period, and if so, to say when and to what time, and that they report at as early a day as convenient," and the same was adopted and a message accordingly sent to the House of Commons.

Mr. Lassiter introduced a resolution as follows:

"Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to examine the ordinances of the Convention and recommend all such as are of a Legislative character, for publication with the laws passed at this session of the General Assembly." Adopted.

Mr. Adams, of Guilford, introduced a resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of the Executrix of the late Judge J. M. Dick," which was read first time and referred on his motion, to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The Speaker announced as the Senate branch of the joint select committee raised to inquire into the causes of the payment of soldier's claims in Confederate Treasury Notes instead of North Carolina Treasury Notes &c., Messrs. Warren, Sanders and Ellis.

Mr. Eure, from the Joint Committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill entitled, "A bill to organize the State Reserve," which was read first time, and, on his motion, made the special order for to-morrow, 12 o'clock.

Mr. Simpson introduced a bill entitled "A bill to continue in force the ordinance of the Convention providing for an increase of the Salaries of the Comptroller and Secretary of State, passed and ratified the 9th day of May, A. D. 1862;" which was read first time.
The resolutions entitled "Resolutions requesting our Senators and instructing our Representatives in Congress to urge a repeal of certain clauses of the "Military Exemption Act of the Confederate Congress," were read a third time, and the question being on their passage, Mr. Murrill called for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are:—Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Blount, Brown, Carroway, Dickson, Dickerson, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Harriss, Holeman, Jarratt, Lassiter, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Murrill, Neal, Outlaw, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharp, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Warren, Wiggins, Wooley and Wright,—35.

Those who voted in the negative, are:—Messrs. Copeland, Drake, Graham, Lane, Patrick, Powell, Ramsay, Whitford, White and Young,—10.

So the resolution passed.

The question being on the title of the resolution just passed, Mr. Shipp moved to amend, by striking out the word "instructing," which was agreed to.

Mr. Brown moved, to reconsider the vote just given, and it was not agreed to.

Mr. Brown moved to amend the title, by inserting the words "instructing our Senators and requesting our Representatives," striking out the word "requesting," and on this question called for the yeas and nays; and one-fifth agreeing.

Those who voted in the affirmative, are:—Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Arendell, Bagley, Brown, Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Drake, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Harriss, Lane, Lassiter, Lindsay, Matthews, Murrill, Neal, Powell, Simpson, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Nash, Whitford and White,—24.


So the title stands, "Resolutions instructing our Senators
and requesting our Representatives in Congress, to urge a re-
peal of certain clauses of the 'Military Exemption Act,' of
the Confederate Congress."

The following engrossed bills and resolutions were sent to
the House of Commons, to wit:

"Bill to provide for the holding of courts in Hertford
County."

"Resolution in favor of S. S. Hicks."

"Resolution in favor of Thos. E. and C. W. Skinner, Jr."

"Resolution in favor of Solomon Pool."

"Resolution on printing the Inaugural Address of His Ex-
cellency, Governor Vance," &c.

"Resolutions declaring the offices of Adjutant General, At-
orney General, and the Solicitor for the 4th Judicial Cir-
cuit, vacant."

A message was received from the House of Commons, that
they agree to the proposition of the Senate, to raise a Joint
Select Committee to consider and report, under the resolution
of Mr. Simpson, upon the matter of adjournment, and ap-
point Messrs. Russel, of Brunswick, McAden and Long, as
the Committee on their part.

Mr. Carroway, introduced a resolution entitled, "Resolu-
tion in favor of Capt. L. L. Clements, of Martin County,"
which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to-
gether with an accompanying certificate, to the Committee on
Claims.

The order of the day, being the bill entitled, "A bill to
secure the property of married women," was read a second
time.

After some discussion on the bill, Mr. Faison moved to re-
fer the same to a Select Committee, which was not agreed to.

The question being on its passage, Mr. Faison asked for the
yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing.

Those who voted in the affirmative, are:—Messrs. Arendell,
Bagley, Blount, Copeland, Dickson, Drake, Ellis, Eure, Faison,
Harris, Holeman, Lane, Murrill, Outlaw, Smith, of Anson,
Taylor, of Nash, White and Young—18.

So the bill did not pass.

On motion of Mr. Young the engrossed bill entitled "A bill to change the time of holding the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions in the county of Mecklenburg," was taken up and read a second time.

The bill passed, and on motion of Mr. Young, the rules were suspended, when it was read a third time and passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit for the action of the Senate engrossed bills and resolutions passed by them entitled as follows, to-wit:

"A bill in reference to Work Houses."

"Bill for the relief of our sick and wounded soldiers."

"A bill to alter the time of holding the Superior Courts of Law and Equity in the Sixth Judicial Circuit."

"Resolutions on the Roll of Honor."

"Resolutions authorizing the Door-Keeper of the House to purchase a flag of the Confederate States of America, &c," and "A bill to repeal the first section of the Ordinance of the Convention entitled 'An ordinance to secure to certain officers and soldiers the right to vote as to elections to fill vacancies in Congress or the General Assembly."

On motion of Mr. Outlaw, the Senate adjourned until tomorrow 11 o'clock A. M.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1862.

The Speaker announced as the Senate branch of the Joint Select Committee raised to inquire as to a time of adjournment of the Legislature, Messrs. Graham and Simpson.

A communication from Mr. Russ, tendering his resignation,
to take effect the 25th inst., as Senator of the 24th District, was read, and

Mr. Warren moved that a writ of election be issued by the Speaker to the Sheriff of Wake county, to hold an election on the 25th inst., to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Russ; which was agreed to.

Mr. Warren, from the Judiciary Committee, reported upon the resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of the sureties of W. D. Humphry, late Sheriff of Onslow county," and recommended that it do pass; also, upon the bill entitled "A bill to prevent harboring deserters and resisting their arrest," and recommended amendments thereto.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit a communication from the Medical Purveyor of the Confederate States; an engrossed resolution entitled "Resolution requesting the Governor to correspond with Railroad and other Companies in relation to the transportation of Salt from Wilmington; and the report of the Committee of Conference raised upon the bill entitled "A bill to prohibit for a limited time the manufacture of spirituous liquors from grain, amendatory of an ordinance of the Convention, ratified the 21st February, 1862," and the amendments thereto; in which report they had concurred.

The communication was read, and on motion of Mr. Graham, laid on the table.

The resolution was read a first time, and on motion of Mr. Smith, of Macon, laid on the table.

The report was read and adopted, and is as follows:

The Committee of Conference, on the disagreeing votes of the Senate and House of Commons, upon the bill to prohibit the distillation of spirituous liquors, have conferred upon the subjects of disagreement, and

Report, That it be recommended that the Senate concur in the amendments to include in the list of articles forbidden to be used for distillation, in the fifth line, "peas and peanuts" after "wheat," and the words "the seed thereof" after the words "sugar cane," and the word "rice" after the words
"dried fruit," and in 2nd sec. 2nd line, after striking out the words "its ratification," insert the words "the 1st day of January, 1863." That the penalty for violations of the act shall be $500 fine and sixty days imprisonment. That the Senate concur in the amendment at the end of section 2nd, "That persons offending against the provisions of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a distinct offence for every day or part of the day in which they shall be so offending."

That the House rescende from its amendment proposed as section 2nd relative to exportations of corn, &c., for the purpose of distillation.

W. A. GRAHAM, for Sen.
J. S. AMIS, for H. of C.

Mr. Shipp moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill entitled "A bill to secure the property of married women," was lost yesterday, and it was agreed to, and said bill was referred, on his motion, to a Select Committee.

The Speaker announced said Committee Messrs. Shipp, Outlaw, Faison, Blount and Eure.

Mr. Lassiter, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill in relation to the Justices of Johnson county," and recommended amendments thereto.

Mr. Arendell, from the Committee on Corporations, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill to amend the charter of the North Carolina Powder Manufacturing Company," and recommended that it do pass.

Mr. Ramsay moved that a message be sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes to set apart Saturday, the 20th next, for the appointment of Justices of the Peace, and Mr. Matthews moved to amend by proposing Friday, the 19th inst., which was agreed to, and the motion as amended was also agreed to, and the message sent accordingly.

The following bills were read a third time and passed, entitled, to wit:

"A bill amendatory of an act to incorporate the Bank of Western North-Carolina."
"A bill for the benefit of Justices of the Peace, refugees from their counties."
And "A bill to change the place of comparing the polls in the 44th Senatorial District."
And "A bill to establish the Bank of Lincolnton."

The bills entitled, "A bill concerning insane persons," and "A bill to amend the charter of the Western Plank Road," were read a second time and passed.

The bill entitled, "A bill to continue in force the Ordinance of the Convention providing for an increase of the salaries of the Comptroller and Secretary of State, passed and ratified the 9th day of May, A. D. 1862," was read a second time and referred, on motion of Mr. Ramsay, to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

The bill entitled, "A bill to amend an act entitled 'Militia Bill,' ratified the 20th day of September, 1861," was read a second time and passed; and the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Ramsay, when the same was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Ramsay introduced a bill entitled, "A bill to incorporate the town of Chesnut Hill, in Rowan county," which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Sanders, to the Committee on Corporations.

The order of the day, being the bill entitled, "A bill to organize the State Reserve," was read a second time, and by sections.

Mr. Eure moved to amend the first section by striking out, in line 12th, the word "five," which was agreed to.

Mr. Matthews moved to amend by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting, "That the Governor be, and hereby is authorized to accept the services of any number of volunteers, not exceeding in the whole ten thousand men, of any persons within the ages of eighteen and fifty, who are not now in the actual service of the Confederate States, and to organize them into companies, battalions or regiments, brigades and divisions, and to muster them into the service of the State, and to be subject to the command of the Gover-
nor as the constitutional commander-in-chief of the military forces of the State.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That the organization of the said troops shall be according to the laws of this State, the company officers to be chosen by the members of the respective companies, and the field officers of every regiment or battalion to be chosen by the company officers thereof, under such regulations as the Governor shall prescribe; the General officers to be appointed by the Governor.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the term of service of the troops hereby proposed to be raised, shall be twelve months, unless sooner discharged by the Governor, and that this act be in force immediately after its passage.

Mr. Ramsay moved to remove the injunction of secrecy as to the report of the Joint Select Committee raised to visit Richmond and confer with his Excellency, the President of the Confederate States, &c., which was not agreed to.

Mr. Copeland moved to amend the amendment proposed by Mr. Matthews, by inserting in section 1, after the words, "Confederate States," the words, "or liable to be called into that service by virtue of the acts of Congress commonly known as the conscription acts."

And Mr. Lassiter moved to postpone to Monday next, and that the bill be made the order of the day for that day at 12 o'clock.

Mr. Brown moved to amend this proposed amendment by striking out "Monday," and inserting "to-morrow;" which was agreed to.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they propose to the Senate to go into an election for Judge of the 7th Judicial Circuit, to-morrow at 1 o'clock, and if the Senate agree thereto, nominate B. S. Gaither, Wm. M. Shipp, W. W. Lenoir and Anderson Mitchell, for said office; Also to go into an election for Solicitor of the same Circuit at 1½ o'clock to-morrow, and nominate therefor W. P. Bynum, Tod R. Caldwell and John D. Hyman.
The Senate agreed to the message and the House was informed thereof.

Mr. Graham introduced a resolution entitled "Resolution in relation to the seizure and transportation from the State of R. J. Graves, a citizen of Orange county;" which was read first time, and, on motion of Mr. Ramsay, ordered to be printed.

The bill entitled "A bill to construct a Railroad from Dallas, in Gaston county, via Lincolnton, to Newton, in Catawba county," was read a third time.

Mr. White moved to amend by striking out the words "iron works," wherever, and so often as they occur, and inserting the words "Kings Mountain;" which was agreed to, and the bill, as amended, passed.

Mr. Matthews introduced a bill, entitled "A bill authorizing the Public Treasurer to re-pay the bounty money refunded or withheld from men discharged under the conscript act of April 21st, 1862;" which was read first time, and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Claims.

The following engrossed bills and resolutions were read first time, entitled, to wit:

"A Bill for the relief of our sick and wounded soldiers."
"A bill in reference to work-houses."
"A bill to alter the time of holding the Superior Courts of Law and Equity in the sixth Judicial Circuit."
"A bill to repeal the first section of the ordinance of the Convention, entitled 'An ordinance to amend an ordinance to secure to certain officers and soldiers the right to vote as to elections to fill vacancies in Congress, or the General Assembly.'"
"Resolution authorizing the Door-Keeper of the House to purchase a Flag of the Confederate States of America, &c., and,
"Resolutions on the 'Roll of Honor.'"

The bill, entitled "A bill for the relief of such persons as may suffer from the burning of the Court House and records of Hertford county," was read a second time and passed.
The bill entitled "A bill to amend the charter of the Bank of Lexington, and establish the Bank of Graham," was read second time and passed, when, on motion of Mr. Adams of Davidson, the rules were suspended, and it was read a third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Simpson, the Senate adjourned until tomorrow, 11 o'clock, A. M.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1862.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Hardie.

Received a message from the House of Commons that they agree to the proposition of the Senate to set apart Friday, the 19th inst., for the appointment of Justices of the Peace; also a message that they propose to the Senate to raise a joint select committee of three on their part and two on the part of the Senate to inquire into the causes of the non-payment of bounty to soldiers; (which was authorized to be paid by an ordinance of the Convention,) and that said committee have power to send for persons and papers and report at as early a day as possible, which was agreed to and the Speaker announced Messrs. Bagley and Murrill as the Senate branch of said committee.

Another message was received from the House, that they had appointed Messrs. Long and Howard, committee to superintend the election for Judge of the seventh Judicial Circuit, and Messrs. McNeill and Green also a committee to superintend the election for Solicitor of the same circuit.

The Speaker announced as the committee on the part of the Senate to superintend the election for Judge, Messrs. Blount and Harris; and Messrs. Wooley and Murrill as the committee to superintend the election for Solicitor of the circuit aforesaid.

Mr. Ramsay, from the Committee on Claims, reported upon the resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of Capt. L. L. Clements," and recommended a substitute therefor; also
upon the resolutions entitled "A resolution in favor of John Blaylock," and "Resolution in favor of Joseph Welch," recommending that they do pass.

Mr. Lassiter, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances reported upon the bill entitled "A bill to amend the 102d chapter of the Revised Code entitled "Salaries and Fees," recommending amendments thereto, and upon the resolution entitled " A Resolution in favor of James M. Neal," recommending that it do pass.

Mr. Simpson, from the Joint Select Committee on Adjournment, reported a resolution and recommended its adoption as follows:

Resolved, That the two Houses of the General Assembly will adjourn over on Monday, the 22d inst., at 6 o'clock, A. M., to meet again on the first Monday in November, 1863, unless sooner convened by the Governor and Council of State.

The report and resolution were received and read and were recommitted to said committee, on motion of Mr. Ramsay.

Mr. Wright, from the joint select committee raised on a message of the Governor relating to the seizure of iron from State roads, reported and submitted resolutions which were read as follows:

Resolved, That the Confederate Government have no right to seize the iron, or any part thereof, not laid down, in possession of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad Company, and we do hereby enter our protest against any act, on the part of the Confederate Government, to seize the same.

Resolved, That His Excellency the Governor be requested to transmit, if necessary, to the Secretary of War this report, and to insist that the iron alluded to shall not be seized or taken from the Company and State.

On motion of Mr. Ramsay, the report and resolutions were ordered to be printed.

The bill entitled "A bill concerning insane persons," was read a third time and passed.
Mr. Wiggins, from the Committee on Finance, reported, recommending the passage of "A bill to be entitled "Revenue," which was read first time and, on motion of Mr. Wiggins, made the special order for 12 o'clock Monday, and for each and every succeeding day until disposed of.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they appoint Messrs. Horton, Walser and Ingram the House branch of the joint select committee raised to inquire of the non-payment of bounty to soldiers, &c.

Mr. White, from the Committee on Enrolment, reported sundry bills and resolutions as duly enrolled, which were sent to the House of Commons, and signed by the Speaker thereof, returned and signed by the Speaker of the Senate, to wit:

"An act in reference to the salaries of the Judges of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity."

"An act to establish a Superior Court of Law and Equity for the County of Alleghany."

"An act to authorize the Magistrates of the Courts of Chatham to levy a tax for the purpose of working the public roads in said County."

"An act to establish the eighth Judicial Circuit, and for other purposes."

"An act concerning Justices of the Peace in Bladen County."

"An act for the purchase of provisions."

"An act to change the time of holding the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions in the County of Mecklenburg."

"An act to authorize the agent of Cherokee Lands to refund the purchase money in certain cases."

The order of the day being the bill entitled, "A bill to organize the State Reserve," was read, when Mr. Matthews withdrew, by unanimous consent, the amendment proposed by him, and moved to amend as follows, strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

"That the Governor be, and is hereby authorized to accept the services of any number of volunteers, not exceeding in
the whole, ten thousand men, of any persons over the age of eighteen years, who are not now in the actual service of the Confederate States, and to organize them into companies, battalions or regiments, brigades or divisions, and to muster them into the service of the State, and to be subject to the command of the Governor, as the Constitutional Commander of the Militia force of the State.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That each company shall consist of not less than seventy-five, nor more than one hundred men, besides officers; and each regiment shall consist of not more than ten companies. As soon as a sufficient number of men to constitute one company shall have been raised, the organization shall begin; and, immediately after each battalion, regiment, brigade or division, shall have been organized, the Governor shall tender it to the President of the Confederate States, for special service and local defence, to serve only within the limits of this State, except in cases where the Governor shall deem it advisable for the defence of the State, to remove them into contiguous districts.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the company officers shall be chosen by the members of the respective companies, and that all the other commissioned officers, both of the line and staff, shall be appointed by the Governor.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That this force shall be subject to the rules and articles of war, and shall receive the same pay and allowance as officers and soldiers of the Confederate States' army; and they shall serve one year unless sooner discharged; but, they may be returned to their homes at any time, by the order of the Governor, subject to be called out, however, within that term, whenever, and as often as the public exigency may require; and the men shall also receive a bounty of fifty dollars each—twenty-five dollars to be paid when they are mustered into service, and the remainder when they shall have performed six months actual service.

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That whenever special provision is not herein made for any act or thing necessary to
carry out, completely, the provisions of this act, the same shall be done under the general law.

Sec. 6. Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Mr. Copeland moved to amend by inserting after the words "Confederate States," in Section 1st, the words, "or liable to be called into that service by virtue of the acts of Congress commonly known as the Conscript acts."

The Senate now proceeded to the election for Judge of the 7th Judicial Circuit; the name of Wm. M. Shipp, having been withdrawn.

The vote was as follows:

For Anderson Mitchell.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Blount, Brown, Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Drake, Faison, Harriss, Holeman, Jarratt, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Ramsay, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Taylor, of Nash, Whitford and Wright.—22.

For B. S. Gaither.—Messrs. Adams, of Guilford, Bagley, Dickerson, Lassiter, Neal, Patrick, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Shipp, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly and Wooley.—13.


Messrs. Arendell, Ellis, Lane, Murrill, Powell and White, voted for W. W. Lenoir.—6.

Mr. Blount, from the Committee to superintend the election just had, reported that no one having received a majority of all the votes cast, there is no election.

Mr. Russ moved that a message be sent to the House of Commons that the Senate proposes to go immediately into an election again for Judge of the Seventh Judicial Circuit, which was agreed to, and Mr. Smith, of Macon, nominated Wm. M. Shipp.

The Senate proceeded to the election, now 1½ o'clock, for Solicitor of the Seventh Judicial Circuit, and the vote was as follows:

For T. R. Caldwell:—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Blount, Brown, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Warren and Wiggins—S.
For Wm. P. Bynum:—Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Dickson, Dickerson, Drake, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Harris, Holeman, Jarratt, Lane, Lassiter, Lindsay, Matthews, Murrill, Outlaw, Powell, Simpson, Sharpe, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Whitford, White, Woolery and Wright—31.

For John D. Hyman:—Messrs. Carroway, Copeland, Leitch, Lindsay, Sanders and Taylor, of Nash—6.

Mr. Russ moved to postpone the order of the day until 1 o'clock Monday, which was agreed to.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they concur in the proposition of the Senate to go immediately into an election again for Judge of the Seventh Judicial Circuit, and that they appoint Messrs. Benburry and Williams on their part to superintend the election; and the Speaker announced as the Committee on the part of the Senate, Messrs. Arendell and Faison, to superintend said election.

The Senate then proceeded to vote again as follows, for Judge of the Seventh Judicial Circuit.


For W. M. Shipp:—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Brown, Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Dickerson, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Harris, Lane, Lassiter, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Murrill, Neal, Patrick, Powell, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor of Nash, Warren, Whitford, White, Wiggins, Woolery and Wright—37.

Messrs. Copeland, Adams, of Davidson, and Leitch having voted for Mr. Mitchell, changed for Mr. Shipp.

Messrs. Arendell and Lane having voted for Mr. Lenoir, changed their votes for Mr. Shipp, and likewise the following Senators having voted for Mr. Gaither, changed for Mr. Shipp, Messrs. Neal, Sanders, Simpson, Smith, of Anson, and Smith, of Stanly.

Mr. Woolery from the committee appointed to superintend
the election for Solicitor of the 7th Judicial Circuit, reported that Wm. P. Bynum received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, and is elected.

Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Blount until Wednesday next, on motion of Mr Patrick.

On motion of Mr. Slaughter, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow, 11 o’clock, A. M.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1862.

Mr. Leitch from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported upon the resolution entitled, "Resolution in favor of the Executrix of the late Judge J. M. Dick," and recommended that it do pass.

A report from the Commissioners on the Sinking Fund was received and read, and on motion of Mr. Leitch, the same was transmitted to the House of Commons with a proposition to print.

Mr. Wright from the Select Committee to whom was referred the resolution entitled, "Resolution requesting the Governor to request the officers of the Confederate Government to desist from arresting our citizens, and to take such proceedings as he may deem best, to put an end to such arrests," reported back the same and recommended that it be laid on the table.

The report was adopted and the resolution laid on the table.

Mr. Simpson from the Joint Select Committee on adjournment, &c., to whom was recommitted report and resolution on the subject of adjournment, made a report and recommended a substitute, which was read and laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Outlaw.

The following engrossed bills and resolutions were sent to the House of Commons, entitled, to wit:

"A bill to incorporate the town of Marion."

"A bill to change the place of comparing the polls in the 44th Senatorial District."
"A bill for the benefit of Justices of the Peace, refugees from their counties."

"A bill amendatory of an act to incorporate the Bank of Western North Carolina."

"A bill to establish the Bank of Lincolnton."

"A bill to amend an act entitled 'Militia Bill,' ratified the 20th day of September, 1861."

"A bill to amend the charter of the Bank of Lexington, and establish the Bank of Graham."

"A bill to construct a Railroad from Dallas in Gaston County, via Lincolnton to Newton, in Catawba County."

"Resolutions instructing our Senators, and requesting our Representatives in Congress to urge a repeal of certain clauses of the Military Exemption act of the Confederate Congress."

Mr. Ramsay introduced a bill entitled, "A bill supplementary to an act passed at the present session of the General Assembly, and ratified 9th day of December, 1862," &c., which was read first time, and on his motion, the rules were suspended, when it was read a second and third time, and passed.

Mr. Ramsay then moved to re-consider the vote by which the aforesaid bill passed, and to lay that motion on the table; and it was agreed to, and the same was engrossed and sent to the House of Commons for their action.

Mr. Faison, from the committee appointed to superintend the election for Judge of the 7th Judicial Circuit, reported that Wm. M. Shipp, having received a majority of all the votes cast, is elected.

The bill entitled, "A bill to incorporate the Macon Leather Company, in the county of Macon," and the resolution entitled, "Resolution in favor of Benjamin Fitzrandolph," were read a third time and passed.

The bill entitled, "A bill to be entitled, an act to Incorporate the Swift Island Gold Mining Company," was read a second time and passed, when, on motion of Mr. Wooley, the rules were suspended and it was read a third time and passed.
The bill entitled, "A bill to establish a Female Seminary in Davidson County, by the name of Beavavilla," and the resolution entitled, "Resolution in favor of John Fisher," were read a second time and passed.

The resolution entitled, "Resolution in favor of Joseph Welch," was read second time and passed; and the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Smith, of Macon, when the same was read a third time and passed.

The resolution entitled, "A resolution in favor of John Blaylock," was read a second time and passed; and, on motion of Mr. Smith, of Stanly, the rules were suspended, and the same was read a third time and passed.

The resolution entitled, "Resolution to pay the officers and privates of Capt. J. W. F. Banks' company for their services," was read a second time, and the amendment recommended by the Joint Committee on Military Affairs, adopted, to wit:

Resolved, That the Paymaster of the State be authorized and requested to pay the officers and enlisted men of Captain J. W. F. Banks' company, who have not been paid for two months, and twenty-four days service, on the presentation of a duly certified pay roll; and, the resolution, as amended, passed, when the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Lindsay, and the same was read a third time and passed.

The resolution entitled "A resolution in favor of James M. Neal," was read a second time and passed, when the rules were suspended on motion of Mr. Neal, and the same was read a third time and passed.

The resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of the sureties of W. D. Humphrey, late Sheriff of Onslow county," was read a second time and passed, when Mr. Murrill moved to suspend the rules; which motion was agreed to, and the resolution was read a third time and passed.

The bill entitled "A bill in relation to the Richmond Manufacturing Company," was read a second time and passed, when Mr. Leitch moved to suspend the rules; which was agreed to, and the bill was read a third time and passed.
The resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of L. L. Clements, of Martin county," was read a second time, and the amendment reported by the Committee on Claims adopted, to wit: "That the public Treasurer pay to L. L. Clements, of Martin county, the sum of thirty-two dollars and ninety-six cents, the amount of taxes overpaid by him in 1862."

The resolution as amended, passed.

Mr. Harris introduced a bill entitled "A bill concerning the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Franklin county;" which was read first time, when, on his motion, the rules were suspended, and the same was read a second and third times, and passed.

The bill entitled "A bill for the relief of landlords," was read a second time and passed, and the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Leitch, and it was read a third time.

Mr. Leitch moved to amend, by inserting in Sec. 3d, after the words "Superior Court," the words "upon giving sufficient security;" which was agreed to, and the bill, as amended, passed.

The bill entitled "A bill for the relief of such persons as may suffer from the burning of the court house and records of Hertford county," was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Outlaw introduced a bill entitled "A bill to regulate the per diem and mileage of the members of the General Assembly," which was read first time, and Mr. Matthews moved to suspend the rules, upon which motion Mr. Outlaw asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,

Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Copeland, Dickson, Dickerson, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Harris, Jarrett, Lindsay, Matthews, Murrill, Outlaw, Ramsay, Sharpe, Shipp, Smith, of Stanly, Warren, Wiggins and Wooley—21.

Those who voted in the negative, are,

The rules were suspended, and the resolutions were read a second time, when Mr. Sanders asked for the yeas and nays on their passage, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,
Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Dickerson, Lindsay, Outlaw, Ramsay, Sharpe, Shipp, Slaughter, Warren, Wiggins and Wooley—11.

Those who voted in the negative, are,

So the resolution did not pass.

Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Adams, of Davidson, until Tuesday next, on motion of Mr. Matthews.

The bill entitled "A bill to amend the 102nd chapter of the Revised Code, entitled 'Salaries and Fees'" was read a second time.

The amendments recommended by the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, to-wit: In sec. 1 line 7, to strike out word "five" and insert "four," and also in sec. 2 line 4, to strike out word "six" and insert "five," and in line 5 of same section, strike out word "five" and insert "four," were severally put and not agreed to, then reconsidered, on motion of Mr. Ramsay, voted upon severally again. Not agreed to.

The question being on the original bill, Mr. Ellis moved to strike out all after the section providing for the salary of the Governor, which was not agreed to, and the bill passed.

On motion of Mr. Ramsay, the rules were suspended, and said bill was read a third time and passed.

Leave of absence was granted, on motion of Mr. Warren, to Mr. Lassiter until Tuesday next. And on motion of Mr. Slaughter, the Senate adjourned until Monday 11 o'clock A.M.
MONDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1862.

The bill entitled, "A bill to prevent harboring deserters and resisting their arrests," was read a third time when the amendments recommended by the Committee on the Judiciary were adopted, to-wit:

Strike out in section 1, of the substitute, the words, "entice, persuade or tempt," and insert the word "harbor," and after the word "conceal," insert the words, "or maintain."

The amendment as amended was then adopted, as follows, to-wit:

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North-Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That all persons who shall harbor, or conceal, or maintain any deserter from the Confederate Army, or any conscript whose duty it is to be in the service of the army of the Confederate States, or any one whose duty it shall be to render service as a soldier to the State of North-Carolina, or shall aid and assist any of the above named deserters, conscripts or soldiers, in resisting the proper authorities while arresting them, shall be held and deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the Court.

Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from and after its passage.

And the bill as amended passed and is ordered to be engrossed.

The bill entitled, "A bill to amend the charter of the Western Plank Road," was read a third time and passed.

The bill entitled, "A bill to amend the charter of the North-Carolina Powder Manufacturing Company," was read a second time.

Mr. White moved to amend by inserting after words "power to raise dams," in line 7, section 1, the words, "Provided, that it does not interfere with or dam the river, so as to injure the passage of the Tuckasegee ford," which was agreed to, when the bill as amended passed, and the rules were sus-
pended on his motion, also, and the bill was read a third time and passed.

The bill entitled, "A bill in relation to the Justices of Johnson County," was read a second time, and,

On motion of Mr. Ramsay, was recommitted to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, with instructions to report a general bill.

The bill entitled, "A bill in reference to Work Houses," was read a second time, when Mr. Leitch moved to lay on the table, and on this motion, Mr. Sharpe asked for the yeas and nays and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are, Messrs. Brown, Carroway, Copeland, Dickerson Drake, Ellis, Faison, Holeman, Leitch, Murrill, Ramsay, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Stanly and Wooley—14.

Those who voted in the negative are, Messrs. Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Dickson, Eure, Jarratt, Lindsay, Matthews, Neal, Outlaw, Powell, Simpson, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith, of Macon, Warren, Whittford, White, Wiggins, Wright and Young—21.

So the motion did not prevail.

The question being on the passage of the bill its second reading, Mr. Brown moved to amend by inserting in the 8th line of section 1, after the words "in prison," the words "after judgment or conviction," which was agreed to, and the bill as amended passed.

The Speaker announced as the Committee on Enrollments for the present week, Messrs. Arendell, Dickson and Copeland.

The order of the day being "A bill to be entitled "Revenue," was read a second time and begun to be read by sections.

Section 1, having been read, Mr. Bagley moved to amend by striking out the 2d paragraph therein and inserting as follows:

"All the slaves in this State, which slaves (excepting mechanics) are hereby declared to be of the following values,
to wit: All slaves under five years of age, of the value of one hundred dollars; all slaves between the ages of five and ten years, of the value of two hundred dollars; all slaves between the ages of ten and twenty years, of the value of five hundred dollars; all slaves between the ages of twenty and thirty years, of the value of six hundred dollars; all slaves between the ages of thirty and forty years of the value of five hundred dollars; all slaves between the ages of forty and sixty years, of the value of two hundred dollars; and all the slaves habitually employed in any mechanical trade are hereby declared to be of the average value of six hundred dollars, excepting such as the County Courts may have exempted, or may hereafter exempt, from taxation on account of bodily or mental infirmity.

Mr. Copeland moved to amend the amendment by striking out all after the first clause, "all the slaves in this State," and inserting as follows: "with the exceptions herein stated, shall be valued in classes as follows: all under six years of age shall be valued at one hundred and fifty dollars; all over six and under twelve years, two hundred and fifty dollars; all over twelve and under eighteen years, three hundred and fifty dollars; all over eighteen and under twenty-four years, four hundred and fifty dollars; all over twenty-four and under thirty-six, five hundred and fifty dollars; all over thirty-six and under forty-two, four hundred and fifty dollars; all over forty-two and under forty-eight, three hundred and fifty dollars; all over forty-eight and under sixty, one hundred and fifty dollars; all over sixty years shall be held valueless. Provided, that all able-bodied mechanics of adult age under sixty years shall be valued at seven hundred and fifty dollars, and excepting such as the County Courts may have heretofore or may hereafter exempt from taxation on account of bodily or mental infirmity."

The question being on this amendment to the amendment, Mr. Outlaw asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:
Those who voted in the affirmative, are,
Messrs. Copeland, Dickson, Eure, Faison, Lindsay, Leitch, Outlaw, Slaughter, Smith, of Stanly and Whitford—10.
Those who voted in the negative, are,

So it was not agreed to.
The question being on the amendment, Mr. Brown called for a division of the question and upon the part to strike out paragraph 2 in section 1, of the bill, Mr. Warren asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,

Those who voted in the negative, are,

So the Senate agreed to strike out, and the question now being on inserting the words of the proposed amendment, Mr. Murrill moved to amend by inserting as follows: "All the slaves in the State to be classed and valued as follows: Class number one, to include all slaves habitually employed in any mechanical trade, to be valued at eight hundred dollars; class number two, to include all under five years old, valued at one hundred dollars; class number three, all over five years and under ten years, valued at two hundred dollars; class number four, to include all over ten and under twenty-five years of age, to be valued at five hundred dollars; class number five, to include all over twenty-five and under forty, to be valued at four hundred dollars; and class number
six, to include all over forty years old, valued at two hundred dollars. It was not agreed to.

Mr. Smith, of Macon, moved to amend by striking out the words "six hundred," in the clause fixing the valuation of slaves habitually employed in any mechanical trade, and inserting the words "eight hundred," which was not agreed to, and Mr. Wiggins moved to amend the same clause by striking out "six hundred" and inserting "seven hundred;" which was agreed to.

Mr. Ramsay moved to amend by inserting a clause as follows: "All slaves over sixty years of age, shall be valued at fifty dollars;" which was not agreed to.

Mr. Young moved to amend the clause, "and all slaves between the ages of forty and sixty years, of the value of two hundred dollars," by striking out the word "sixty" after the words "forty and," and inserting other words so as to be "and all slaves of the age of forty and over, of the value of two hundred dollars;" which was not agreed to.

Pending the question of inserting the amendment of Mr. Bagley, as amended on the motion of Mr. Wiggins, Mr. Ramsay moved to adjourn until to-morrow 10 o'clock A.M. And the Senate adjourned accordingly.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1862.

The following engrossed bills and resolutions were transmitted to the House of Commons for their action entitled, to wit:

"A bill to amend the 102nd chapter of the Revised Code entitled 'Salaries and Fees.'"

"A bill concerning the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Franklin county."

"A bill concerning insane persons."

"A bill to amend the charter of the North Carolina Powder Manufacturing Company."
"A bill to prevent harboring deserters and resisting their arrests."

"A bill for the relief of Landlords."

"Resolution in favor of James M. Neal.

"Resolution to pay the officers and privates of Capt: J. W. F. Banks’ Company."

"Resolution in favor of the sureties of White D. Humphry, dec’d, late Sheriff of Onslow county."

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit for the action of the Senate the following engrossed bills and resolutions, entitled to wit:

"A bill to provide for the probate of wills and granting letters of administration when the county of the residence of the testators or intestates is in the hands of the enemy," which was read first time, and referred, on motion of Mr. Warren, to the Committee on the Judiciary.

"A bill to amend the charter of the city of Raleigh."

"Resolution to pay expenses of Commissioners to Richmond."

"Resolution in favor of W. W. Long."

"Resolution in favor of Oscar D. Johnson, an inmate of the Insane Asylum."

"Resolution in favor of W. H. Bryson," which were read first time.

"Resolutions to employ free persons of color on fortifications, &c., which were read first time, and the rules having been suspended, on motion of Mr. Leitch, read a second and third time and passed.

"A bill to perfect certain grants in favor of William and Peyton Colvard," which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Outlaw, to the Committee on the Judiciary.

"A bill to incorporate the Presbyterian Publishing and Printing Company in the town of Fayetteville," which was read first time, and the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Wright, when the same was read a second and third time and passed.

"Resolution to refund Harnett county money expended
for Col. Alexander Murchison's Cavalry Company," which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Wright, to the Committee on Claims.

"Resolution in favor of T. H. Hill," which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Ramsay, to the same Committee.

"Resolution in favor of Capt. James S. Ives."

"Resolution in favor of M. L. Brittain."

"A bill to allow M. L. F. Redd, late Sheriff of Onslow county, to collect taxes due him," which were read first time, and referred to the same Committee, on motion of Mr. Warren.

"A bill in favor of Thomas J. Carr, late Sheriff of Duplin county," which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Smith of Stanly, to the same committee; and

"A bill to alter the line between Jackson and Transylvania counties," which was read first time, when the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Smith of Macon, and the same was read a second and third times and passed.

Mr. Arendell, from the Committee on Corporations, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill to incorporate the town of Chesnut Hill, in Rowan county," and recommended that it do pass.

On motion of Mr. Smith of Macon, the engrossed bill entitled "Bill for the relief of our sick and wounded soldiers," was taken up and read a second time. Said bill passed, and the rules were suspended, when it was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Ramsay, from the Joint Committee on the Insane Asylum, made a report, and recommended a bill entitled "A bill for the support of the Insane Asylum," which was read first time; and said bill and report were ordered to be printed, on motion of Mr. Shipp.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit to the Senate, "A statement showing the condition of the Bank of Wadesboro, December 3rd, 1862;" and said statement, on motion of Mr. Smith, of Anson, was ordered to be printed.
Also, a message that they transmit to the Senate, a communication from the Executive Department, accompanied by "Report of Chas. Manly, Treasurer of the University, to the Board of Trustees," and propose that said report be printed, which was agreed to.

A communication from W. M. Shipp, tendering his resignation as Senator from the 49th District, was read, and, on motion of Mr. Ramsay, it was ordered that a writ of election be issued to the Sheriffs of the counties composing said District, to hold an election on the 15th January, 1863, to fill the vacancy occasioned by said resignation.

Mr. Faison, for the select Committee, to whom was referred the bill entitled, "A bill to secure the property of married women," reported a substitute by way of amendment, which, on his motion, was ordered to be printed.

Mr. Leitch introduced a bill entitled, "A bill concerning the State Educational Association of North Carolina," which was read first time.

The order of the day, being the bill entitled, "A bill to be entitled 'Revenue,'" was taken up, and the question being on inserting the amendment proposed by Mr. Bagley.

Mr. Young moved to amend the amendment by striking out and inserting words, so as to alter the classification and valuation of slaves, as follows: "All slaves under 8 years of age, to be valued $100; all 8 years of age, and under 15, to be valued $300; all 15, and under 30, to be valued $600; all 30, and under 40, to be valued $500; all forty years of age and upward, to be valued $250," which was not agreed to.

Mr. Murrill moved to amend by striking out all after the words, "All the slaves in this State," and inserting as follows: "which slaves shall be divided into six classes valued accordingly, as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class No.</th>
<th>Slaves</th>
<th>Age Range</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>All mechanics</td>
<td>under 50 years old</td>
<td>$1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7-15</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>over 7 and under 15</td>
<td>350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>15-30</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
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<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>30-40</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>40 years old</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Provided, The Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, shall have power to exempt from taxation, any slaves who, from age, mental or bodily infirmity, may not be of any value, and not fit subjects for taxation. The motion did not prevail.

Mr. Smith, of Macon, moved to amend by inserting "that all slaves over the age of sixty shall be held as a distinct class of the value of twenty-five dollars," which was agreed to.

The amendment of Mr. Bagley as amended was now adopted.

Mr. Slaughter moved to amend 3d paragraph section 1, by inserting in line 19, between the words "that" and "Confederate State Treasury Notes," the words "specie, Bank notes and County bonds and notes," which was not agreed to.

Mr. Adams, of Guilford, moved to amend by striking out the 4th paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof as follows:—

"Every dollar of nett dividend or profit, not previously listed, declared, received, or due, on or before the 1st day of April in each year, upon money or capital invested in shares in the Bank of Washington, the Merchant’s Bank of Newbern, the Bank of Wadesboro, the Bank of Fayetteville, the Commercial Bank of Wilmington, the Farmer’s Bank of N.C., the Bank of Charlotte and the Bank of Yanceyville, shall pay an annual tax of fourteen cents, and in shares in all the other Banks eight cents; and any person listing such dividends shall specify the Bank from which such dividends are due, or have been received," and the motion did not prevail.

Mr. Murrill moved to amend section 2 by inserting in line 15 the word "farming" after the word "mechanical" and before the word "tools," which was agreed to.

Mr. Murrill also moved to amend section 6 by striking out in lines 4 and 5 the words "or for each school district," which was not agreed to.

Mr. Copeland moved to amend section 11 by inserting in line 10, after the word "number," the words "and ages," which was agreed to.

Mr. Wright moved to amend said section by adding thereto as follows: "And if any one deem that his land, or any one
tract or lot is valued too high by the Board of Assessors appointed in 1858, he may apply to the ensuing term of the County Court, twelve Justices being present, who shall duly consider the same by examining witnesses under oath, and a decision of a majority of the Justices present, shall fix the valuation which shall be final.” Said amendment was adopted.

Mr. Wiggins moved to amend section 52, paragraph 2, by adding “and all keepers of houses of public entertainment, whether in town or country, whose annual receipts amount to three hundred dollars, or more, a tax of one per cent on the receipts.

Mr. Leitch moved to amend said amendment by striking out “300 dollars,” and inserting “500 dollars,” which was not agreed to, and the amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Wiggins now moved to amend the 7th paragraph of the same section by adding thereto as follows: “Every stud-horse and jackass let to mares for a price, belonging to a resident of the State, six dollars, unless the highest price demanded for the season for one mare shall exceed that sum, in which case the amount thus demanded shall be paid as a tax; such jackass or stud to be listed and the tax paid in the county in which the owner resides,” and said amendment was adopted.

Mr. Ellis moved to amend the 9th paragraph of the same section by striking out $1.50 and inserting $10, as the tax on pianos, which was not agreed to.

Mr. Young moved to amend paragraph 11 of same section, by striking out the word “two” in line 62, and inserting “one,” which was not agreed to.

Mr. Holeman moved to amend by striking out the entire paragraph, and, upon this question, asked for the yeas and nays, and one fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,


Those who voted in the negative are,

So the motion did not prevail.

Mr. Adams, of Guilford, moved to amend the 14th paragraph of same section, by striking out the word “purchases,” in line 36 and in line 99, and inserting the word “sales,” in each place, which was agreed to.

Mr. Bagley moved to adjourn until to-morrow morning 10 o’clock, but the motion was not agreed to.

Mr. Arendell moved to strike out paragraph 15 of same section, but the motion did not prevail.

Mr. Young moved to amend section 58, by adding thereto this proviso: “Provided, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to slaves who are permanently located, and hired year after year, beyond the limits of this State.”

Pending which motion, Mr. Matthews, moved to adjourn until to-morrow 10 o’clock, A. M., and the Senate did so adjourn.

WEDNESDAY, December 17, 1862.

Mr. Warren, from the Committee on the Judiciary, made a report in pursuance of a resolution of instruction in relation to the publication of all ordinances of the Convention which are of a Legislative character, and recommended that the following ordinances of said Convention be published, together with the laws passed at the present session of the General Assembly, to wit:

Ordinances, numbers 2, 3, 4, 20, 23, 27, 29, 30, 34, and 35, which were passed by the Convention at its first session; Ordinances, numbers 3, 8, 10, 16, 18, 19 and 20, which were passed at the second session; Ordinances, numbers, 2, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 17, 21, 23, 24, 26, 27, 30, 32, 33, 34 and 35.
which were passed at the third session; Ordinances, numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 12, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 24, 27, 28, 29, 32, 34, 35, 38 and 39, which were passed at the fourth session of the Convention.

The report was adopted.

Mr. Warren, from the same committee, also reported back the bill entitled "A bill to transfer the jurisdiction of the Courts of counties occupied or controlled by a public enemy," and asked to be discharged from its further consideration; and the committee were discharged accordingly.

Also, upon the bill entitled "A bill to provide for the probate of wills, and granting letters of administration, when the county of the residence of the testators or intestates is in the possession of the enemy," and recommend amendments thereto; which amendments were adopted, the bill having been read a second time, as follows, to wit:

Strike out the word "hereinafter," in the 6th and 7th lines of Sec. 2d, and insert the word "hereinbefore;" in the 13th line, strike out the word "transmitted," and insert the word "transcribed;" after the word "together," in the 6th line of the 5th Section, insert in brackets the words ("at the Court House when practicable") after the word "if" and before the word "any," in 3d line of Section 1, insert the word "in," and add the following Section: 8. "Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification."

Mr. Lassiter moved to amend by adding this proviso: "Provided, that the Governor, whenever upon proper proof of the necessity, may authorize the County Court of the county where any person or persons, having their residence for and during the war, to grant letters of administration, special or general, or take the probate of wills, and to be subject to the provisions of this act, in other respects as far as may be necessary to protect the estate of such intestate or testator and to transfer the records of such proceedings, to the county where such persons had their usual place of residence, before the commencement of the war." It was not agreed to.

Said bill as amended was recommitted on motion of Mr.
Rarfsay, but subsequently said vote was reconsidered, on motion of Mr. Lassiter.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit the following engrossed bills and resolutions, entitled to wit:

"A bill to admit proof of the handwriting of attesting witnesses in certain cases."

"A bill authorizing the President and Directors of the Literary Fund of North-Carolina, to elect a treasurer," &c.

"Resolution proposing to adjourn on the 22d of December, and meet on the 19th January, 1863.

The resolution was read as follows:

"Resolved, That the Speakers of the two Houses of this General Assembly, close the present session on Monday morning, the 22d inst., at 5 o'clock, A. M., by adjourning their respective Houses until 11 o'clock, A. M., of Monday, the 19th day of January next."

Mr. Smith, of Macon, moved to lay on the table. Not agreed to.

Mr. Graham moved to amend by striking out "19th January, 1863," and inserting "July 1st, 1863."

Mr. Brown called for a division of the question, and the question being upon striking out "19th January, 1863," Mr. Brown also asked for the yeas and nays and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,


Those who voted in the negative are,


So the Senate refused to strike out and the resolution was adopted.
On motion of Mr. Graham, a message was sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes to go into an election for Solicitor of the 4th Judicial Circuit, at 11½ o'clock.

Mr. Bagley moved as an amendment to the foregoing motion, that a message be sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes to go into an election for Adjutant General at 1 o'clock, which was not agreed to.

Mr. Ramsay moved that a message be sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes that the two Houses vote by joint ballot, at 1 o'clock, on a motion to adjourn at 5 o'clock, A. M., on Monday the 22d inst., to meet again on Monday the 19th day of January, 1863, and that those voting for the proposition shall write the word "adjourned," on their tickets, and those voting against it, shall write on their tickets "not adjourned." And it was not agreed to.

Mr. Bagley moved, to send a message to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes to go into an election for Adjutant General, at 1 o'clock, when Mr. Graham moved to lay the motion on the table, which latter motion prevailed.

Mr. Young introduced a resolution, having given notice thereof on yesterday, to wit:

"Resolved, That this House will meet at 10 o'clock, A. M., and adjourn at 2 o'clock, P. M.; and that it will meet again at 7 o'clock P. M., and adjourn at 9½ o'clock P. M., until otherwise ordered, and that this resolution go into effect this day.

Mr. Outlaw moved to amend by striking out all after the words "meet at 10 o'clock A. M.," and insert, "and adjourn at 3½ o'clock, P. M.," which was not agreed to.

Mr. Sharpe moved to amend by striking out "7 o'clock, P. M.," and inserting "4 o'clock, P. M.;" also, by striking out "9½ o'clock P. M.," and inserting "7 o'clock, P. M."

Mr. Outlaw moved to amend the amendment by striking out "7 o'clock, P. M.," and inserting "6 o'clock, P. M.," which was not agreed to; and the question being on the amendment, it was not agreed to.

The resolution was adopted.
A message was received from the House of Commons, that they agree to the proposition of the Senate to go into an election for Solicitor of the 4th Judicial Circuit, at 11½ o'clock, and appoint Messrs. Carpenter and Grier, to superintend on their part said election, and also inform the Senate that M. Q. Waddell, Esq., has been placed in nomination therefor.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Simpson and Adams, of Davidson, as the Committee on the part of the Senate.

The Senate proceeded to vote, as follows:

For Thomas Settle:—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Brown, Carroway, Copeland, Dickerson, Eure, Graham, Holeman, Jarratt, Lassiter, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Murrill, Neal, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharps, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Warren, Whitford, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young,—35.

For M. Q. Waddell:—Messrs. Dickson, Drake, Faison, Harriss, Powell and White,—6.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they propose to the Senate to go into an election for Adjutant General, at 12 o'clock to-day; and that Daniel G. Fowle, John Randolph, R. C. Duvall, R. H. Cowen, C. P. Bryson and W. E. Mann, are in nomination.

Mr. Eure moved to lay the message on the table, and one-fifth agreeing to, a call for the yeas and nays, which were asked thereon:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,


Those who voted in the negative, are,

Messrs. Bagley, Brown Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Drake, Eure, Faison; Harris, Lindsay, Leitch, Matthews, Outlaw, Powell, Slaughter, Smith, of Stanly, Whitford, White, Wiggins and Wooley—20.

So the motion did not prevail.
Mr. Matthews moved to reconsider the vote just given, which was agreed to, and the motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they propose to the Senate to go into an election for Attorney General at 12½ o'clock, and that Wm. A. Jenkins, Sion H. Rogers and H. A. Gilliam are in nomination therefor, and they have appointed as the Committee on their part to superintend the election, Messrs. Carter and Fleming.

Mr. Ramsay moved to lay the proposition on the table, and it was agreed to.

Mr. Ramsay moved that a message be sent to the House of Commons that the Senate proposes to go into an election for Attorney General at 1½ o'clock P. M., and Mr. Outlaw nominated H. B. Hardy, Esq., therefor. The motion was agreed to.

Mr. Smith, of Macon, moved to postpone the order of the day, and take up from the table the bill entitled "A bill to amend the 1st, 12th and 23rd sections of chapter 17 of the Acts for 1860 and '61," and it was agreed to.

Said bill was read a second time, when Mr. Graham moved to amend by adding the following:

Sec. 3rd, "The Adjutant General shall be appointed by the Governor in the same manner with other members of his staff, and shall hold his office for the term of two years, unless sooner removed by the Governor."

Which was agreed to, and the bill as amended passed.

The rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Brown, when said bill was read a third time, and upon its passage, the yeas and nays were asked by Mr. Bagley; one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,


Those who voted in the negative, are,

So the bill passed.

Mr. Ramsay moved to reconsider, and lay that motion on the table; which was agreed to.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they agree to the proposition of the Senate, to go into an election for Attorney General at 1½ o'clock, P. M., and appoint Messrs. Carter and Flemming, committee on their part to superintend said election.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Russ and Drake as the committee on the part of the Senate.

Mr. Lassiter introduced a bill entitled "A bill regulating the service of Process on the Southern Express Company," which was read first time.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit to the Senate a communication from the Public Treasurer with accompanying reports and propose to print said reports, which was agreed to.

Also a message that they transmit "Resolutions declaring the offices of Adjutant General, Attorney General and Solicitor of the fourth Judicial Circuit vacant;" "Resolution in favor of T. E. and C. W. Skinner, Jr.," and "An act amendatory of the law in relation to Sheriff's bonds," duly enrolled and signed by the Speaker of the House of Commons and the same were signed by the Speaker of the Senate.

Mr. Eure introduced a bill entitled "A bill to authorize and require the Quartermaster of the State to pay commutation money to the soldiers of North Carolina, for boots and shoes," which was read first time.

Mr. Lindsay introduced a bill entitled "A bill continuing in force 1st section of an ordinance entitled 'An ordinance concerning the collection of taxes in certain counties' passed the fourth session of the State Convention," which was read first time.

Mr. Sharpe introduced a bill entitled "A bill to rate articles
of prime necessity in the several counties of the State," which was read first time.

Mr. Simpson, from the Committee appointed to superintend the election of Solicitor for the fourth Judicial Circuit, reported that Thomas Settle, received a majority of the whole number cast, and is elected.

The order of the day being the "Bill to be entitled 'Revenue,'" was taken up, the pending question being on the amendment proposed by Mr. Young.

Mr. Murrill moved to amend the amendment by adding thereto as follows: "And, provided further, that slaves who have been removed from the vicinity of the enemy and hired out in the interior or Western part of this State, shall be considered as belonging to refugees and listed by the hirer, which was not agreed to, and the amendment was not adopted.

Mr. Wiggins moved to amend section 60 by striking out in line 2, the word "free," and insert the word "taxable," which was agreed to.

Mr. Lindsay moved to strike out the entire section, (60,) but it was not agreed to.

Mr. White moved to amend section 62 by inserting in line 4, after the word "and," as follows: "Among which shall be enumerated the nett profits made during the year preceding the 1st day of April, by all persons, by speculations in cotton, tobacco, corn, wheat, flour, bacon, or any other article of prime necessity, or on contracts with the Confederate or State Governments, twenty-five per cent on the profits so made, except those who have contracts with the Confederate or State Governments on articles actually bought and manufactured to comply with said contracts.

The latter clause was proposed by Mr. Eure and accepted before Mr. Young moved to amend by striking out the words "or on contracts with the Confederate or State Governments," which was not agreed to.

Mr. Brown moved to amend by striking out the words "cotton and tobacco," which was not agreed to.
Mr. Murrill moved to amend by inserting after the words "prime necessity," words as follows: "and pay as a tax the whole of the profits over ten per cent.," which was not agreed to.

The question recurring on the amendment of Mr. White, he asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are,

The Speaker voted in the negative.
So it was not agreed.

The Senate now proceeded to vote for Attorney General as follows:


For Wm. A. Jenkins—Messrs. Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Drake, Ellis, Faison, Harris, Holeman, Powell, Simpson, Whitford, White and Young—13.

For H. B. Hardy—Messrs. Bagley, Lindsay, Outlaw, Slaughter, Wiggins and Wright—6.


For Hon. Geo. E. Badger—Mr. Murrill.

Mr. Ellis moved to amend section 62 by adding this proviso:

"Provided, That nothing contained in this act shall be construed to apply to any soldier in the military service whose property does not exceed in value the sum of one thousand
dollars;” and upon this question he asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,

Messrs. Arendell, Brown, Drake, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Harris, Holeman, Murrill, Sanders, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, White and Wright—16.

Those who voted in the negative, are,


So the motion did not prevail.

Mr. Drake, from the Committee to superintend the election of Attorney General, reported that no one having received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, there is no election.

Evening Session—Seven o’clock, P. M.

Mr. Ramsay moved to strike out of Section 68, of the bill to be entitled “Revenue,” the words in parenthesis (“twelve justices being present;”) which was agreed to.

Mr. Shipp moved that a message be sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes to go into an election for Attorney General forthwith, and it was agreed to.

A message was received from the House that they agree to the foregoing proposition, and appoint Messrs. Mann of Pasquotank, and Costner, as the committee on their part, to superintend the election; and the Speaker announced as the committee on the part of the Senate, Messrs. Shipp and Ellis.

The Senate proceeded to vote as follows:

For S. H. Rogers.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams of Davidson, Adams of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Brown, Dickson, Dickerson, Eure, Faison, Jarratt, Lassiter, Leitch, Matthews, Murrill, Neal, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Shipp, Smith of Anson, Smith of Macon, Smith of

For Wm. A. Jenkins.—Messrs. Carroway, Ellis, Holeman, Powell, White and Drake—6.

For H. B. Hardy.—Messrs. Slaughter and Wiggins—2.

Mr. Wiggins moved to amend Section 76 of the bill to be entitled "Revenue," by striking out in line 2 the word "and" and the number "26," and inserting the word "and" between numbers 24 and 25 in same line; which was agreed to. Also, to amend Section 78, by striking out the word "three" in line 2, and inserting the word "two," which was agreed to.

Mr. Sanders moved to amend Section 80, by striking out 1st clause in paragraph 3, to wit: "every marriage license one dollar; which was not agreed to.

Mr. Murrill moved to amend 4th paragraph in same section, by striking out words "one quarter of" before the words "one per cent." in line 30; which was agreed to.

Mr. Wright moved to amend Section 90, by striking out in line 5 the words "and four per cent." and inserting the words "and five per cent.;" which was not agreed to.

Mr. Smith of Macon, moved to amend the 102 Section, by adding as follows: Provided nothing herein contained shall be construed as repealing existing laws authorizing the appointment of tax collectors in certain counties, and all tax collectors so appointed shall be subject to all the provisions of this act, as fully as sheriffs are declared to be; which was agreed to, and the bill, as amended on its second reading, passed.

Mr. Shipp from the committee appointed to superintend the election for Attorney General, reported that Sion H. Rogers, Esq., received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, and is elected.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit to the Senate engrossed bills entitled, to wit:

"A bill to incorporate the Unacoy and Hiawassee Turnpike Company, in the Counties of Cherokee and Clay," and
"A bill to be entitled 'An act to provide ways and means for supplying the Treasury.'" The former was read first time, and the latter was also read first time, when Mr. Wiggins moved to suspend the rules; which was agreed to, and the same was read a second time, when on motion of Mr. Warren, its further consideration was postponed until to-morrow, 12 o'clock, for which day and hour it was made the special order.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit the following bills and resolutions duly enrolled and signed by the Speaker of the House, and the same were signed by the Speaker of the Senate, as follows, to wit:

An act to construct a Railroad from Dallas in Gaston County, *via* Lincolnton, to Newton in Catawba County;
Resolution in favor of S. S. Hicks;
An act to amend the charter of the Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio Railroad;
An act to amend the charter of the Bank of Lexington and establish the Bank of Graham;
An act to amend an act entitled "Militia Bill, ratified the 20th day of September, 1861;"
An act for the benefit of Justices of the Peace, refugees from their Counties;
An act to amend the 9th and 12th sections of chapter 101, of the Revised Code, entitled "Roads, Ferries and Bridges;"
Resolution on printing the Inaugural Address of his Excellency, the Governor;
An act to change the place of comparing the polls in the 44th Senatorial District;
An act to prohibit the distillation of spirituous liquors;
An act to amend the charter of the Cheraw and Coalfields' Railroad Company, as amended by an ordinance of the Convention;
Resolution in favor of Solomon Pool;
An act supplementary to an act passed at the present session of the General Assembly and ratified on the 9th day
of December, 1862, entitled an act to amend the ordinance of the Convention entitled "An ordinance to make some provision for the families of soldiers dying in the service, ratified the 22d day of February, 1862, and for other purposes;"

An act to amend an act ratified the 25th day of February, 1861, entitled, "An act to incorporate the Bank of Western North-Carolina;"

An act to establish the Bank of Lincolnton;

An act to provide for the better management and repair of the Western Turnpike Road, and rebuilding and repairing certain bridges on the same;

Resolution instructing our Senators and requesting our Representatives in Congress to urge a repeal of certain clauses of the Military Exemption Act of the Confederate Congress;

An act to allow further time for the registration of grants, conveyances and other instruments.

Also, a message, that they transmit an engrossed bill, entitled, "A bill to raise ten thousand volunteers for the defense of the State," which was read first time.

The following engrossed bills were read first time, to wit:

"A bill authorizing the President and Directors of the Literary Fund of North Carolina, to elect a Treasurer," which was referred to the Committee on Education, on motion of Mr. Outlaw; and "A bill to admit proof of the handwriting of attesting witnesses in certain cases," which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, on motion, also of Mr. Outlaw.

Mr. Wright for the Committee on the Judiciary, reported upon the bill entitled, "A bill for the relief of persons who have over paid, or who may hereafter, over pay, taxes, and recommended that it do not pass.

Mr. Warren, from the same Committee, reported upon the bill entitled, "A bill to perfect certain grants in favor of Wm. and Peyton Colvard," and recommended that it do pass.

Mr. Warren moved to suspend the rules, which was agreed to, and said bill was read a second and third times, and passed.
Mr. Wright moved to take up the resolutions reported by him from the Joint Select Committee on the message of His Excellency, the Governor, relating to the seizure of Railroad Iron, &c.; and said resolutions were read and amended, by adding the words at the end of resolution 2d, "it being the property of the State," and adopted.

The engrossed bill entitled, "A bill in reference to work houses," was read a third time and rejected.

The engrossed resolutions entitled, "Resolutions on the 'Roll of Honor;'" and engrossed bill entitled, "A bill to alter the time of holding the Superior Courts of Law and Equity in the 6th Judicial Circuit," were read a second time and passed.

The hour of 9½ o'clock, having arrived, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow, 10 o'clock A. M.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1862.

The following bills and resolutions duly enrolled and reported to the Senate, were transmitted to the House of Commons, to wit:

An act to incorporate the Swift Island Gold Mining Company;
An act in relation to the Richmond Manufacturing Company;
An act to amend the Charter of the Western Plankroad;
An act to incorporate the Macon Leather Company, in the town of Macon;
Resolution in favor of Benj. Fitzrandolph;
Resolution in favor of John Blaylock;
Resolution in favor of Joseph Welch; and the same having been signed by the Speaker of the House of Commons, were returned, and signed by the Speaker of the Senate.

Mr. Russ presented a memorial from sundry citizens of Common School District, of Wake County, No. 65, which
was referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Lassiter, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported upon the bill entitled, "A bill in relation to the Justices of Johnson County," and recommended amendment thereto; also, reported back the bill entitled, "A bill to continue in force the Ordinance of the Convention providing for an increase of the salaries of the Comptroller and Secretary of State, passed and ratified the 9th day of May, A. D., 1862," and asked to be discharged from its further consideration; and the committee were discharged accordingly.

Mr. Wright, from the Joint Select Committee, to whom was referred the bill entitled, "A bill for the relief of persons in custody, not in the military service," reported upon the same, and recommended an amendment thereto.

Mr. Wiggins, from the committee on Finance, reported back the resolutions, entitled, "Resolutions relating to the currency," and asked to be discharged from their further consideration, and the committee were so discharged.

The engrossed bill entitled, "A bill to amend the 1st, 12th and 23rd Sections of Chapter 17 of the Acts of 1860-'61;" and the bill entitled, "A bill for the relief of such persons as may suffer from the burning of the court house and records of Hertford county," were sent to the House of Commons for their action; also, "Resolutions protesting against the seizure of Iron by the Confederate Government, belonging to the State of North Carolina, and now in possession of Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad Company."

Mr. Ramsay, from the Committee on Claims, reported upon the following bills and resolutions, recommending their passage, to wit:

A resolution in favor of M. L. Brittain;
Resolution in favor of Capt. J. S. Ives;
A bill to allow M. L. F. Redd, late Sheriff of Onslow county, to collect taxes due him;
A bill in favor of Thomas J. Carr, late Sheriff of Duplin county; also, upon
Resolution in favor of T. H. Hill, recommending that it do not pass;
Resolution in favor of Wm. Kornegay, asking to be discharged from its further consideration, and discharged accordingly; and upon
A bill authorizing the Public Treasurer to re-pay the bounty money refunded or withheld from men discharged under the Conscription Act of April 21, 1862, asking that it be referred to the Committee on Proposals and Grievances; and it was so referred.

Mr. White presented a memorial from sundry citizens of Gaston county, and introduced a bill entitled "A bill to incorporate the town of Dallas, in the county of Gaston," which was read first time and referred with said memorial, on his motion, to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. Slaughter introduced a resolution instructing the Joint Committee on Military Affairs to report a bill to provide for the pay of Militia Officers, who act as enrolling officers for the Confederate States in taking up conscripts and deserters. Adopted.

Mr. Faison introduced a resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of G. W. Crumpler, late Sheriff of Sampson," which was read first time, and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Proposals and Grievances.

On motion of Mr. Warren, "Resolution in favor of Capt. J. S. Ives" was taken up and read second time and passed, when the rules were suspended, and the same was read a third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Sharpe, the engrossed bill entitled "A bill to alter the time of holding the Superior Courts of Law and Equity in the Sixth Judicial Circuit," was taken up and read third time, and the bill passed, and is ordered to be enrolled.

Mr. Graham moved to take up the resolution entitled "Resolution in relation to the seizure and transportation from
the State of R. J. Graves, a citizen of Orange county," which was agreed to, and said resolution was read and the question being on the adoption thereof, Mr. Ramsay asked for the yeas and nays; one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,


So the resolution was unanimously adopted.

On motion of Mr. Warren, the engrossed bill entitled "A bill to provide for the probate of wills, and granting letters of administration when the county of the residence of the testators, or intestates is in the hands of the enemy," was taken up and read a second time.

Mr. Lassiter moved to amend by adding to Section 1, as follows: "Provided, That the County Court of the County where any executor or executrix may have his or her actual residence, shall have full power to take probate of wills and grant all orders necessary to the due execution of the same," and the amendment was adopted, the bill as amended passed, the rules were suspended, and it was read a second and third time and passed.

Mr. Graham moved that a message be sent to the House of Commons that the Senate proposes to go into an election for nine Trustees of the University at 3½ o'clock, which motion was laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Brown.

Mr. Shipp, from the Joint Select Committee on the Message of the Governor, in relation to salt, &c., reported a bill entitled "A bill in relation to the supply of salt," which was read first time, when, on motion of Mr. Smith, of Macon, the rules were suspended, and the same was read a second and third time and passed.
Mr. Leitch moved to reconsider the vote by which the foregoing bill passed, and to lay that motion on the table, which was agreed to.

The order of the day being "A bill to be entitled 'An act to provide ways and means for supplying the Treasury,'" was read a second time.

Mr. Adams, of Guilford, moved to amend by striking out, at the end of Section 1, the number "1866," and inserting number "1870," which was not agreed to, and the bill passed.

On motion of Mr. Graham, the rules were suspended, and said bill was read a third time and passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they propose to go into an election for nine Trustees of the University, at 1 o'clock to-day, and ask the concurrence of the Senate.

Mr. Brown moved to lay on the table and it was agreed to. The bill to be entitled "Revenue" was read a third time.

Mr. Graham moved to strike out paragraph 2 of Section 1, and insert the words of the paragraph of the bill as recommended by the Committee on Finance.

On this question Mr. Murrill called for a division of the question, and the vote being upon the question "to strike out paragraph 2 as amended," Mr. Outlaw asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Messrs. Dickerson, Drake, Graham, Holeman, Jarratt, Matthews, Neal, Ramsay, Simpson, Sharpe, Smith, of Macon, and Taylor, of Chatham.—12.

Those who voted in the negative are,


So the Senate refused to strike out.
Mr. Adams, of Guilford, moved to amend the 4th paragraph of section 1, by adding this proviso, to wit:

"Provided, That no Stockholder shall be required to give in stock which has paid no dividend the previous year." It was not agreed to.

Mr. Young moved to amend section 58, by adding this proviso: "Provided, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to owners of slaves, who have permanently located said slaves beyond the limits of the State, and hire them from year to year in other States;" which was agreed to.

Mr. Arendell moved to amend section 2, by adding thereto these words, to wit: "and boats, canoes, nets or seines, of the value of one hundred dollars or less;" which was agreed to.

Mr. Murrill moved to amend by striking out "one hundred dollars" in section 52, paragraph 15; which was not agreed to.

Mr. Slaughter moved to amend said paragraph, 15, by inserting after the word "deceased," in line 105, the words "not being a resident of the State;" which was not agreed to, and Mr. Slaughter then moved to strike out said paragraph, and it was not agreed to.

Mr. Wiggins moved to strike out from section 62, all after the word "taxables," in line 6; which was not agreed to.

Mr. Wiggins also moved to strike out number "62," in line 3, of section 63, and the same number "62," in section 64, line 2, and the same was agreed to.

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Evening Session—Seven o'clock, P. M.

Mr. Murrill moved to amend section 69, of the bill to be entitled, "Revenue," by adding paragraph 28, to wit: "Every person who has bought and sold for speculation any corn, pork, bacon, rice, flour, wheat, potatoes, or any other article of prime necessity, a tax of the whole of his profits made on such articles, over twenty-five per cent.," and on this amendment asked the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:
Those who voted in the affirmative are,
Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Carraway, Dickson, Ellis, Faison, Harriss, Murrill, Sharpe, Smith, of Anson, Taylor, of Chatham, Whitford and Wooley—15.

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the amendment was not adopted.

Mr. Bagley moved to amend section 63, paragraph 11, by striking out in line 63, the word “two” and inserting “five,” and upon this question asked the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmation are,

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the amendment was not adopted.

Mr. Slaughter moved to insert before the word “dogs” in section 52, paragraph 11, the words “sheep killing,” and it was not agreed to.

Mr. Holeman moved to amend as follows: Provided, that said dogs shall be taxed in classes, to wit: “Lap dogs and rat terriers shall be taxed one dollar, pointers and setters two dollars, each cur and bull three dollars, and hounds fifty cents each,” and it was not agreed to. And the bill passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit to the Senate engrossed bills and resolutions, entitled as follows, to wit:
“Resolution in relation to the exchange of salt;”
“Resolution in favor of Drury King; and
“Resolution in favor of Rufus Galloway and his sureties;”
which were read first time, and the latter resolution, the rules
having been suspended, on motion of Mr. Ellis, was read a
second and third times and passed.
“A bill to alter the times of holding the Superior Courts
of Law and Equity in the sixth Judicial Circuit; which was
read first time and laid on the table.
“A bill to amend an act entitled ‘An act for the relief of
the Banks and the people;’”
“A bill concerning the county of Mitchell;”
“A bill in favor of J. H. Allen;”
“A bill to enable the incorporated towns of this State to
lay additional taxes;” and
“A bill to amend an act of the second extra session of the
General Assembly, chapter 5, entitled ‘An act to enlarge the
powers of the County Courts for raising revenue for county
purposes.’”

Mr. Smith of Macon, moved to re-consider the vote by
which the bill to be entitled “Revenue” was passed, and to
lay that motion on the table, and it was so agreed.

Mr. Smith of Macon, also moved that a message be sent
to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes to go
into an election for five Directors of the Insane Asylum;
which was not agreed to.

Mr. Graham gave notice that on to-morrow he would move
to rescind the resolution adopted in relation to adjournment,
and introduce another in relation thereto.

Mr. Young moved to re-consider the vote by which was
passed the resolutions relating to the seizure of Railroad Iron
belonging to the State, and now in possession of the Wil-
mington, Charlotte, & Rutherford Railroad Company; and
upon this question asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth
agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,
Messrs. Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Brown, Dickson,
Dickerson, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Harris, Holeman, Murrill,
Ramsay, Simpson, Sharpe, Smith, of Stanly, Whitford and Young—17.

Those who voted in the negative, are,


So the motion did not prevail.

The bill entitled "A bill in reference to the county of Johnston," was read a second time, and the amendment, as a substitute, recommended by the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, was adopted, to wit: strike out all after enacting clause and insert as follows: "That it shall and may be lawful hereafter, when a majority of the Justices of the Peace of any county in the State of North Carolina can not be obtained, that one-third of the whole number in any county shall be authorized and empowered to transact all county business, which now by law requires a majority of the whole number," and the bill as amended passed.

The bill entitled "A bill for the relief of persons in custody, not in the military service," was read a second time, and this amendment recommended by the Committee, to wit: Fill the first blank in sec. 1 with "one thousand dollars" and add "or may be imprisoned at the discretion of the Court," was adopted.

Mr. Warren moved to amend sec. 2, by inserting in line 3, words "affidavit of," before the words "the Sheriff;" which was agreed to.

Mr. Warren also moved to fill the blank at the end of section 1st with five hundred dollars, pending which motion, and after some discussion, the hour of 9½ o'clock arrived, and the Senate adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

FRIDAY, December 19, 1862.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Hardie.

Mr. Graham introduced a resolution authorizing "the Chief
Clerk to employ such additional Clerks as may be necessary to engross the bill to be entitled 'Revenue,' passed by the Senate, as early as practicable;" which was adopted.

A bill and a resolution engrossed, entitled "A bill in relation to the supply of Salt," and "Resolution in relation to the seizure and transportation from the State of R. J. Graves, a citizen of Orange county," were sent to the House of Commons for their action; also, the following bills and resolutions reported to the Senate as duly enrolled, were sent to the House, and subsequently returned, signed by the Speaker of the House of Commons, and were signed by the Speaker of the Senate, to wit:

Resolution to employ free persons of color on fortifications;
An act to perfect certain grants in favor of William and Peyton Colvard;
An act to incorporate the Presbyterian Publishing and Printing Company, in the town of Fayetteville;
An act to alter the line between Jackson and Transylvania Counties, and an act for the relief of our sick and wounded soldiers.

Mr. Arendell, from the Committee on Corporations, reported upon the bill entitled, "A bill to incorporate the Town of Dallas, in the County of Gaston," and recommended that it do pass.

On motion of Mr. Russ, the resolution entitled, "Resolution in favor of T. H. Hill," was taken up and read a second time and passed; and the rules were suspended, when it was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Graham introduced resolutions as follows:

*Resolved, by the Senate and House of Commons, That the present session of the General Assembly shall terminate on Wednesday the 24th of December, inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.; and that the General Assembly will convene again on the 1st Monday of August next.*

*Resolved further, That the resolution heretofore passed, directing the speakers of the Senate and House of Commons to adjourn their several Houses, at 5 o'clock, A. M., on Mon-
day the 22d inst, to meet again on the 19th day of January next, be, and the same is hereby rescinded.

Mr. Outlaw moved to lay the resolutions on the table, and asked on that question the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are:

Messrs. Arendell, Bagley, Carroway, Dickson, Dickerson, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Harris, Lindsay, Matthews, Outlaw, Ramsay, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Taylor, of Chatham, Warren, Whitford, Wiggins and Wooley,—21.

Those who voted in the negative, are:


So the resolutions were laid on the table.

Mr. Lassiter, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported upon the resolution entitled, "Resolution in favor of G. W. Crumpler, late Sheriff of Sampson," recommending its passage; and, on motion of Mr. Faison, said resolution was taken up and read a second time and passed, and upon a suspension of the rules, read a third time and passed.

Mr. Outlaw moved to amend the rule in relation to the time of meeting and adjournment of the Senate, by striking out "7 o'clock, P. M., and 9\(\frac{1}{2}\) o'clock, P. M.," which was not agreed to.

Mr. Ramsay, introduced a resolution as follows, to wit:

"The Senate shall meet at 10 o'clock A. M., and sit until 2 o'clock, P. M., and shall take a recess from that time until 7 o'clock, P. M., from which time, it shall sit until 9\(\frac{1}{2}\) o'clock, P. M., and the Speaker shall convene and adjourn the Senate accordingly: Provided, that a majority of the Senate may order an adjournment at any time between the hours designated. And, Provided further, that the session shall not be prolonged beyond the hours of 2 and 9\(\frac{1}{2}\) o'clock, P. M., unless by a vote of two-thirds of those present."
The resolution was adopted.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they have passed the engrossed resolution entitled, "Resolution protesting against the seizure of iron, by the Confederate States' Government, belonging to the State of North Carolina, and now in the possession of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad Company," with an amendment, to wit: Insert at the end of the 2d resolution as follows: "But, while we deny the right, at the same time in case it shall, in the opinion of the Governor, be necessary for the public defence, to use the iron, we hereby authorize the Governor to deliver the same to the Confederate Government, either upon the condition, that it shall be returned in kind, or reasonable compensation made in money, as may be agreed upon between them."

The amendment was agreed to and the bill ordered to be enrolled.

Mr. Warren, from the Judiciary Committee, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill to admit proof of the hand-writing of attending witnesses in certain cases," and recommended that it do pass.

Mr. Ramsay, from the Committee on Claims, reported upon the engrossed resolution entitled "Resolution to refund Harnett County, money expended for Col. Alex. Murchison's Cavalry Company," and recommended an amendment thereto.

On motion of Mr. Ramsay, the bill entitled "A bill for the support of the Insane Asylum" was taken up and read second time.

The question being on the amendment thereto, Mr. Sharpe moved to amend the amendment by striking out the words "sixty-two thousand and five hundred dollars," and inserting "seventy-five thousand dollars," which was not agreed to, and the amendment was adopted as follows, to wit: Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert as follows, to wit: That for the purpose of supporting and maintaining the Insane Asylum for the years 1863 and 1864, and for the further purpose of indemnifying the Treasurer of the State for the sum of four-
fifteen thousand and five hundred dollars drawn from the Treasury over and above the amount appropriated by law for the years 1861 and 1862; the sum of one hundred and thirty-nine thousand and five hundred dollars is hereby appropriated.

Sec. 2, Be it further enacted, That the Treasurer of the State be, and he is hereby authorized and required to pay to the order of the Executive Committee for the Insane Asylum, from time to time, for the support of the Asylum, for the years 1863 and 1864 so much of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars as may be necessary; Provided, the aggregate amount for each year shall not exceed the sum of sixty-two thousand five hundred dollars, ($62,500.)

Sec. 3, Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in full force and effect from and after its ratification.

The bill as amended passed, and the rules were suspended when it was read a third time and passed.

Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Wright for to-morrow, on motion of Mr. Warren; and also to Mr. Sanders indefinitely, on motion of Mr. Graham.

The bill entitled "A bill for the relief of persons in custody, not in the military service," was taken up, when Mr. Warren's pending motion to fill the blank in section 1 at the end thereof with the words "five hundred dollars," was agreed to.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they propose to the Senate to postpone the appointment of Justices of the Peace until the 20th day of January, 1863, which was agreed to; also a message that they propose to go forthwith into an election for Adjutant General, and that Messrs. R. H. Cowan, John Randolph, D. G. Fowle, C. P. Bryson, R. C. Duvall and W. E. Mann are in nomination therefor.

Mr. Graham moved to lay on the table and asked for the yeas and nays upon this question, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are:

of Anson, Smith of Macon, Warren, Wooley, Wright and Young—22.

Those who voted in the negative are:
Messrs. Bagley, Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Drake, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Harris, Lindsay, Murrill, Outlaw, Patrick, Slaughter, Taylor, of Nash, Whitford, White and Wiggins—18.

So the proposition was laid on the table.

Mr. Graham moved to send a message to the House of Commons that the Senate proposes to rescind the joint rule so far as it relates to the engrossing, &c., of the Revenue Bill, which was agreed to.

A message was received from the House, that they concur in the foregoing proposition of the Senate; also, a message that they disagree to the amendment made by the Senate to the engrossed House bill entitled "A bill in relation to the Justices of Johnston county."

Mr. Warren moved to amend the bill entitled "A bill for the relief of persons in custody not in the military service," by inserting in section 2, line 11, after word "shall," the words "unless good cause be shown;"] which was agreed to.

Mr. Eure moved to amend as follows, to wit: Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert as follows: That the Governor be and he is hereby authorized to employ counsel learned in the law, to proceed to the place or places of imprisonment of any citizen or citizens of this State, who is or may be detained and imprisoned under any arrest made, or which may be made by the military authorities of the Confederate States, or of the State, to the end that the cause of the arrest and detention may be investigated, and to institute such proceedings in behalf of such citizen or citizens, as he shall think proper, so that if they be innocent, of the charges preferred, they may be acquitted; or, if guilty, be convicted and punished according to law.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its ratification.

Mr. Ramsay introduced a resolution, entitled "Resolution
calling upon the Public Treasurer for information;” which was read and adopted.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they propose to the Senate to go forthwith into an election for Adjutant General.

On motion of Mr. Graham, the proposition was laid on the table.

Also a message from the House, that they ask the concurrence of the Senate in a proposition to go into an election for five Directors of the Insane Asylum, immediately.

On motion of Mr. Ramsay, the proposition was laid on the table.

Mr. Ramsay moved to send a message to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes to go into an election for five Directors of the Insane Asylum at 8 o’clock, P. M.; which was agreed to.

And a message was received from the House, that they concur in the foregoing proposition.

Mr. Graham moved to lay on the table the bill entitled, “A bill for the relief of persons in custody, not in the military service,” under consideration, and Mr. Warren asked the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,


Those who voted in the negative are,


So the motion did not prevail, and the Senate took a recess until 7 o’clock, P. M.
Evening Session—Seven o'clock, P. M.

A message was sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate transmits for their action an engrossed resolution, entitled "Resolution in favor of G. W. Crumpler, late Sheriff of the County of Sampson," and the engrossed bill entitled "A bill to be entitled 'Revenue.'"

The question being on Mr. Eure's amendment proposed to the bill for the relief of persons in custody, not in the military service, Mr. Young moved to reconsider the vote by which the Senate refused to lay on the table said bill; which was not agreed to.

Mr. Arendell called for a division of the question, and upon the part to strike out all of the original bill except the enacting clause, Mr. Warren asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,


Those who voted in the negative, are,


So the Senate agreed to strike out.

Mr. Warren moved to postpone the further consideration of the bill until to-morrow morning 11 o'clock; and Mr. Outlaw moved to amend by striking out words "to-morrow morning 11 o'clock," and inserting words "22nd January, 1863." Upon this question Mr. Warren asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,

Messrs. Dickson, Drake, Ellis, Faison, Graham, Harris, Holeman, Murrill, Outlaw, Smith, of Anson, Taylor, of Nash, Whitford, White, Wiggins and Young—15.

Those who voted in the negative, are,

Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell,
Bagley, Brown, Carroway, Copeland, Dickerson, Eure, Jarratt, Lassiter, Leitch, Lindsay, Neal, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Warren, Wooley and Wright—27.

So the amendment was not agreed to.

The motion to postpone was withdrawn by Mr. Warren.

The question being on inserting the amendment of Mr. Eure, Mr. Arendell asked for the yeas and nays, when a message from the House of Commons was received that the hour having arrived for the election of five Directors of the Insane Asylum, they would proceed to vote upon the return of the messenger, and Messrs. Avera and Brem were the Committee to superintend the election on their part.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Ramsay and Copeland as the Committee on the part of the Senate, and the Senate proceeded to vote as follows:

For Dr. Ellis Malone.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Brown, Carroway, Drake, Ellis, Eure, Graham, Lassiter, Murrill, Outlaw, Patrick, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Taylor, of Chatham, Taylor, of Nash, Warren, Wooley and Wright—25.

For J. E. Williamson.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams of Guilford, Brown, Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Dickerson, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Graham, Jarratt, Lassiter, Leitch, Murrill, Neal, Outlaw, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sharpe, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Warren, Whitford, White, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young—34.


For Rev. C. Shaw.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Da-

For Dr. Chas. E. Johnson.—Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Brown, Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Dickerson, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Graham, Jarrett, Leitch, Murrill, Neal, Outlaw, Ramsay, Sanders, Simpson, Smith, of Anson, Smith of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Whitford, White, Wiggins and Young—28.

For J. A. Leak.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Copeland, Dickson, Dickerson, Drake, Graham, Harris, Jarrett, Lassiter, Leitch, Neal, Outlaw, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Warren, White, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young—31.

For J. G. King.—Messrs. Ellis, Faison, Harris, Taylor, of Nash and Whitford—5.

For Kemp P. Bettle.—Messrs. Harris, Murrill and Taylor, of Nash—3.

For A. M. Lewis.—Messrs. Harris and Taylor, of Nash.—2.

For Carter B. Harrison.—Messrs. Harriss and Taylor, of Nash.—2.

For Jas. T. Leach.—Messrs. Sanders and Smith, of Anson.—2.

For H. S. Smith.—Messrs. Sanders and Smith, of Anson.—2.

For John B. Williams.—Messrs. White and Wiggins—2.

For Dr. Jas. L. Manney.—Mr. Arendell—1.

For Dr. Isaac W. Hughes.—Mr. Arendell—1.

For Rev. Dr. W. Closs.—Mr. Arendell—1.

For Charles Skinner.—Mr. Drake—1.

The question recurring on the amendment proposed by Mr. Eure to the bill for the relief of persons in custody, not in
military service, Mr. Warren moved to postpone until tomorrow, 10 o'clock, and it was agreed to.

Mr. Outlaw moved to adjourn, but it was not agreed to.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit certain engrossed bills and resolutions for the action of the Senate, to wit:

A resolution in relation to the bills, &c., of this session of the Legislature, which was adopted.

A bill to amend the 46th chapter of the Revised Code, 18th section.

A bill for the relief of W. E. Mann, late Sheriff of Pasquotank County.

Resolution in relation to prisoners confined in Salisbury, which was read first time.

The engrossed resolution entitled "Resolution to pay expenses of Commissioners to Richmond," was read second time and passed, when, on motion of Mr. Taylor of Chatham, the rules were suspended and the same was read a third time and passed.

The bill entitled "A bill continuing in force the 1st section of an ordinance entitled 'an ordinance concerning the collection of taxes in certain counties, passed at the fourth session of the Convention,'" was read a second time and passed, when, on motion of Mr. Lindsay, the rules were suspended and the same was read a third time and passed.

The engrossed bill entitled "A bill to repeal the first section of the ordinance of the Convention entitled "An ordinance to amend an ordinance to secure to certain officers and soldiers the right to vote as to elections to fill vacancies in Congress or the General Assembly," was read a second time, and, on motion of Mr. Eure, was laid on the table.

A bill entitled "A bill to raise ten thousand volunteers for the defence of the State," was read a second time, when Mr. Young moved to lay it on the table, but the motion did not prevail. And Mr. Lindsay moved to postpone the same until 11 o'clock to-morrow and that it be made the special order for that time, which was agreed to.
The engrossed resolutions entitled "Resolutions on the 'Roll of Honor,'" were read a third time and passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit an engrossed bill entitled "A bill to establish the office of Auditor of Public Accounts," which was read first time, and, on motion of Mr. Graham, the rules were suspended and it was read a second time.

Mr. Graham moved to amend by adding an additional section, and the amendment was adopted, to wit:

Sec. 4. All claims that may be presented against the State for expenses incurred for arming, equipping, subsistence, and transportation of troops, munitions of war, bounty paid to said troops, either in the Military or Naval service of the State, and other expenses incurred in the public defence, shall be audited and settled by said auditor upon principles of equity and justice, and according to the rules established by the existing board of claims, in similar cases." The bill as amended passed and was read a third time and passed, and sent to the House of Commons for their agreement to the amendment.

The bill entitled "A bill concerning the County of Mitchell," was read a second time.

Mr. Ramsay, from the Committee to superintend the election of Directors for the Insane Asylum, reported that P. F. Pescud, Rev. C. Shaw, James A. Leak, Dr. J. C. Williamson and Dr. Chas. E. Johnston, having received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, are elected.

And the Senate adjourned until 10 o'clock, to-morrow.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1862.

On motion of Mr. Ramsay a message was sent to the House of Commons that the Senate proposes to rescind, during the remaining part of the present session, the Joint Rules of the two Houses, No. 5; and a message was received from the House that they agree to said proposition.

Also, a message was received from the House that they
agree to the amendment made by the Senate to the engrossed
bill entitled "A bill to establish the office of Auditor of Pub-
lic Accounts," and said bill was enrolled and signed first by
the Speaker of the House of Commons and then by the
Speaker of the Senate.

On motion of Mr. Warren, the further consideration of the bill
entitled "A bill for the relief of persons in custody, not in
the military service," was postponed until 20th January, 1863.

Mr. Arendell, from the Joint Standing Committee on the
Deaf and Dumb and Blind Asylum, made a report which was
received and read and ordered to be printed; and also
reported a bill entitled "A bill concerning the North Caro-
olina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind," which
was read first time, when on his motion, the rules were sus-
pended, and said bill was read a second time.

Mr. Ramsay moved to amend by striking out the word
"board" so often as and wherever it occurs in the bill, which
motion was not agreed to, and the bill passed, and was read a
third time.

Mr. Ramsay moved to amend by adding to section 4 these
words, to wit: "Except those pupils who are able to pay for
board—tuition being free to all classes."

Upon this amendment the yeas and nays were asked, and
one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,
Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Bagley, Brown, Carroway,
Eure, Faison, Graham, Holeman, Jarratt, Lassiter, Patrick,
Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson,
Smith, of Macon, Taylor, of Chatham, White, Wright and
Young—22.

Those who voted in the negative, are,
Messrs. Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Copeland, Dickson,
Drake, Ellis, Harris, Leitch, Lindsay, Murrill, Neal, Taylor,

So the amendment was adopted, and the bill as amended
passed, and was sent to the House of Commons.

On motion of Mr. Sanders a message was sent to the House.
of Commons, that the Senate proposes to go into an election for Auditor of Public Accounts, at 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) o’clock to-day, and that Samuel F. Phillips, is in nomination therefor; and Mr. Ellis added to said nomination, Maurice Q. Waddell.

Mr. Graham introduced a resolution entitled "A resolution to pay the principal clerks of the Senate and House of Commons, one hundred dollars each for extra services, over and above the amounts allowed by law, which was read a first time, and the rules having been suspended, was read a second and third time and passed, and sent to the House of Commons for their action.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit an engrossed bill for the action of the Senate entitled, to wit: "A bill to authorize the Governor to employ slave labor, in erecting fortifications and other works," which was read first time, when, on motion of Mr. Wiggins, the rules were suspended, and the same was read a second and third times and passed.

Mr. Leitch, from the Committee on Education, reported upon the bill entitled, "A bill authorizing the President and Directors of the Literary Fund of North Carolina to elect a Treasurer," and recommended that it do pass.

Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, introduced a resolution to pay the Door-keepers of each house, fifty dollars each, as extra compensation, which was read first time, and upon the suspension of the rules, was read a second and third times and passed; and the same was sent to the House of Commons in pursuance of resolution suspending Joint Rule, No. 5.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit a communication from the Board of Claims, and propose that the further consideration thereof be postponed until 20th January, 1863, which was agreed to; and said communication was referred to the Committee on Claims, on motion of Mr. Graham.

The bill entitled "A bill for the support of the Insane Asylum," engrossed, was transmitted to the House of Commons; and also under the resolution suspending Joint Rule,
No. 5, was transmitted the bill entitled, "A bill to continue in force 1st section of an Ordinance entitled 'An Ordinance concerning the collection of taxes, in certain counties," passed the 4th session of the Convention.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they agree to the proposition to go into an election for Auditor of Public Accounts, at 1½ o'clock, to-day, and appoint Messrs. Cowles and Love, committee on their part to superintend said election, and that John A. Stanly and Sam'l J. Person, are in nomination therefor.

The Speaker announced as the committee to superintend said election, on the part of the Senate, Messrs. Warren and Sharpe.

The Senate proceeded to the election of Auditor of Public Accounts; the vote was as follows:

For S. F. Phillips.—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Brown, Eure, Graham, Holeman, Jarratt, Leitch, Murrill, Neal, Outlaw, Ramsay, Russ, Sanders, Shipp, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Taylor, of Nash, Wright and Young—22.

For M. Q. Waddell.—Messrs. Carroway, Ellis, Taylor, of Chatham and Wiggins—4.


For S. J. Person.—Messrs. Copeland, Dickson, Drake, Faison, Harris, Whitford and White—7.

The order of the day being the engrossed bill entitled, "A bill to raise ten thousand volunteers for the defence of the State," was read, and after some discussion, Mr. Copeland moved to postpone until the 22d January, 1863, whereupon Mr. Lindsay asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are, Messrs. Copeland, Dickson, Drake, Ellis, Faison, Graham, Harris, Holeman, Leitch, Sharpe, Whitford, White, Wright and Young—14.

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the motion did not prevail.

Mr. Warren from the committee appointed to superintend the election for Auditor of Public Accounts, reported that Samuel F. Phillips received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, and is elected.

Mr. Outlaw moved to amend the order of the day by inserting in section 1, at the end of line 7, after words "eighteen years," words "with the consent and approbation of the President of the Confederate States, as to those between the ages of 18 and 45 years," pending which motion, the Senate took a recess until 7 o'clock, P. M.

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Evening Session—Seven o'clock, P. M.

The following bills and resolutions having been reported as duly enrolled, were transmitted to the House of Commons, and having been signed by the Speaker thereof, were returned and signed by the Speaker of the Senate, to wit:

- Resolutions on the "Roll of Honor;"
- Resolution in favor of Capt. J. S. Ives;
- Resolution in favor of Door-Keepers;
- Resolution to pay expenses of Commissioners to Richmond;
- Resolution in relation to the bills of this session of the Legislature;
- Resolution in favor of T. H. Hill;
- An act to authorize the Governor to employ slave labor in erecting fortifications and other works;
- An act to provide ways and means for supplying the Treasury;
- An act to alter the time of holding the Superior Courts of Law and Equity in the 6th Judicial Circuit;
Resolution in favor of Lewis Williamson;
Resolution in relation to the seizure and transportation from the State of R. J. Graves, a citizen of Orange County;
Resolution in favor G. W. Crumpler, late Sheriff of Sampson County;
Resolution in favor of the Principal Clerks of the House and Senate;
Resolution protesting against the seizure of iron by the Confederate Government, belonging to the State of North-Carolina, and now in possession of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad Company;
An act in relation to the supply of salt;
An act for the support of the Insane Asylum of North-Carolina;
An act concerning the North-Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind;
An act for the relief of such persons as may suffer from the burning of the Court House and records of Hertford County;
An act to provide for the probate of wills and granting letters of administration, when the County of the residence of testators or intestates, is in the possession of the enemy.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit certain bills and resolutions, for the action of the Senate, entitled, to wit:
“A bill to incorporate the Silver Lead Mining Company,” which was read first time;
“Resolution in favor of C. P. Bryson;” which was read first time, when, on motion of Mr. Smith, of Macon, the rules were suspended, and the same was read a second and third times and passed;
“An act concerning bounty to persons, not citizens,” which was read first time, and on motion of Mr. Smith, of Macon, the rules were suspended, when the same was read a second and third times and passed; and
“Resolution in favor of W. A. Maroney, Sheriff of Davie County,” which was read first time, and the rules having
been suspended, the same was read a second and third times and passed.

Mr. Warren introduced a bill entitled "A bill to change the term of office of the Adjutant General and for other purposes," which was read first time, and the rules having been suspended, was read a second and third times and passed.

Mr. Wright moved to take up the bill entitled, "A bill to enable the incorporated towns of this State to levy additional taxes," which was agreed to, and said bill, the rules having been suspended, was read three several times and passed.

On motion of Mr. Neal, the engrossed bill entitled "A bill concerning the County of Mitchell," was read, under suspension of the rules, three several times and passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit certain engrossed resolutions entitled, as follows:

"Resolution requiring the Governor to appoint Commissioners to examine and report the condition of the Agency of Cherokee Lands, connected with the Turnpike Roads in Jackson County," which was read first time, when on motion of Mr. Smith, of Macon, the rules were suspended, and the same was read a second and third times and passed; "Resolution in reference to the Auditor of Public Accounts;" and "A resolution in reference to a fund in the hands of the Board of Claims," which were read three several times and passed.

On motion of Mr. Enre, the bill entitled "A bill to authorize and require the Quartermaster of the State to pay commutation money to the soldiers of North-Carolina for boots and shoes," was taken up and read a second time.

Mr. White moved to strike out in section 1, the words "fourteen" and "eight," and insert "twelve" and "six," which was not agreed to.

Mr. Bagley moved to strike out in same section, "eight," and insert "ten," which was not agreed to; and also, to strike out "eight," and insert "nine," and it was not agreed to.
Mr. Eure moved to amend by adding this proviso to section 1, to wit:

"Provided they shall not be paid for more pairs of boots and shoes than they are entitled to by by the Army Regulations," and it was adopted.

Mr. Bagley moved to strike out in same section 1, "fourteen," and insert "thirteen," and upon this question asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are,
Messrs.—Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Brown, Carroway, Dickson, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Graham, Harris, Holeman, Lassiter, Leitch, Lindsay, Murrill, Neal, Outlaw, Russ, Smith, of Anson, Taylor, of Chatham, Whitford, Wright and Young—24.

So the motion did not prevail.

And the bill as amended passed and was read a third time and passed, and sent to the House of Commons for their action.

The engrossed bill entitled "A bill to amend an act entitled "An act for the relief of the Banks and the People," was read a second time, when Mr. Lindsay moved to postpone until January 22d, 1863, and asked for the yeas and nays thereon, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,
Messrs. Bagley, Carroway, Jarratt, Lindsay, Murrill, Outlaw, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith, of Macon, Taylor, of Nash, and Warren—11.

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the motion did not prevail.
On the passage of the bill, Mr. Lindsay asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,


Those who voted in the negative are,


So the bill passed and the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Adams, of Davidson, when it was read a third time and passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit a resolution which they had passed, entitled "A resolution in favor of the Engrossing Clerks of the present session of the General Assembly," and the same was read first time, when the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Ramsay, and it was read a second time and passed and read a third time, when Mr. Murrill moved to postpone until the 10th day of February, 1863, which motion was not agreed to. Mr. Murrill now moved to postpone indefinitely, and it was not agreed to; also asked for the yeas and nays on the passage of the resolution and it was not agreed to.

The resolution passed.

On motion of Mr. Ramsay, the bill entitled "A bill to incorporate the town of Chestnut Hill, in Rowan county," was taken up and read a second time and said bill passed and was read a third time and passed.

The order of the day being the bill entitled "A bill to raise ten thousand volunteers for the defence of the State was taken up, When Mr. Outlaw moved to postpone the same until January 20th, 1863, and upon this question asked the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are:

Messrs. Adams, of Guilford, Brown, Copeland, Dickson,
Drake, Ellis, Faison, Graham, Harris, Holeman, Neal, Outlaw, Sharpe, Shipp, Smith, of Anson, Taylor, of Nash, Whiteford, White, Wright and Young,—20.

Those who voted in the negative, are:
Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Bagley, Carroway, Eure, Jarratt, Lassiter, Leitch, Lindsay, Murrill, Patrick, Ramsay, Russ, Slaughter, Smith, of Macon and Taylor, of Chatham—15.

So the bill was postponed until 20th January, 1863.
Mr. White moved to take up the bill entitled, "A bill to incorporate the town of Dallas in the County of Gaston," and it was read a second time, when Mr. Murrill moved to strike out the word "Dallas," and insert the word, "Stonewall," which was not agreed to.
Mr. Bagley moved to strike out "Dallas," and insert "Beauregard," which was not agreed to; and the bill passed, and was read a third time and passed.
Mr. Young introduced a resolution which he would call up at another time, and moved that the Senate adjourn until Monday morning 4:\(\frac{1}{2}\) o'clock; and, the Senate adjourned accordingly.

MONDAY, 4:\(\frac{1}{2}\) o'clock, A. M. December 22, 1862.
A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit certain bills and resolutions duly enrolled and signed by the Speaker of the House, and the same were signed by the Speaker of the Senate, entitled, to wit:
"An act to amend section 2d, of an Ordinance of the Convention, ratified 12th day of May, 1862, entitled, 'An Ordinance to repeal an ordinance passed at the present session of this Convention entitled, 'An Ordinance amendatory of an Ordinance to raise North Carolina's quota of Confederate troops,' passed and ratified the 19th day of February, A. D., 1862, and to extend the provisions as to bounty, to certain other persons";
Resolution in favor of W. A. Maroney, Sheriff of Davie county;"

Resolution requiring the Governor to appoint commissioners to examine and report the condition of the agency of Cherokee Lands as connected with Turnpike Roads in Jackson county.

A resolution in favor of the Engrossing Clerks of the present session of the General Assembly;

A resolution in favor of C. P. Bryson;

A resolution in reference to the Auditor of Public Accounts;

A resolution in reference to a fund in the hands of the Board of Claims;

Resolution to pay the officers and privates of Captain J. W. F. Bank's company for their services;

An act to incorporate the town of Marion;

An act concerning the county site of Mitchell;

An act to amend an act entitled, "An act for the relief of the Banks and the people;"

An act to enable the incorporated towns of the State to levy additional taxes;

An act to amend an act passed at the second extra session of the General Assembly, A. D. 1861, Chapter 5, entitled, "An act to enlarge the powers of the county Courts for raising revenue for county purposes."

Mr. Enre, by leave, recorded his vote in the negative on the question to postpone the bill entitled, "A bill to raise ten thousand volunteers for the defence of the State," until January 20, 1863.

Mr. Arendell being in the chair, called up the following resolution, introduced by Mr. Young, to wit:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Senate are due, and are hereby tendered to the Honorable Giles Mebane, Speaker of the Senate, for the zeal, impartiality and efficiency with which he has discharged the duties of his office; which was unanimously adopted.

The Speaker having resumed the chair, addressed the Sen-
ate in a brief and very appropriate manner, and declared the same adjourned until the 19th January, A. D., 1863, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

GILES MEBANE,
Speaker of the Senate.

C. R. THOMAS,
Principal Clerk.
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JOURNAL

OF

THE SENATE

OF THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,

AT ITS

SECOND SESSION, 1863.

RALEIGH:
W. W. HOLDEN, PRINTER TO THE STATE.
1863.
MONDAY, JANUARY 19, 1863.

A number of Senators met in the Senate Chamber, at 11 o'clock, A. M., and it having been ascertained by the Principal Clerk, upon a call of the roll of the Senate, that a quorum was not present, Mr. Wiggins moved to adjourn until tomorrow morning 11 o'clock, and it was so agreed.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1863.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Hardie.

Willie D. Jones, Senator elect to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of John P. H. Russ, from the 24th District, presented a certificate of his election and was qualified according to law.

Mr. White introduced a bill entitled "A bill to incorporate the Vestal's Ford Toll Bridge Company," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Corporations.

The bill entitled "A bill to secure the property of married women," was taken up and read a second time. Said bill was postponed, on motion of Mr. Faison, until Friday next, and was made the special order for that day at 12 o'clock.

Mr. Smith, of Macon introduced a resolution entitled "Resolution in reference to the purchase of a machine for the manufacture of cotton cards," which was read first time, when, on his motion, the rules were suspended and said resolution was read a second time.
Mr. Graham moved to refer to the Committee on Agriculture, and it was not agreed to.

Mr. Holeman moved to refer to a select committee, and the resolution was so referred.

The Speaker announced as said select committee, Messrs. Smith of Macon, Young, Holeman, Wiggins and Adams of Guilford.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they propose to the Senate to postpone the joint order for the appointment of Justices of the Peace, until Saturday next, which was agreed to; also a message that they transmit an engrossed bill entitled "A bill to amend an act passed at the present session of the General Assembly entitled "An act to amend the ordinance of the Convention entitled 'An ordinance to make some provision for the families of soldiers dying in service, ratified 22d February, 1862, and for other purposes," which was read first time, when the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Wright, and the same was read a second time and passed. Said bill having been read a third time, Mr. Brown moved to amend by adding as follows: "and when the son dies in the service, leaving his mother surviving him, and his father shall have been absent from the State six years and not heard from, then, the bounty or other sum of money due to the estate of the son, shall be paid to the mother.

Mr. Eure moved to amend the amendment by striking out "six years" and inserting "one year," which was accepted, and the amendment was adopted, and the bill as amended passed.

The bill entitled "A bill to transfer the jurisdiction of the Courts of counties occupied or controlled by a public enemy," was taken up, and on motion of Mr. Warren laid on the table.

The engrossed bill entitled "A bill for the relief of Wm. E. Mann, late Sheriff of Pasquotank county, was read a second time and passed.

The bill entitled "A bill for the relief of persons who have overpaid or may hereafter overpay taxes," was read a second
time. Mr. Murrill asked for the yeas and nays on the question of its passage, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,
Messrs. Adams of Davidson, Arendell, Carroway, Dickson, Drake, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Harris, Lindsay, Murrill, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Smith of Macon, Smith of Stanly, Whitford, White, Wooley and Young—20.

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the bill passed its second reading. And, on motion of Mr. Sharpe, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning 10 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, January 21, 1863.
Mr. Smith, of Macon, from the Select Committee, to whom was referred the resolution entitled, "Resolution in reference to the purchase of a machine for the manufacture of Cotton Cards, &c.," reported a resolution as a substitute and recommended that it do pass.

On motion of Mr. Smith, of Macon, the rules were suspended and the foregoing resolution was read a second and third time (the substitute having been adopted) and passed.

Mr. Adams, of Guilford, introduced a bill entitled "A bill to authorize and enable C. A. Boon, late Sheriff of Guilford County, to collect arrearages of taxes," which was read first time, when, on his motion, the rules were suspended and the same was read a second time and passed. Said bill was read a third time, and Mr. White moved to amend by adding the name of Joseph Luske, Sheriff of Gaston County, which was agreed to.

Mr. Slaughter moved to amend by striking out the words "one thousand, eight hundred and fifty-eight," and inserting
"one thousand, eight hundred and sixty," which was not agreed to, and the bill as amended passed.

The bill entitled "A bill to organize the State Reserves," was read a second time, and, on motion of Mr. Sharpe, laid on the table.

The engrossed bill entitled "A bill to raise ten thousand volunteers for the defence of the State," was taken up, on motion of Mr. Murrill, and postponed until, and made the special order for to-morrow, 12 o'clock, on motion of Mr. Brown.

The engrossed resolution entitled "Resolution to refund Harnett County money expended for Col. Alex. Murchison's cavalry company," was read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Sharpe, laid on the table.

An engrossed bill entitled "A bill to incorporate the town of Chestnut Hill, in Rowan County," and an engrossed resolution entitled "Resolution in reference to the purchase of machinery for the manufacture of Cotton Cards, &c.," were transmitted to the House of Commons.

A message was received from the House, that they agree to the amendment made by the Senate to the engrossed bill entitled "A bill to amend an act passed the present session of the General Assembly entitled "An act to amend the ordinance of the Convention entitled, 'An ordinance to make some provision for the families of soldiers dying in service, ratified 22d February, 1862, and for other purposes,'" said bill is ordered to be enrolled.

The bill entitled "A bill to continue in force the ordinance of the Convention providing for an increase of the salaries of the Comptroller and Secretary of State, passed and ratified the 9th day of May, A. D., 1862," was read second time and on motion of Mr. Wiggins, laid on the table.

The engrossed bill entitled "A bill to admit proof of the handwriting of attesting witnesses in certain cases," and the engrossed resolution entitled, "Resolution authorizing the Door-Keeper of the House to purchase a Flag of the Confederate States of America," were read a second time and passed.
The bill entitled "A bill regulating the service of process on the Southern Express Company," was read a second time and referred, on motion of Mr. Graham, to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The bill entitled "A bill to rate articles of prime necessity in the several Counties of the State," was read a second time and referred, on motion of Mr. Hall, to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

A message from the House of Commons was received, that they transmit certain engrossed bills and resolutions entitled as follows, to wit:

"Resolution in favor of Charles Byrd;"

"Resolution in favor of M. Walker, Sheriff of Rutherford County;"

"Resolution in reference to the Engrossing Clerks;"

"A bill to legalize the Acts of a County Court in Lincoln County;"

"A bill to authorize incorporated towns to lay an ad valorem tax on slaves;"

"A bill to amend the act ratified 20th December, 1862, entitled 'An act to provide ways and means for supplying the Treasury;'

"A bill authorizing the Governor to employ a Messenger for the Executive Department;"

"A bill in favor of Gideon B. Threadgill, late Sheriff of Anson County."

The foregoing bills and resolutions were read first time.

The bill entitled, "A bill authorizing the President and Directors of the Literary Fund of North-Carolina to elect a Treasurer," was read a second time, and laid on the table on motion of Mr. Matthews.

The engrossed resolution entitled, "Resolution in relation to the exchange of salt," was read a second time and passed, when, on motion of Mr. Taylor of Chatham, the rules were suspended and the same was read a third time and passed.

The engrossed bill entitled, "A bill to amend the 46th chapter of the Revised Code, 18th section," was read a se-
cond time and referred, on motion of Mr. Hall, to the com-
mittee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Graham introduced a bill entitled, "A bill to modify
an act entitled, 'An act to change the jurisdiction of the
Courts and the rules of pleading,' passed at the second extra
session of the General Assembly, 1861, commonly called the
Stay Law," which was read first time and referred, on mo-
tion of Mr. Hall, to the Committee on the Judiciary, and al-
so, on motion of Mr. Eure, ordered to be printed.

The engrossed resolutions entitled, "Resolutions in relation
to prisoners confined in the military prison at Salisbury,"
were read a second time and referred, on motion of Mr. Hall,
to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

On motion of Mr. Sharpe, the Senate adjourned until 10
o'clock to-morrow morning.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1863.

Mr. Graham introduced a resolution which was adopted,
to wit:"

"Resolved, That a select committee of two on the part of
the Senate and three on the part of the House of Commons, be
appointed to examine the apartments of the Capitol building,
and report a scheme, for distributing the same among the
several State officers so as to facilitate the transaction of pub-
lic business."

Mr. Graham also introduced a bill entitled, "A bill to au-
thorize the Auditor of Public Accounts to administer oaths,"
which was read first time, when, on his motion, the rules
were suspended and said bill was read a second and third
time and passed.

Mr. Simpson introduced a bill entitled "A bill to increase
the pay of jurors and witnesses," which was read first time
and referred, on his motion, to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, introduced a bill entitled "A bill
to amend an act passed 1844-'45, to incorporate the town of
Pittsborough, in the County of Chatham," which was read first time.

Mr. Hall introduced a bill entitled "A bill to authorize Malcolm McInnis to distill from grain the article of alcohol for mechanical and medical purposes," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

The Speaker announced as the Committee on Enrolled Bills, for the remainder of the present week, Messrs. White, Faison and Adams of Davidson.

Mr. Bagley introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire whether at the commencement of the war the authorities of this State did not furnish the State of Virginia with several thousand stand of arms, for which there has been received neither pay nor voucher, and if so, how many, of what kind and their probable value, and recommend such way as they may deem best to secure payment for the same or their return, which was adopted.

The bill entitled "A bill for the relief of persons who have overpaid or may hereafter overpay taxes," was read a third time, and Mr. Leitch moved to strike out section 3, which was not agreed to, and the bill passed.

The engrossed resolution entitled "Resolution authorizing the Door-Keeper of the House to purchase a Flag of the Confederate States of America, &c.," and the engrossed bill entitled, "A bill to admit proof of the hand-writing of attesting witnesses in certain cases," were read a third time and passed.

The following entitled, engrossed bills were read a second time and passed, to wit:

"A bill to legalize the acts of the County Court in Lincoln County;" "A bill authorizing the Governor to employ a messenger for the executive department;" "A bill to amend the act ratified the 20th December, 1862, entitled 'An act to provide ways and means for supplying the Treasury;" and
"A bill to authorize Incorporated Towns to levy an ad valorem tax on slaves."

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit a report of the Board of Claims and accompanying papers, which were referred, on motion of Mr. Graham, to the Committee on Claims; also, a message, that they transmit the message of his Excellency, the Governor, and accompanying documents, to wit: communications in relation to the guaranteeing of Confederate bonds from the Executive Departments of South-Carolina, Alabama, and Florida, and a communication from the Honorable James A. Seddon, Secretary of War, in relation to the arrest &c., of R. J. Graves, and propose that the same be printed; which, on motion of Mr. Wiggins, was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Young, a message was sent to the House, that the Senate proposes to raise a joint select committee to whom should be referred the communications from the Executive Departments of South-Carolina, Alabama, and Florida, and to consist of three (3) on the part of the Senate and five (5) on the part of the House.

A message was received from the House, that they agree to the proposition to raise a joint select committee to examine, &c., the Capitol building departments, &c., and appoint Messrs. Foust, Russ and Burgin as its part of said committee.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Lane and Wiggins as the Senate branch of said committee.

The order of the day, being the bill entitled "A bill to raise ten thousand volunteers for the defence of the State," was read a second time, and the pending question being the amendment proposed by Mr. Outlaw, Mr. Hall asked thereon the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Messrs. Copeland, Dickson, Drake, Faison, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Lane, Powell, Taylor, of Nash, Whitford, White and Young—13.

Those who voted in the negative are,

Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Arendell,
Bagley, Brown, Carroway, Dickerson, Ellis, Graham, Jarratt, Jones, Lassiter, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Murrill, Patrick, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Warren, Wiggins, Wooley and Wright—27.

So the amendment was not adopted.

Mr. Ellis proposed to amend as follows, to wit:

"Whereas, heretofore an act was passed by the General Assembly of North-Carolina at its session of 1860-'61, authorizing the Governor of the State to accept of volunteers for State service: And, whereas, the raising of said volunteers was not carried into effect at the time of the passage of said law: And, whereas, the Legislature in the passage of the following military bill, now under consideration, desire to be understood as offering no impediment to the operation of the conscription act of Congress, and disclaim any intention to throw itself in conflict with the President of the Confederate States or the authorities at Richmond, but simply to carry out the provisions of an act of the General Assembly by which a State force shall be organized;” therefore

Upon this question Mr. Hall asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,

Messrs. Blount, Copeland, Dickson, Drake, Ellis, Faison, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Jones, Lane, Murrill, Powell, Taylor, of Nash, Whitford, White, Wiggins and Young—18.

Those who voted in the negative, are,


So the amendment was not adopted.

Mr. Murrill, moved to amend as follows:

"Provided That persons liable to the conscript laws shall not be accepted and enrolled in such service unless the Governor of the State shall be of opinion that such acceptance
and enrollment in the service of this State will in no way operate against a satisfactory execution of any agreement between the authority of this State and the Confederate States for the enforcement of the conscription laws. And, provided further, That this act of acquiescence on the part of this General Assembly shall not be considered as an acknowledgment of the constitutionality of said conscript laws, or be drawn into precedent in the legislation of this State hereafter.”

On this question, Mr. Murrill asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,
Messrs. Arendell, Drake, Ellis, Murrill and White — 5.

Those who voted in the negative, are,
Messrs. Adams, of Davidson, Adams, of Guilford, Bagley, Blount, Brown, Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Dickerson, Faison, Graham, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Jarratt, Jones, Lane, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Patrick, Powell, Sanders, Simpson, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Smith, of Stanly, Taylor, of Chatham, Taylor, of Nash, Warren, Whitford, Wiggins, Wooley, Wright and Young — 37.

So the amendment was not adopted.

Mr. Lane moved to amend by inserting in sec. 1 line 11, after the words “Confederate States,” the words “or subject to the act of Congress known as the conscript law,” pending which motion, after some discussion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning 10 o’clock, on motion of Mr. Slaughter.

FRIDAY, January 23, 1863.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Hardie.

Mr. Hall presented a memorial from sundry citizens of Wilmington, in relation to the passage of a bill to permit Malcolm McInnis to distil alcohol for medical and mechanical purposes, and also sundry letters in reference to the same subject, which were read, and on his motion laid on the table,
A petition from sundry citizens of Alamance county, praying the passage of a law authorizing the sale of free persons of color for a term or time, in order to compel them to pay their debts, was presented by the Speaker, and on motion of Mr. Lassiter, laid on the table.

Mr. Lassiter from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported back the bill entitled "A bill to rate articles of prime necessity in the several counties of the State," and the resolution entitled "Resolution in relation to prisoners confined in military prisons at Salisbury," and asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the same, and the Committee were so discharged; also, upon the bill entitled "A bill to authorize Malcom McInnis to distil from grain the article of alcohol for mechanical and medical purposes," recommending amendments thereto.

Mr. Sanders introduced a resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of Mary C. Gulley," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Patrick introduced a resolution entitled "Resolution in relation to the seizure and imprisonment of Wm. C. Loftin, a citizen of Lenoir county," which was read, and laid on the table by the following vote, upon a call for the yeas and nays by Mr. Murrill, one-fifth agreeing thereto, to wit:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,
Messrs. Adams, of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Brown, Carroway, Dickson, Dickerson, Drake, Ellis, Harris, Holeman, Jones, Lane, Murrill, Powell, Simpson, Smith, of Anson, Taylor, of Nash, Whitford, White and Young—21.

Those who voted in the negative are,

Mr. Warren introduced a bill entitled "A bill to enforce and make more effectual an act of the General Assembly, ratified December 22, 1862, regulating the payment of bounty," which was read first time, when the rules were suspended, on his motion, and said bill was read a second time.
An amendment proposed by Mr. Ellis, to wit: Add at the end of section 1, the words "but such Captain shall certify as to the citizenship on honor," was accepted, and the bill as amended passed, and was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Arendell from the Committee on Corporations, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill to incorporate Vestals Ford Toll Bridge Company," and recommended that it do pass.

Mr. Ellis introduced a bill entitled "A bill to amend the 6th section of the 48th chapter of the Revised Code, entitled "Fences," and a resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of Rufus Galloway and Lewis Williamson," which were read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

A message from the House of Commons was received, that they agree to the proposition of the Senate to raise a joint select committee, to whom should be referred the communications relating to a guarantee of the Confederate debt, from the Executive Departments of South-Carolina, Alabama and Florida, and appoint Messrs. Grissom, Shepherd, Person, Shober and Allison the House branch of the committee.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Young, Brown and Blount as the Senate branch of said committee.

Another message was received from the House, that they transmit an engrossed bill entitled "A bill to incorporate the Western North-Carolina Mining, Smelting and Copperas Manufacturing Company," which was read first time.

Also, a message that they propose to go into an election for nine Trustees of the University, on Monday, at 1 o'clock, which, on motion of Mr. Brown, was laid on the table.

Another message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit the following engrossed bills entitled, to wit:

"A bill to change the Probate Courts for Rutherford County," which was read first time, when the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Dickerson, and the same was read a second and third times and passed;"
"A bill to legalize the proceedings of a County Court in Henderson County," which was read first time;

"A bill to alter the time of holding the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the County of Stokes," which was read first time, when the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Matthews, and the same was read a second and third times and passed;" and

"A bill to change the time of holding the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions in the County of Ashe," which was read first time, when the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Jarratt, and the same was read a second and third times and passed.

The following entitled bills were sent to the House of Commons, duly engrossed, to wit:

"A bill for the relief of persons who have over paid, or may hereafter over pay taxes;"

"A bill to authorize and enable C. A. Boon, late Sheriff of Guilford County to collect arrearages of taxes;" and

"A bill to authorize the Auditor of Public Accounts to administer oaths."

The bill entitled "A bill to raise ten thousand volunteers for the defence of the State," was taken up, the pending question being on the amendment proposed by Mr. Lane, on yesterday.

After some debate, Mr. Lindsay moved to postpone the bill until to-morrow, 11 o'clock; which was not agreed to.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit a message from his Excellency, the Governor, with an accompanying paper from A. J. and T. J. Jones, in relation to the making salt, and propose that the same be referred to the Joint Select Committee on the Governor's message, so far as it relates to salt; which was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Graham, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning, 10 o'clock.
SATURDAY, January 24, 1863.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Lansdale.

Mr. Murrill for the Committee on Claims reported upon the "Resolution in favor of Mary C. Gully," and recommended that it do pass. Said resolution was taken up subsequently, on motion of Mr. Murrill, and the rules having been suspended was read a second and third time and passed.

Mr. Hall moved to take from the Committee on the Judiciary the bill referred to them entitled "A bill to modify an act entitled "An act to change the jurisdiction of the Courts and the rules of pleading," passed second Extra Session of the General Assembly, 1861, commonly called the Stay Law," and refer the same to the Joint Select Committee on so much of the Governor's Message as relates to the subject. The motion was not agreed to.

Mr. Lassiter, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances reported upon the resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of Rufus Galloway and Lewis Williamson," recommending that it do pass, and a memorial of J. R. Stewart and others, recommending that the prayer of the memorialists be granted; also, he reported back from the same committee, "A bill to amend the 6th section of the 48th chapter of the Revised Code, entitled "Fences," and asked to be discharged from its further consideration, and the committee were so discharged.

Mr. Wooley introduced a bill entitled "A bill to amend the 18th section of the 28th chapter of the Revised Code, in relation to fees of committees of Finance," which was read first time, when, on his motion, the rules were suspended, and the same was read a second and third times and passed.

On motion of Mr. Graham, so much of the Governor's message as relates to the public defences, was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Lindsay introduced a resolution, that the Senate proposes to the House of Commons, to hold a joint secret session on Monday next, at 12 o'clock, for the purpose of receiving such communication as the Governor may have to
make to the General Assembly, and that a select committee of two on the part of the Senate and three on the part of the House, be appointed to wait on his Excellency, the Governor, and to request him to give to the General Assembly such facts as are in his possession, in relation to the Confederate force now in North-Carolina; which was adopted.

And a message accordingly was sent to the House of Commons from whom a message was received, that they agree to said proposition, and appoint Messrs. Albritton, Bynum, and Foust, as the committee on their part.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Lindsay and Ellis as the committee on the part of the Senate.

Mr. Young introduced a bill entitled, "A bill to amend an act passed at this session of the General Assembly, entitled, an act for the relief of our sick and wounded soldiers," which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Lassiter, to a Select Committee.

Mr. Blount introduced a bill entitled, "A bill for the benefit of the families of soldiers dying in the service," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Whitford introduced a resolution in favor of A. C. Latham, Sheriff of Craven County, which was read first time.

The following bills, duly engrossed, were transmitted to the House of Commons, to wit: "A bill to incorporate the town of Dallas, in the County of Gaston," and "A bill to enforce and make more effectual, an act of the General Assembly, ratified December 22, 1862, regulating the payment of bounty.

Mr. Jarratt introduced a bill entitled, "A bill concerning the County site of Mitchell County," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

On motion of Mr. Young, the resolutions entitled, "Resolutions relating to the currency," were taken up and referred to the Joint Select Committee on the Communications relating to a guarantee of the debt of the Confederate States.

Mr. Smith, of Macon, from the Joint Select Committee, on
the Governor's message so far as it relates to salt, reported a resolution entitled "Resolution authorizing the Governor to make contracts for the manufacture of salt," &c., which was read first time, when, on his motion, the rules were suspended, and the same was read a second and third time and passed.

Said resolution was duly engrossed and sent, by order of the Senate, to the House of Commons, on motion of Mr. Ellis. The engrossed bills entitled "A bill for the relief of Wm. E. Mann, late sheriff of Pasquotank county."

"A bill to establish a Female Seminary in Davidson county by the name of Beatavilla," and the engrossed resolution entitled

"Resolution in favor of John Fisher," were read a third time and passed.

The resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of Capt. L. L. Clements, of the county of Martin," as amended, was read a third time and passed.

The following engrossed bills and resolutions, on their second reading were read, (the rules having been suspended,) a second and third time and passed, entitled to wit:

"A bill to incorporate the Western North Carolina Mining, Smelting and Copperas Manufacturing Company," which was amended by striking out the name of D. W. Courts.

A bill to incorporate the Silver Lead Mining Company;

A bill in favor of Gideon B. Threadgill, late Sheriff of Anson County;

A bill in favor of J. H. Allen;

A bill to incorporate the Unacoy and Hiawassee Turnpike Company, in the counties of Cherokee and Clay;

A bill to allow M. L. F. Redd, late Sheriff of Onslow County to collect taxes due him;

A bill in favor of Thomas J. Carr, late Sheriff of Duplin county;

A bill to amend the Charter of the city of Raleigh;

A resolution in favor of Oscar D. Johnson, an inmate of the Insane Asylum;

Resolution in favor of Drury King;
Resolution in favor of W. W. Long, Sheriff of Yadkin County;
Resolution in favor of M. L. Brittain;
Resolution in favor of W. H. Bryson;
Resolution in favor of Chas. Byrd;
Resolution in reference to the Engrossing clerks; and
Resolution in favor of M. Walker, Sheriff of Rutherford County.

The following bills and resolution were also read, under a suspension of the rules, a second and third time and passed, entitled, to wit:
A bill to incorporate Vestals Ford Toll Bridge Company;
A bill concerning the State Educational Association of North Carolina;
A bill to amend an act passed, 1844 and 1845, to incorporate the town of Pittsborough, in the County of Chatham, and
Resolution in favor of the Executrix of the late Judge, J. M. Dick.

The bill entitled, "A bill concerning salt," was read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Wiggins, laid on the table.

The resolution entitled, "Resolution in favor of Mr. Kornegay," was read a second time and rejected.

On motion of Mr. Murrill the bill entitled, "A bill to raise Ten thousand volunteers for the defence of the State," was taken up, and Mr. Slaughter moved to postpone the same until Wednesday; 12 o'clock, which was agreed to.

Mr. Hall moved to adjourn until Monday morning, 10 o'clock. Not agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Matthews, the bill entitled, "A bill to secure the property of married women," was taken up; and, on motion of Mr. Faison, said bill was made the special order for, and postponed until Tuesday next, 12 o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Slaughter, the Senate adjourned until Monday morning, 10 o'clock.
MONDAY, JANUARY 26, 1862.

Senate met at 10 o'clock, Mr. Lassiter, of Granville, in the chair.

Prayer by Rev. Dr. Wm. Closs.

Mr. Warren asked leave of absence for the Principal clerk for the day, which was granted.

Mr. Lindsay, from the Joint Select Committee, to wait, on His Excellency, the Governor, stated that His Excellency would meet the General Assembly in secret session, at 12 o'clock M., to-day.

The engrossed bills, entitled as follows, were read a third time and passed, to wit:

- A bill to legalize the acts of a County Court in Lincoln county.
- A bill authorizing the Governor to employ a messenger for the Executive department; and,
- A bill to amend the act ratified the 20th December, 1862, entitled, "An act to provide ways and means for supplying the Treasury."

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit engrossed bills and resolutions, entitled, to wit:

- A bill to authorize and empower Isaac A. Rue, late Sheriff of McDowell county, to collect arrears of taxes due said Sheriff, for the years 1860 and 1861;
- A bill to amend "An act to empower the commissioners of the town of Wilmington, to establish streets in said town, and for other purposes; and,
- Resolutions to correct error on the Tax Roll of Burke county," &c., which were read first time;
- Resolution concerning flogging in the Confederate States' army, which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Graham, to the Committee on Military Affairs;
- A bill for the benefit of persons who have entered vacant lands, which was read first time, when the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Bagley, and the same having been
read a second time, was referred, on motion of Mr. Graham, to the Committee on Judiciary;

Resolution in favor of John A. Long, which was read first time, when the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Leitch, and the same was read a second and third times, and passed.

The engrossed bill entitled, "A bill to authorize incorporated towns to lay an *ad valorem* tax on slaves," was read a third time, and Mr. Young moved to amend by adding as follows, to wit: "And provided further, That the valuation of slaves by any corporation shall not exceed that levied by the Revenue Laws of the State, for State purposes," which was agreed to. Said bill, on motion of Mr. Young, was laid on the table.

The bill entitled "A bill to rate articles of prime necessity in the several counties of the State," was read a second time, and laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Lindsay.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they invite the Senate to meet in the Commons Hall, at 12 o'clock, M., to-day, to receive, &c., His Excellency, the Governor, in secret session, which was agreed to.

The Senate accordingly, at 12 o'clock, M., proceeded to the Commons Hall, and the two Houses went into secret session, His Excellency the Governor being present.

The Senate having resumed the consideration of business in open session, a message was received from the House of Commons, that they recommend certain persons to be appointed and commissioned as Justices of the Peace for their several counties, which was agreed to, except as subsequently modified.

Mr. Young moved to add to the names of those recommended for Mecklenburg county, N. B. Taylor and G. W. McDonald; which was agreed to.

The name of Daniel Ray of Sampson, was also added, on motion of Mr. Faison.

Mr. Ellis moved to strike from the list recommended from Columbus, the names of Calvin C. Gore and A. B. Hill;
which was agreed to, and on his motion also, the name of Henry W. Hardy, of Watanga, was added.

On motion of Mr. Patrick, Samuel R. Harper, of Greene; J. B. Allison and D. D. Davis of Jackson, on motion of Mr. Smith of Macon; Benjamin Leecraft and Bridgers Arendell of Carteret, on motion of Mr. Arendell; John R Dunn of Wake, on motion of Mr. Jones; John Berry, Allen Brown and Quentin A. Ward of Orange, on motion of Mr. Graham, were added to said recommendation. Also, by Mr. Lindsay, for Currituck, W. S. Murcer, Thomas Sanderlin, A. O. Dey, George Snowder, Israel Ayette, Alexander Owens, Peter Forbes and H. E. Baxter, and for Camden, S. Chamberlain, R. H. Berry, T. J. Etheridge, T. J. Nash, J. D. Burfoot, Alfred Abbott and Mark Gregory; by Mr. Dickson, for Duplin, J. W. Gillespie, Marshall B. Jones, B. D. Ford and A. O. Grady; by Mr. Warren, for Beaufort, Thos. D. Saw, John S. McWilliams, B. F. Harding, John W. Litchfield, Riley Russ, J. W. L. Harvey, George Tankard and W. Windley; by Mr. Bagley, for Pasquotank, John M. Matthews, Wm. W. Griffin, Dr. James N. Butt, James M. Whedbee, John L. Wood, Gardner Sawyer and Benjamin F. Jennings; by Mr. Sharpe, for Alexander, E. M. Stevenson, S. H. Rogers, H. H. Dunn, W. S. Teague, John Rhem and Thos. Barnes; by Mr. Slaughter, Zephaniah Askew for Hertford, were added.

Mr. Wright moved to add after the name of Geo. Holmes, of Cumberland, the words, "son of Archibald," and also, the names of John D. McArthur and Erasmus H. Evans, which was agreed to.

Mr. Jarratt moved to add the name of N. H. Blackwood, of Surry; Mr. Murrill, the names of Daniel A. Hargett and Isaac N. Sanders, of Onslow; Mr. Whitford, B. E. Dudley, of Craven; Mr. Ellis, the names of Shadrick Wooten and Wm. Bradly, of Bladen, also, D. S. Cowen, J. H. Brooks and John R. Swain, of Brunswick, which motions severally were agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Copeland, the name of James Lassiter as
recommended for Northampton, was stricken out and the name of Wm. Boone inserted in lieu thereof.

Resolutions in relation to prisoners confined in the military prison at Salisbury, were read a second time, and amended on motion of Mr. Warren, by inserting in the first resolution, line 3rd, after the word "Salisbury," the words "citizens of North-Carolina;" and by inserting in 4th line after the word "department," the words, "after our soldiers are supplied," on motion of Mr. Drake.

Mr. Murrill moved to add to section 1st, this proviso, to wit: "Provided, said prisoners are not able, by any means of their own, to furnish and pay for the same," pending which motion, Mr. Lindsay moved to adjourn until to-morrow morning 10 o'clock, and the Senate adjourned accordingly.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1863.

The Senate met, Mr. Lassiter, of Granville, in the chair.

Mr. Arendell, for the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported upon the bill entitled, "A bill concerning the county site of Mitchell county," and recommended that it do pass.

Mr. Leitch, for the Committee on the Judiciary, reported upon the bill entitled, "A bill to modify an act entitled, 'An act to change the jurisdiction of the Courts and Rules of Pleading,' passed at the second extra session of the General Assembly, 1861, commonly called the Stay Law," and recommended that it do not pass.

Mr. Warren, from the same committee reported upon, recommending their passage, engrossed bill entitled, "A bill to amend the 46th Chapter of the Revised Code, 18th Section," and the bill entitled, "A bill regulating the service of process on the Southern Express Company."

Mr. Smith, of Macon, introduced bills entitled, "A bill for the protection and encouragement of the wool growing and pork raising interests of this State," which was read first time.
Also, a bill to incorporate the Tuckaseege Mining Company;  
A bill to incorporate the Nantahala Mining Company;  
A bill to incorporate the Macon county Mining Company, and,  
A bill to incorporate the Franklin Mining and Manufac-
turing Company, which were read severally first time and re-
ferred, on his motion, to the Committee on Corporations.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that
they transmit engrossed, a bill and resolution, entitled, to
wit: "A bill in favor of Isaac Arledge," and "Resolution in
reference to the bounty of soldiers," which were read first
time: also, a message that they transmit an engrossed bill
entitled, "A bill to incorporate the town of Marshall, in Ma-
dison county, under the law for the better regulation of
towns," and recommended A. M. Ledbetter, of Stanly coun-
ty, as a Justice of the Peace, which was agreed to. The bill
transmitted was read first time.

A communication from the Executive Department of Geo-
gia, with a message in relation thereto, was transmitted from
the House, with a proposition to print, which was agreed to.

Mr. Arendell introduced this resolution, to wit:

WHEREAS, Various slanderous reports have been circulated
both in the State and out of it, reflecting upon the loyalty of
the members of this Legislature, and ascribing to them hos-
tility to the Confederate Government, and a desire to re-con-
struct the Union. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That as the representatives of the people, and
in our own behalf as individual citizens of the State, we
protest against and denounce these accusations as utterly
false in letter and in spirit, as calculated to misrepresent the
sentiments of those who have never faltered in the support
of all Constitutional measures for the prosecution of the war,
and as tending to produce jealousies and heart burnings
among a people who have sealed their devotion to the cause
of Southern Independence with their blood upon the proudest
battle fields of the Revolution; that the charge of a de-
sire on the part of this Legislature, or any portion of it, to
conflict with the Confederate Government, or to embarrass the President in the prosecution of the war, is grossly untrue, illiberal and slanderous; that we hereby pledge ourselves, most heartily and emphatically, to the most vigorous Constitutional war policy, promising in the name of North-Carolina the most liberal contribution of men and money to the support of it, and protesting against any settlement of the struggle which does not secure the entire independence of the Confederate States of America.

The resolution having been read, &c., Mr. Young moved to amend by substituting as follows, to wit:

Resolved, That whatever may be said in regard to the loyalty or disloyalty of the State of North-Carolina, the Legislature does not feel that any formal declaration is necessary on its part to show her true position, and, as evidence of her loyalty to the Confederacy, she points to her forces in the field, their gallantry in battle, and her devotion of her means in support of the existing revolution.

The hour of twelve having arrived, the order of the day was postponed until the resolution under consideration shall have been disposed of, on motion of Mr. Smith, of Macon.

Mr. Murrill moved to lay the amendment on the table, and asked thereon the yeas and nays and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,


Those who voted in the negative, are,


So the motion was not agreed to.

Mr. Smith, of Macon, asked the yeas and nays, on the question recurring upon the amendment, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are,


So the substitute was not adopted.

Mr. Ellis moved to amend by adding as follows, to wit:

"Resolved, That all who think their loyalty questioned or doubted, can remove all such doubts by entering the army of the Confederate States;" and asked the yeas and nays and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Messrs. Copeland, Ellis, Faison, Harris, Holeman, Murrill, Powell, Whitford, White and Young—10.

Those who voted in the negative are,


So the resolution was not adopted.

The question now being on the adoption of the resolution, Mr. Wiggins asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are, Messrs. Carroway, Copeland, Drake, Murrill, White and Young—6. So the resolution was adopted.

The following bills and resolutions, duly engrossed were transmitted to the House of Commons, entitled, to wit:

- A bill to incorporate Vestals Ford Toll Bridge Company;
- A bill to amend an act passed 1844 and 1845, to incorporate the town of Pittsborough, in the county of Chatham;
- A bill concerning the State Educational Association of North Carolina;
- A bill to amend the 18th Section of the 28th Chapter of the Revised Code, in relation to fees of Committees of Finance;
- Resolution in favor of L. L. Clements of Martin County;
- Resolution in favor of the Executrix of the late Judge J. M. Dick, and
- Resolution in favor of Mary C. Gully.

The following bills and resolutions, duly enrolled and signed by the Speaker of the House of Commons, having been transmitted to the Senate, were signed by the Speaker pro tempore, entitled, to wit:

- An act to amend an act passed the present session of the General Assembly, entitled, “An act to amend the Ordinance of the Convention, entitled ‘An Ordinance to make some provision for the families of soldiers dying in service’; ratified 22d February, 1862, and for other purposes.”
- Resolution in relation to exchange of salt;
- An act to alter the time of holding the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, for the County of Stokes;
- An act to admit proof of the handwriting of attesting witnesses in certain cases;
- An act to amend the 1st, 12th and 23d sections of Chapter 17th of the acts for 1860 and 1861; an act for the Relief of Landlords.
- Resolution in reference to the purchase of a machine, for the manufacture of cotton cards, &c.
Resolution authorizing the door-keeper of the House to purchase a Flag of the Confederate States of America, &c.;
Resolution in favor of Rufus Galloway and his sureties;
An act for changing the time of holding the Probate court, for Rutherford county; and
An act to change the time of holding the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, in the County of Ashe.

Mr. Graham, by leave, introduced bills entitled, "A bill to provide for the completion of the claims of North-Carolina, against the Confederate Government, and for other purposes," which was read first time and referred on his motion, to the Committee on Finance, and
A bill to amend the Revised Code in relation to habeas corpus, which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on the Judiciary, and on motion of Mr. Warren, was ordered to be printed.

The Chair announced, as the Committee on Enrolled Bills, Messrs. Whitford, Taylor, of Chatham and Patrick; and as the Select Committee, to whom was referred the bill entitled, "A bill to amend an act passed at this session of the General Assembly, entitled, 'An act for the relief of our sick and wounded soldiers,'" Messrs. Warren, Sharpe, Arendell, Blount and Eure.

Mr. Simpson, by leave, introduced a bill entitled, "A bill to permit free persons of African descent, to select their own masters and become slaves," which was read first time, and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The order of the day being, the bill to secure the property of married women, was taken up and read second time.

Mr. Murrill moved to amend by inserting in section 5th, line 5th, after words "entitled to," the words, "an equal division with such child or children in the entire personal estate, to have the same absolutely. If she die intestate, leaving no children, then the husband shall be the sole heir to her entire estate, both real and personal," which was agreed to.

Mr. Copeland moved to amend by striking out all after the word "thereof," in line 6th, section 3d.
On motion of Mr. Euer, the Senate adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1863.
The Senate met, Mr. Lassiter of Granville, in the chair. 
Prayer by Rev. Mr. Skinner.
On motion of Mr. Eure, a message was sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate recommend to be appointed Justices of the Peace for Chowan county: Horatio Bass, Wm. S. Hedrick, West R. Leary, West Leary, Robt. W. Winborn, Richard Simpson, W. C. Wood, James McCoy, Benj. Thatch and James Norfleet; and a message was received from the House, that they agree thereto.

Montraville Patton, Senator elect from the 49th District, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of W. M. Shipp, presented a certificate of election, and qualified according to law.

A message from the House of Commons was received, that they transmit engrossed resolutions, to wit:

Resolutions vindicating the loyalty of the State of North Carolina and its General Assembly; which were read.
Mr. Murrill moved to postpone the same until Monday next; which was not agreed to.
Mr. Sharpe asked for the yeas and nays on the question of adopting the resolutions, and one-fifth agreeing thereto:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are,
Messrs. Carroway, Drake, Hall, Murrill, Powell, White, Young 7.
So the resolutions were adopted.

Resolution in favor of George Credle, and resolution in relation to an adjournment, _sine die_, of the General Assembly; which were read first time.

The latter resolution, on motion of Mr. Graham, was laid on the table.

Mr. Young, from the Joint Select Committee to whom was referred communications from the Executive Departments of South-Carolina, Alabama and Florida, relating to a guarantee of the debt of the Confederate States, and resolutions entitled "Resolutions relating to the currency," reported a bill entitled "A bill authorizing the Governor to endorse the guarantee of the State upon bonds of the Confederate Government; which was read first time.

Mr. Graham, for the Committee on Finance, reported upon and recommended the passage of the bill entitled "A bill to provide for the completion of the claim of North-Carolina against the Confederate Government, and for other purposes.

Mr. Slaughter introduced a bill entitled "A bill to amend the 'Militia Bill;" which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Murrill, for the Committee on Claims, reported a resolution, entitled "A resolution authorizing the Treasurer to pay certain claims (herein specified) allowed by the Board of Claims;" which was read first time, when, on motion of Mr. Leitch, the rules were suspended, and the same was read a second and third times and passed.

Mr. Ellis introduced a bill entitled, "A bill to enroll free negroes, and put them in the service as cooks," which was read first time, and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

The bill entitled, "A bill to secure the property of married women," was taken up, and the amendment pending, proposed by Mr. Copeland was agreed to.

Mr. Enre moved to amend by striking out section 5th, and inserting as follows, to wit: "That at the death of any mar-
ried woman, leaving a child or children living, the husband shall be entitled to an equal share with such child or children in the entire personal estate, and shall have the same absolutely. But, if she die, leaving no child or children, then the husband shall have her entire estate, real and personal, absolutely,” which was adopted.

Mr. Wiggins moved to amend by striking out in line 4, section 1, the word “all,” and inserting words “one-half,” which was not agreed to.

On the question of the passage of the bill on its second reading, Mr. Faison asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,
Messrs. Arendell, Blount, Brown, Dickson, Drake, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Harris, Jones, Lane, Murrill, Smith, of Anson, Taylor, of Nash, and Wooley—15.

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the bill did not pass.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit a bill entitled, “A bill to amend the charter of the Chatham Railroad Company,” which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Murrill, to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

The order of the day, being the bill entitled “A bill to raise ten thousand volunteers for the defence of the State,” was taken up; Mr. Lane’s amendment pending, Mr. Eure offered a substitute therefor, which was read.

On motion of Mr. Bagley, the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning, 10 o’clock.
THURSDAY, JANUARY 29, 1863.

A message from the House of Commons was received, that they transmit the following entitled, enrolled, bills and resolutions, signed by the Speaker thereof, and the same were signed by the Speaker pro tempore of the Senate, to wit:

A bill to incorporate the Silver Lead Mining Company;
Resolution in reference to the Engrossing Clerks;
Resolution in favor of Gideon B. Threadgill, late Sheriff of Anson County;
Resolution in favor of W. W. Long, Sheriff of Yadkin County;
Resolution in favor of M. Walker, Sheriff of Rutherford County;
Resolution in favor of Drury King;
Resolution in favor of W. H. Bryson;
A resolution in favor of Oscar D. Johnson, an inmate of the Insane Asylum;
Resolution in favor of John Fisher;
Resolution in favor of John A. Long;
A resolution in favor of M. L. Brittain;
A bill to incorporate the Unacoy and Hiawassee Turnpike Company, in the counties of Cherokee and Clay;
A bill to amend the charter of the City of Raleigh;
A bill to authorize the Governor to employ a messenger for the Executive Department;
A bill in favor J. H. Allen;
A bill for the relief of Wm. E. Mann, late Sheriff of Pasquotank county;
Resolution in favor of Charles Byrd;
A bill to incorporate the Western North-Carolina Mining, Smelting and Copperas Manufacturing Company;
A bill to amend the act ratified 20th December, 1862, entitled "An act to provide ways and means for supplying the Treasury;"
A bill to allow M. L. F. Redd, late Sheriff of Onslow, to collect taxes due him;
A bill to establish a Female Seminary in Davidson county by the name of Beatavilla;

A bill in favor of Thomas Carr, late Sheriff of Duplin county;

And a bill to legalize and confirm the acts and judicial proceedings of a County Court, held in Lincoln County.

The following resolutions, engrossed, were transmitted to the House of Commons, entitled, to wit:

"A resolution authorizing the Treasurer to pay certain claims (herein specified) allowed by the Board of Claims;"

And "Resolutions protesting against and denouncing accusations made against the loyalty of the people of North-Carolina and their Representatives in the General Assembly."

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit engrossed resolutions entitled, "A resolution in favor of Wm. L. Shannon," which was read first time, and on motion of Mr. Bagley, the rules were suspended, and the same was read a second and third times and passed;

"A resolution in favor of Daniel Tucker," which was read first time and the rules having been suspended, on motion of Mr. White, the same was read a second and third times and passed;

And, "A bill for the relief of the wives and families of soldiers in the army," which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Wiggins, to the Committee on Proposals and Grievances.

Mr. Smith, of Macon, from the Committee on Internal Improvements, reported back the bill entitled, "A bill to amend the charter of the Western Plankroad," and asked to be discharged from its further consideration. The Committee were so discharged, and said bill, on motion of Mr. Smith, of Macon, was laid on the table; also, upon the bill entitled, "A bill to amend the charter of the Chatham Railroad Company," recommending that it do pass. Said bill, on motion of Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, was made the special order for to-morrow, 12 o'clock.

Mr. Slaughter, for the Committee on the Judiciary, report-
ed upon the bill entitled, "A bill to permit free persons of African descent, to select their own masters and become slaves," recommending that it do not pass.

Mr. Wright, for the same committee, reported upon the bill entitled, "A bill to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses," recommending that it do not pass.

Mr. Young, for the Committee on Military Affairs, reported upon the resolution entitled, "Resolution condemning flogging in the Confederate States Army," and recommended an amendment thereto, and, upon the bill entitled, "A bill for the benefit of the families of soldiers dying in the service," recommending that it do not pass.

Mr. Eure, from the same Committee, reported upon the bills entitled, "A bill to raise a mounted police guard for Brunswick County;" and "A bill to provide a reserve force for State defence," recommending that they do not pass.

On motion of Mr. Graham, a message was sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes to ballot for nine Trustees of the University, to-morrow at 1 o'clock.

The bill entitled "A bill to raise ten thousand volunteers for the defence of the State," was taken up, and the question being on the pending amendment proposed by Mr. Lane, Mr. Lindsay moved to amend the amendment, by adding the words "so far as it applies to men up to forty years of age," and Mr. Lane asked thereon the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,
Messrs. Arendell, Bagley, Jones, Lindsay and Warren—5.
Those who voted in the negative are,
So the amendment to the amendment was not adopted. The question recurring on the amendment, Mr. Lane asked for the yeas and nays, and one fifth agreeing thereto:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,


Those who voted in the negative are,


So the amendment was not adopted.

The question being now put on the substitute proposed by Mr. Eure, Mr. Adams of Davidson asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing thereto:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Messrs. Carroway, Copeland, Dickson, Drake, Ellis, Eure, Faison, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Lane, Murrill, Powell, Smith of Anson, Taylor of Nash, White, Wiggins and Young—18.

Those who voted in the negative are,


So the substitute was rejected.

The question now recurring on the passage of the bill on its second reading, Mr. Lane asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing thereto:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Messrs. Adams of Davidson, Arendell, Bagley, Blount, Eure, Jarratt, Jones, Lindsay, Matthews, Patrick, Sanders,

Those who voted in the negative are,


So the bill did not pass.

On motion of Mr. Graham, the bill entitled "A bill to modify an act entitled 'an act to change the jurisdiction of the Courts and the Rules of Pleading," passed at the second extra session of the General Assembly, 1861, commonly called the Stay Law," was made the special order for Saturday, 11 o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Young, the bill entitled "A bill to authorize incorporated towns to lay an ad valorem tax on slaves," was taken off the table to take its place on the calendar.

The engrossed resolutions, entitled "Resolutions in relation to prisoners confined in the military prison at Salisbury," were read a second time, Mr. Murrill's amendment pending.

Mr. Graham moved to strike out the first resolution; which was agreed to.

The resolutions were then informally passed over.

Mr. Leitch, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill for the benefit of persons who have entered vacant lands," and recommended amendments thereto.

Said bill was taken up and read a second time, and the amendments recommended adopted, to wit: after the word "enemy" in the second line insert the words, "or that may hereafter be in possession of the enemy;" and in the eighth line strike out the word "peace," and insert the words, "this act," and add the following section, to wit:

"Be it further enacted, That the beneficial provisions of the foregoing section shall extend to all persons in the military
service of the State or Confederate Government, or who may hereafter enter the same."

The bill as amended passed and was read a third time, the rules having been suspended, on motion of Mr. Leitch.

Mr. Lindsay introduced a resolution, to wit:

Resolved, That a message be sent to the House of Commons proposing to adjourn, sine die, on Monday next, at 12 o'clock M.

Mr. Eure moved to lay on the table, and on this question Mr. Lindsay asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,


Those voted in the negative are,

Messrs. Brown, Carroway, Copeland, Dickerson, Faison, Harris, Holeman; Lane, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Murrill, Neal, Powell, Sanders, Slaughter, Taylor of Nash, Warren and Whitford—19.

So the resolution was laid on the table.

The engrossed bill entitled "A bill to amend the 46th chapter of the Revised Code, 18th section," was read a second time and passed, when, on motion of Mr. Warren the rules were suspended and the same was read a third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Sanders, a message was sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate does insist upon the amendment made to the bill entitled "A bill in relation to Justices of Johnston County."

Mr. Lane introduced a resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of L. W. Kornegay," which was read first time and referred, on his motion to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. White for the Committee on propositions and grievan-
ses, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill authorising the Public Treasurer to repay the bounty money refunded or withheld from men discharged under the Conscription Act of April 21st, 1862," and recommended that it do not pass.

Mr. Hall recommended the appointment of John C. Wood as a Justice of the Peace for New Hanover County, which was agreed to, and a message in relation thereto was sent to the House of Commons.

The bill entitled "A bill to amend an act to empower the Commissioners of the town of Wilmington to establish streets in said town and for other purposes," was taken up on motion of Mr. Hall and read a second time and passed, when the rules were suspended and the same was read a third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Lane, the resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of Rufus Galloway and Lewis Williamson," was taken up. Said resolution was read a second time and amended on motion of Mr. Lane by inserting the name of Elias Barnes, late Sheriff of Wilson County, and also, on motion of Mr. Leitch, by inserting the name of Reuben King, Sheriff of Robeson County, and as amended passed, and the rules having been suspended the same was read a third time and passed.

The bill entitled "A bill to authorise incorporated towns to lay an ad valorem tax on slaves," was read a third time and passed.

The resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of George Credle" was taken up on motion of Mr. Warren, read a second time and passed, and the rules having been suspended was read a third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Hall, the bill entitled "A bill to authorise Malcolm McLinnis to distill from grain the article of alcohol for mechanical and medical purposes," was taken up and read a second time.

The amendments recommended by the Committee on Propositions and Grievances were adopted, to wit: add after the word "court," at the end of section 4, the words "said
imprisonment not to be less than six months and to forfeit the privileges of distillation as granted in this act, and add the following section:

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That the profits upon the alcohol thus made and sold shall not exceed seventy-five per cent; and section five shall be numbered section six."

The bill as amended passed its second reading.

Mr. Hall moved to suspend the rules in order that said bill might be read a third time, and it was not agreed to.

Mr. Graham moved that a message be sent to the House of Commons, that George Davis, Wm. A. Wright, J. G. Shepherd, W. B. Wright, Alexander Wilson, J. W. Osborne, F. E. Shober, M. L. Wiggins and David Outlaw, have been nominated for Trustees of the University, which was agreed to; and to said nominations were added the names of Thomas J. Wilson, by Mr. Matthews; Oliver H. Dockery, and Thomas Morrissey, by Mr. Leitch; James W. Bryan, by Mr. Warren; L. C. Edwards and John Pool, by Mr. Bagley; Dr. Edward Warren, by Mr. Arendell; W. J. Montgomery, by Mr. Wooley; John A. Young, by Mr. Hall; Wm. H. Bobbitt, and Kemp P. Battle, by Mr. Taylor of Chatham; Col. Bryan Grimes, by Mr. Young; Col. R. C. Puryear, by Mr. Jarratt, and Z. B. Vance, by Mr. Smith of Macon.

The bill entitled, "A bill to provide for the completion of the claim of North-Carolina against the Confederate Government, and for other purposes," was read a second time and passed; and the rules having been suspended, on motion of Mr. Graham, the same was read a third time and passed.

The engrossed bill entitled, "A bill to legalize the proceedings of a County Court in Henderson County," was read second time and passed, when the rules were suspended on motion of Mr. Patton, and the same was read a third time and passed.

The engrossed resolution and bills, entitled, "Resolution in reference to the bounty of soldiers;" "A bill regulating the service of process on the Southern Express Company," and "A bill for the protection and encouragement of the wool
growing and pork raising interests of this State,” were read a second time and passed.

The bill entitled, “A bill authorizing the Governor to endorse the guarantee of the State upon bonds of the Confederate Government,” was read a second time, and, on motion of Mr. Slaughter, ordered to be printed.

The Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning, 10 o’clock, on motion of Mr. Slaughter.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 30, 1863.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Hardie.

The resolution entitled, “Resolution in favor of Rufus Galloway, Lewis Williamson, Elias Barnes and Reuben King,” and the bill entitled, “A bill to provide for the completion of the claim of North-Carolina against the Confederate Government, and for other purposes,” were transmitted, duly engrossed, to the House of Commons.

Mr. Arendell, from the Committee on Corporations, reported upon bills, entitled, to wit:

A bill to incorporate the Tuckasegee Mining Company.
A bill to incorporate the Nantahala Mining Company;
A bill to incorporate the Macon County Mining Co.; and,
A bill to incorporate the Franklin Mining and Manufacturing Company, recommending severally their passage; also, for the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, upon the bill entitled, “A bill to amend the “Militia Bill,” recommending that it do pass.

Resolutions vindicating the loyalty of the State of North-Carolina, and its General Assembly,” were transmitted duly enrolled and signed by the Speaker of the House of Commons from said House, and the same were signed by the Speaker pro tem, of the Senate.

Mr. Adams, of Guilford, introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to enquire into the expediency of providing by law, that Justices of the County Courts granting special letters of administration, may also hear petitions for the years’ support of widows, and make orders on
the same, the proceedings being returnable to the next ensuing County Court, which was adopted.

Mr. Wright introduced a resolution entitled, "Resolution authorizing Hector McNeil, Sheriff of Cumberland County, to collect arrearages of taxes," which was read first time, when, the rules were suspended, and the same was read a second and third times and passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they agree to the proposition to go into an election for nine Trustees of the University, at 1 o'clock, Friday, the 30th inst., and that Neil McKay, John W. Cameron, W. W. Lenoir, Purdie Richardson, Jarvis Buxton, Samuel Lander, Jr., Samuel F. Phillips, D. M. Carter, Thomas I. Faison, E. B Withers, Wm. Sloan, D. A. Barnes, W. J. Houston, D. H. Hill, Thos. L. Skinner, and W. P. Taylor, are in nomination; therefore, also, that they appoint Messrs. Foust and Henderson, committee on their part, to superintend the election.

The Charman appointed Messrs. Taylor, of Chatham, and Leitch, as said committee on the part of the Senate.

The bill entitled "A bill regulating the service of process on the Southern Express Company," was read a third time and passed.

The resolution entitled "Resolution in reference to the bounty of soldiers," was read a third time and passed, and, on motion of Mr. Ellis, reconsidered.

The following entitled bills were read and laid on the table, to wit:

A bill for the protection and encouragement of the wool growing and pork raising interests of this State, on motion of Mr. Smith, of Macon;

A bill to raise a mounted police guard for Brunswick county, on motion of Mr. Eure;

And a bill to provide a reserve force for State defence, on motion of Mr. Sharpe.

The following entitled bills were read a second time and rejected, to wit:

A bill to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses;

A bill for the benefit of soldiers dying in the service;
And a bill authorizing the Public Treasurer to repay the bounty money refunded or withheld from men discharged under the conscript act of April 21, 1862.

The resolutions entitled "Resolutions to correct error on Tax Roll of Burke county, &c.," were read a second time and passed.

Mr. Young introduced a bill entitled "A bill to amend an ordinance of the Convention entitled 'An ordinance to charter the Piedmont Railroad Company,'" which was read first time, and Mr. Young moved to suspend the rules, which was not agreed to.

The bill entitled "A bill to permit persons of African descent to select their own masters and become slaves," was read a second time and passed.

Mr. Matthews moved to suspend the rules and it was not agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Graham, a message was sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate ask their concurrence in a recommendation of Octavius Hooker, as a Justice of the Peace for Orange county.

The engrossed resolution entitled "Resolution concerning flogging in the C. S. Army," was read second time, and the report of, and amendment proposed by, the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Eure moved to lay on the table said resolutions, and thereon Mr. Bagley asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,
Messrs. Carroway, Dickson, Drake, Eure, Holeman, Outlaw, Powell, Taylor of Nash, Whitford, White and Young—11.

Those who voted in the negative, are,

So the motion did not prevail.
The question being on the amendment recommended by the Committee on Military Affairs, to wit: To strike out the words "bucking" and "gagging," it was not agreed to.

Mr. Ellis moved to amend by adding words, "and also that the right of trial by jury in the army, be adopted as in cases of trial at common law," which was not agreed to.

The order of the day was postponed until the resolution under consideration shall have been disposed of, on motion of Mr. Wiggins.

Mr. Ellis moved to recommit, and it was not agreed to.

The question being on the passage of the resolution on its second reading, Mr. Matthews asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing thereto:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,


Those who voted in the negative are,


So the resolution was adopted.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit engrossed bills entitled "A bill for the relief of the citizens of Alleghany county; "A bill to be entitled an act supplemental to, and declaratory of, an act ratified December 20th, 1862, entitled 'An act to provide ways and means for the Treasury, and to repeal a portion of an ordinance of the State Convention, ratified 19th February, 1862.'"

The former bill was read first time, when the rules were suspended on motion of Mr. Sharpe, and the same was read a second and third times and passed.

The order of the day being the bill entitled "A bill to
amend the charter of the Chatham Railroad Company," was read a second time.

The hour having arrived for the execution of the joint order to proceed to the election of Trustees of the University, the Senate proceeded to ballot therefor, under the superintendence of the committee appointed.

The order of the day, on motion of Mr. Young, was postponed until the return of the committee to superintend the election of Trustees of the University just had.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they agree to the amendment made by the Senate to the House engrossed bill, entitled "A bill to authorize incorporated towns to lay an ad valorem tax on slaves," and to the amendments made also to House engrossed bill entitled "A bill for the benefit of persons who have entered vacant lands;" also, that they recede from their disagreement to the Senate's amendment to House bill, entitled a bill in relation to the Justices of Johnston county;" and the said bills are ordered to be enrolled.

Another message was received from the House, that they transmit a list of the names of persons recommended as Justices of the Peace for their several counties; which was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning 10 o'clock.

SATURDAY, January 31, 1863.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Lansdale.

Mr. Graham introduced a bill entitled "A bill to amend the law relative to the hours of keeping open the public offices in the Capitol," which was read first time.

Mr. Hall introduced a bill entitled "A bill to alter the rules of law relative to the probate of wills," which was read first time, when, on his motion, the rules were suspended and the same was read a second and third time and passed.

The resolution authorising Hector McNeil, Sheriff of Cum-
berland County, to collect arrearages of taxes,” and a bill regulating the service of process on the Southern Express Company, were transmitted engrossed to the House of Commons.

The engrossed bill entitled “A bill to be entitled 'An act supplemental to and declaratory of an act ratified December 20th, 1862, entitled "An act to provide ways and means for the Treasury and to repeal a portion of an ordinance of the State Convention, ratified 19th February, 1862,'" was read first time.

Mr. Smith, of Stanly, introduced a resolution entitled “A resolution to authorize the Governor to appoint a commissioner to visit the various regiments in North Carolina and inquire as to their condition, which was read first time.

Mr. Adams, of Guilford, introduced a bill entitled “A bill to incorporate the North Carolina Christian Advocate Joint Stock Publishing Company,” which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. Patton introduced a bill entitled “A bill amending an act to incorporate the town of Asheville,” which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Corporations; also Mr. Patton presented a memorial from Henry T. Wolstenholmes, praying to be allowed certain claims for clothing, &c., furnished soldiers, which were not audited or allowed by the late Board of Claims, and the same on his motion was referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Leitch from the Committee to superintend the election of Trustees of the University, reported that Hon. Jesse G. Shepherd, Neil McKay and Dr. Edward Warren, received a majority of all the votes cast, and are elected; that no one of the other persons voted for did receive a majority of the whole number of votes cast, and as to said persons there is no election.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that W. W. Young is recommended as a Justice of the Peace for Guilford county, and others as Justices for Bertie county.

The Senate agreed as to the former recommendation, and
the message, as to the recommendation for Bertie, was laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Outlaw.

The bills entitled, "A bill concerning the County site of Mitchell County," and "A bill in favor of Isaac Arledge," and the resolution entitled, "Resolution in favor of A. C. Latham, Sheriff of Craven county," were read a third time and passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they have passed the Senate resolution entitled, "Resolution in favor of Rufus Galloway, Lewis Williamson, Elias Barnes and Reuben King," by including Hector McNeil, Sheriff of Cumberland, E. D. Davis, Sheriff of Jackson, W. W. Long, late Sheriff of Yadkin, W. Haymore, Sheriff of Surry county, J. L. Keener, tax collector for Cherokee, W. W. Grier, late sheriff of Mecklenburg; J. R. Grady, Sheriff of Harnett; Sidney Deal, late Sheriff of Watanga, R. V. Blackstock, tax collector, of Brunswick, and Thos. J. Carr, Sheriff of Duplin, which was agreed to.

Mr. Warren, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported upon the bill entitled, "A bill to amend the Revised Code, in relation to habeas corpus," recommending an amendment thereto.

Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Lindsay, until Wednesday next, on motion of Mr. Slaughter, and to the Reading Clerk, on motion of Mr. Hall, until the same day.

The further consideration of private bills, was postponed, and the consideration of the bills entitled, "A bill to amend the charter of the Chatham Railroad Company," was resumed.

Mr. Arendell moved to amend by adding a section, to wit:

Be it further enacted, That the gauge of said road shall be the North-Carolina gauge. The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Wiggins moved to amend by striking out in line 9 and 10th section, "Five hundred thousand dollars," and inserting "Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars," which was agreed to.
On the passage of the bill, its second reading, Mr. Brown asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,


Those who voted in the negative are,


So the bill as amended passed its second reading.

Mr. Graham presented a petition of the Piedmont Railroad Company, praying that the 31st section of their charter be so amended as to allow the gauge of their Railroad to be the same with that of the Richmond and Danville Railroad, which, on his motion, was laid on the table.

The order of the day being the bill entitled "A bill to modify an act entitled 'An act to change the jurisdiction of the courts, and the rules of pleading, passed at the second extra session of the General Assembly, commonly called the Stay Law,'" was read a second time.

Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Ellis, on motion of Mr. Hall.

On motion of Mr. Graham, the Senate adjourned until Monday morning, 10 o'clock.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1863.
Prayer by Rev. Mr. Lansdale.
The following bills and resolutions, duly engrossed, were transmitted to the House of Commons, to wit:
A bill concerning the County site of Mitchell County;
A bill to alter the rules of law in relation to the probate of wills;

Resolution in favor of A. C. Latham, Sheriff of Craven County.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit engrossed bills and resolutions, to wit:

A bill to legalize the proceedings of a County Court, held in Catawba County, which was read first time, when the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. White, and the same was read a second and third times and passed;

A bill to prevent the property of soldiers from being attached;

A bill to appoint commissioners to sell old jail in Wilkes county; and,

Resolution in favor of W. W. Happer, which were read first time.

On motion of Mr. Leitch, leave of absence was granted to Mr. Wright.

The Speaker announced as the Committee on Enrolled bills, Messrs. Wooley, Smith of Anson and Harris.

Mr. Warren, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported in pursuance of a resolution of enquiry, that the Committee deem it inexpedient to modify the existing law in relation to petitions, for the years support of widows.

Mr. White introduced a bill entitled, "A bill to authorize Jesse Grant to manufacture a limited quantity of whiskey, for medical purposes," and presented a memorial in relation to the same. Said bill was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. White, together with the memorial to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Lane introduced a resolution, entitled, "Resolution in favor of Thomas Waters," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Lane also presented a memorial from the said Thomas Waters, praying that the Public Treasurer be authorized to refund unto him the sum of fifty dollars paid for license to
keep a ten pin alley, which was referred, on his motion, to the same committee.

On motion of Mr. Eure, a message was sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes to go into an election of six Trustees of the University at 1 o’clock to-day.

Mr. White nominated Wm. Sloan, of Graham; Mr. Eure nominated Kemp P. Battle, Jno. Pool and David Outlaw; Mr. Wooley nominated W. J. Montgomery; Mr. Matthews nominated Thomas J. Wilson.

The name of W. B. Wright was withdrawn by Mr. Graham; that of Colonel Bryan Grimes, by Mr. Young, and the name of O. H. Dockery, by Mr. Leitch; and the House were informed thereof.

The consideration of the bill entitled, “A bill to modify an act entitled, ‘An act to change the Jurisdiction of the Courts, and the Rules of Pleading, passed at the second extra session of the General Assembly, 1861, commonly called the Stay Law,” was resumed.

Mr. Graham moved to amend by striking out section 1, and inserting as follows, to wit:

1. That the Supreme Court shall hold two sessions in the city of Raleigh, on the second Monday in June, and first Monday in December, in each and every year, at which shall be heard and determined all causes in law or equity, which shall be brought before it, according to the jurisdiction conferred on said Court, by Section six, of the Revised Code, Chapter 33.

2. That two terms of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity, shall be held in the several counties of the State, at the times and places designated in the Revised Code, or the Acts of the General Assembly, passed subsequently thereto, including the act of the present General Assembly, entitled, “An act to establish an eighth Judicial Circuit, with full power and jurisdiction over all criminal causes which may be brought before them.

3. That in addition to the criminal jurisdiction aforesaid, the said Superior Courts of Law shall try and determine
all caveats of wills and all actions of tort, which have been, or shall be pending therein; and no provision of the act to which this is an amendment, changing the rules of pleading shall apply to said actions of tort.

4. That all writs or other process, which may have been issued and made returnable to the next Fall Term of the said Superior courts, shall be returned to the Spring Term thereof; Provided, That there be ten days between the issue and return of the same.

Mr. Hall moved to lay the bill and amendment on the table, and asked for the yeas and nays thereon, and one-fifth greeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the bill was laid on the table.

The engrossed resolutions entitled "Resolutions to correct error on the Tax Roll of Burke county, &c.,” and “Resolutions in reference to the bounty of soldiers,” were read a third time and passed.

The bill entitled "A bill to permit free persons of African descent to select their own masters and become slaves," was read a third time.

Mr. Murrill moved to amend by adding:
"Be it further enacted, That all such free persons of color as shall not have voluntarily enslaved themselves before the first day of January, 1864, shall be removed from the State;” which was not agreed to.

Mr. Patton moved to amend by striking out the word “en-
slave,” wherever and so often as it occurs in the bill, and inserting these words, “shall sell their services for the term of ninety-nine years;” which was agreed to.

Mr. Murrill now moved to amend as follows, to wit:

Be it further enacted, That all such free persons of color as shall not have voluntarily sold their services for the term of ninety-nine years before January 1st, 1864, shall be removed from the State.

Mr. Sharpe moved to lay on the table, and asked the yeas and nays thereon, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,


Those who voted in the negative are,

Messrs. Adams of Davidson, Blount, Dickerson, Eure, Harris, Holeman, Lane, Murrill, Neal, Patton, Powell, Simpson, Smith of Macon, Whitford and White—15.

So the bill was laid on the table.

The bill entitled “A bill to amend the charter of the Chatham Railroad Company,” was read a third time.

Said bill was amended upon several motions of Mr. Taylor, of Chatham; first, by striking out in section 1, lines 6 and 7, the words “ten miles of the Road have,” and inserting the words “one mile of the Road has;” by adding to section 2, the words, “and said Directors shall, out of their number, choose the President of the said Company” and by striking out section 4 and inserting as follows, to wit:

Be it further enacted, That in consideration of the benefits conferred by this act, the Chatham Railroad shall by accepting the same be deemed to surrender so much of the privilege granted by sections 4, 5, 6 and 9 of an ordinance of the Convention, entitled “An ordinance in addition to and amendatory of an act of the General Assembly, ratified 15th February, 1861, entitled ‘An act to incorporate the Chatham
Railroad Company,' and to repeal an act supplemental there-
to, ratified 23d February, 1861," as are conferred on corpora-
tions which may hereafter subscribe to the capital stock of
said Company.

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That all sums of money paid
by the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company and the City
of Raleigh to the Treasurer of the State, in satisfaction of the
principal and interest of the bonds of said corporations, de-
posited with said Treasurer, as contemplated in the said ordi-
nance of the Convention, shall be applied first to payment of
the interest of the bonds of the State, given said corporations
in exchange for their own, and the residue shall be paid to
the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, to be used by them
at their discretion for the redemption of said bonds of the State.
The bill as amended passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that
they agree to the proposition to go into an election for six
Trustees of the University, at 1 o'clock, and appoint Messrs.
Wallen and Lemmonds committee on their part to superin-
tend the election, and that there are in nomination in the
House the following persons, to wit:

W. W. Peebles, S. J. Person, C. E. Skinner, R. L. Beale,
F. E. Shoher, L. C. Edwards, C. B. Sanders, W. W. Lenoir,
Wiggins, D. M. Carter, Geo. Davis, Sam'l S. Biddle, Purdie
Richardson, Joseph Keener, E. B. Withers, Thos. I. Faison,
R. C. Puryear, W. L. Twitty.

The Speaker appointed as said committee on the part of
the Senate, Messrs. Patton and Young.

The Senate proceeded to ballot for Trustees of the Univer-
sity.

The bill entitled "A bill to amend the Militia Bill," was
read a second time and passed, and on motion of Mr. Slaugh-
ter the rules were suspended and the said bill was read a third
time.

Mr. Hall moved to amend by striking out the words "and in
the seventh line to read forty-five years;" which was agreed to.
The bill as amended passed.

The bill entitled "A bill to amend the Revised Code in relation to habeas corpus," was read a second time, and the amendment recommended by the Committee on the Judiciary adopted, to wit: add to section 1, "and any judge issuing any such writ in vacation, or the judge before whom it is tried, shall have the same power to enforce obedience to the writ, to compel the attendance of witnesses, or to punish contempt of his authority, as a court has.

The bill as amended passed its second reading.

The bill entitled "A bill to amend the ordinance of the Convention entitled 'An ordinance to charter the Piedmont Railroad Company,'" was read a second time.

The Senate adjourned, on motion of Mr. Warren, until tomorrow morning 10 o'clock.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1863.

The bill entitled "A bill to amend the Militia Bill," was transmitted duly engrossed to the House of Commons.

Mr. Arendell, from the Committee on Corporations, reported upon the bills entitled "A bill to incorporate the North Carolina Christian Advocate Joint Stock Publishing Company," and "A bill amendatory of an act to incorporate the town of Asheville," recommending their passage, also reported back the memorial of H. F. Wolstenholmes, which was referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. White, for the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported back the bill entitled "A bill to authorize Jesse Grant to manufacture a limited quantity of whiskey for medical purposes," and a memorial from said Grant in relation to the subject of the bill and asked to be discharged from their further consideration. The committee were discharged accordingly.

Mr. Murrill introduced a bill entitled "A bill to amend
certain sections of the Revised Code in regard to free negroes," which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Hall, to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The unfinished business was postponed on motion of Mr. Hall, and the bill entitled "A bill to authorize Malcolm McInnis to distill from grain the article of alcohol for mechanical and medical purposes," was taken up and read a third time.

Mr. Matthews moved to lay on the table, which motion was not agreed to.

Mr. Bagley moved to amend by adding a section as 6, to wit:

Be it further enacted, That the said Malcolm McInnis shall not add to the present capacity of his distillery, nor establish any branch or branches."

Which was agreed to.

The question recurring on the passage of the bill as amended, Mr. Matthews asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,


Those who voted in the negative are,


So the bill was rejected.

Mr. Young, from the Committee to superintend the election of Trustees of the University, reported that Kemp P. Battle received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, and is elected; that no one of the other persons voted for, having received such majority, there is no election as to them.
A message from the House of Commons was received, that they agree to the amendments made by the Senate to the House bill, entitled, "A bill to amend the Charter of the Chatham Railroad Company," and said bill is ordered to be enrolled.

The consideration of the bill entitled, "A bill to amend an Ordinance of the Convention, entitled, "An Ordinance to Charter the Piedmont Railroad Company," was resumed.

The question being on the passage of said bill, on its second reading, Mr. Arendell asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the bill was rejected.

The bill entitled, "A bill authorizing the Governor to endorse the guarantee of the State, upon bonds of the Confederate Government," was read a second time, and

On motion of Mr. Smith, of Macon, postponed, and made the special order for Thursday, 12 o'clock.

The bill entitled, "A bill to amend the law relative to the hours of keeping open the public offices of the Capitol," was read a second time and rejected.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit the following engrossed bills and resolutions, entitled, to wit:
A bill to incorporate the Randolph Manufacturing Company;
Resolution in favor of Wm. Thompson;
Resolution in favor of John Roseman; and
Resolution granting to John Mastin, late Sheriff of Stokes, further time to collect arrearages of taxes, which was read first time.

Mr. Matthews moved to suspend the rules in order that the resolution in favor of John Mastin might be read a second time; but, the motion was not agreed to.

Mr. Matthews introduced a resolution, to wit:

Resolved, That a message be sent to the House of Commons, proposing that the two Houses adjourn, sine die, on Monday next, at 5 o'clock.

Mr. Warren moved to lay the resolution on the table, which was not agreed to. The resolution was adopted.

The bill entitled, "A bill to be entitled, 'An act supplemental to, and declaratory of an act ratified December 20th, 1862,' entitled 'An act to provide ways and means for the Treasury,' and to repeal a portion of an ordinance of the State Convention, ratified 19th Feb., 1862," was read a second time and passed.

The resolution entitled, "A resolution to authorize the Governor to appoint a commissioner to visit the various regiments in North-Carolina, and enquire as to their condition," was read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Murrill, laid on table.

The bill entitled, "A bill to prevent the property of soldiers from being attached," was read a second time and rejected. And, on motion of Mr. Arendell, the Senate adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1863.

Mr. Warren, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported upon the bill entitled, "A bill to amend an act passed at the present session of the General Assembly, entitled, 'An act for the relief of our sick and wounded soldiers,'" recommending that it do not pass.

The bill entitled, "A bill to be entitled, 'An act supple-
The mental to, and declaratory of, an act ratified, December 20th, 1862,' entitled, 'An act to provide ways and means for supplying the Treasury,' and to repeal a portion of an ordinance of the State Convention, ratified 19th February, 1862," was read a third time and passed.

The resolution entitled, "A resolution in favor of John Roseman," was read a second time and referred, on motion of Mr. Warren, to the Committee on Claims.

The following entitled bills and resolution were read a second time and passed, to wit:

A bill amending an act to incorporate the town of Asheville;
A bill to incorporate the Randolph Manufacturing Company; and
Resolution in favor of Wm. Thompson.

The bill entitled, "A bill to authorize Jesse Grant to manufacture a limited quantity of whiskey, for medical purposes," was read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Simpson, postponed indefinitely.

The resolution entitled, "Resolution granting further time to John Mastin, late Sheriff of Stokes, to collect arrearages of taxes," was read a second time and passed, when, on motion of Mr. Taylor of Chatham, the rules were suspended, and the same was read a third time, and amended, by striking out "Mastin," and inserting "Martin" in the resolution and title of the same, on motion of Mr. Matthews. The resolution, as amended, passed.

Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, moved to re-consider the vote by which the bill entitled, "A bill to amend an ordinance of the Convention entitled, 'An Ordinance to Charter the Piedmont Railroad Company," was rejected.

Mr. Arendell moved to lay that motion on the table, and asked the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are:

Messrs. Arendell, Bagley, Blount, Carroway, Drake, Faison, Hall, Harris, Jones, Lassiter, Leitch, Matthews, Neal, Patrick,
Sanders, Slaughter, Smith of Macon, Taylor of Nash, and Warren—19.

Those who voted in the negative are:—


So the motion was not agreed to.

The motion to reconsider prevailed, and said bill was read a second time and passed.

Mr. Young moved to suspend the rules in order that the bill might be read a third time, but the motion was not agreed to.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they agree to the proposition to go into an election for Trustees of the University at 1 o'clock to-day, and appoint Messrs. Dunn and Bynum, as the committee on their part, to superintend the election.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Smith, of Macon, and Simpson as said committee on the part of the Senate.

Another message was received from the House, that they transmit the bill entitled "A bill to be entitled Revenue," with accompanying amendments to which they ask the agreement of the Senate.

Mr. Hall moved that the Senate do not agree; which motion prevailed.

The Senate now proceeded to ballot for five Trustees of the University.

The following bills and resolutions were taken up on their second reading, entitled, to wit:

"Resolution in favor of W. W. Happer," read and referred, on motion of Mr. Blount, to the Committee on Claims;

"A bill to appoint Commissioners to sell old jail in Wilkes county," read and passed, and the rules having been suspended, on motion of Mr. Sharpe, read a third time and passed;

A bill to incorporate the Macon County Mining Company;
A bill to incorporate the Tuckaseege Mining Company;
A bill to incorporate the Franklin Mining and Manufacturing Company;
And a bill to incorporate the Nantahala Mining Company, were read and passed, and the rules having been suspended, on motion of Mr. Arendell, were severally, again, read a third time and passed.

Mr. Jarratt introduced a bill entitled "A bill authorizing the levying and collecting taxes in the county of Yadkin for the year 1863, not levied at the proper time of the county court;" which was read first time, when, on his motion, the rules were suspended, and the same was read a second and third times and passed.

The bill entitled "A bill to authorize and empower Isaac A. Rue, late Sheriff of McDowell county, to collect arrearages of taxes due said Sheriff for the years 1860-'61," was read a second time and passed, when, on motion of Mr. Neal, the rules were suspended, and the same was read a third time, amended by altering the name to Isaac A. Real, and passed.

The bill entitled "A bill to incorporate the town of Marshall, in Madison county, under the law for the better regulation of towns," was read a second time and passed.

The bill entitled "A bill to amend the Revised Code in relation to habeas corpus," was made the special order for Friday, 12 o'clock, on motion of Mr. Warren.

Mr. Warren recommended Wm. E. Gulick as a Justice of the Peace for Beaufort county; Mr. Matthews recommended J. T.W. Davis, also, as a Justice of the Peace, for Stokes county, and Mr. Wright recommended as Justices of the Peace for Cumberland county, Robert Williams and K. M. C. Williamson, and a message was sent to the House of Commons in relation to the same.

On motion of Mr. Young, the Senate adjourned until 3½ o'clock, P. M.
Afternoon Session—Three-and-a-half o'clock, P. M.

On motion of Mr. Leitch, a recommendation of Terrel Covington as Justice of the Peace for Richmond county, and also recommendation of L. L. Moore, D. C. Clark, John A. Reid, J. J. Goodwin, and James Overstreet, on motion of Mr. Wright, were sent to the House of Commons.

A message from the House was received, that they insist upon the amendments made to the Revenue bill, and ask that a committee of conference be raised to consider of the matters of disagreement, and they appoint Messrs. Shepherd, Person, Watson, Allison and Russell, of Brunswick, the House branch of said committee.

The Senate agreed thereto, and the Speaker announced Messrs. Young, Wiggins, Wright, Hall and Smith, of Stanly, as the Senate branch of said committee.

Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Hall for the afternoon, on motion of Mr. Eure.

On motion of Mr. Wright, the engrossed resolutions entitled “Resolutions in relation to prisoners confined in Salisbury,” were taken up and read a second time and passed, when the rules were suspended, and the same were read a third time and passed.

Mr. Simpson, from the Committee to superintend the election of Trustees of the University, reported that M. L. Wiggins, L. F. Siler and F. E. Shober, having received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, are elected.

The resolutions entitled “Resolutions relating to the currency,” were read a second time and, on motion of Mr. Young, laid on the table.

The bill entitled “A bill to incorporate the North-Carolina Christian Advocate Joint Stock Publishing Company,” was read a second time and passed, when, on motion of Mr. Adams of Guilford, the rules were suspended and the same was read a third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Sanders, a message was sent to the House of Commons that the Senate proposes to go forthwith into an election for two Trustees of the University; and the Speaker
announced as the committee to superintend the election, should the House agree, Messrs. Sanders and Copeland.

The following entitled resolutions and bills transmitted from the House of Commons duly enrolled and signed by the speaker thereof were signed by the Speaker of the Senate, to wit:

"A resolution in favor of James M. Neal,"
Resolution in favor of A. C. Latham, Sheriff of Craven county.
Resolution in favor of Daniel Tucker.
Resolution in favor of George Credle.
A Resolution in favor of Wm. L. Shannon.
Resolution in reference to the bounty of soldiers.
Resolution to correct an error on the tax roll of Burke county.
An act in favor of Isaac Arledge.
An act to amend the 46th chapter of the Revised Code, 18th section.
An act to authorize incorporated towns to lay an ad valorem tax on slaves.
An act for the relief of the citizens of Alleghany county.
An act to alter the rules of law in relation to the probate of wills.
An act authorizing one-third of the whole number of Justices of the Peace in any county to transact county business.
An act to legalize the proceedings of a county court held in Henderson county.
An act to amend an act to empower the town of Wilmington to establish streets in said town and for other purposes.
An act to authorize and enable C. A. Boon, sheriff of Guilford county and Joseph Luske, sheriff of Gaston county, to collect arrearages of taxes.
An act for the benefit of persons who have entered vacant lands, and
An act to legalize the proceedings of a county court held in Catawba county.

Mr. Warren, from the Committee on the Judiciary repor-
ted upon the bill entitled "A bill to amend certain sections of the Revised Code in regard to free negroes," and recom-
mended that it do not pass.

On motion of Mr. Young, the Senate adjourned until ten o'clock to-morrow morning.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1863.

Mr. Lassiter, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported back the memorial of H. T. Wolstenholmes, and recommended that it be referred to the Committee on Claims; and the same was so referred.

Mr. Eure, from the Committee on Military Affairs reported upon the bill entitled "A bill to enroll free negroes and put them in the service as cooks," recommending that it do not pass.

Mr. Young introduced a bill entitled "A bill to authorize the Deacons or Trustees of Sharon Church to sell the Parsonage and lands attached belonging to the said congregation;" which was read first time, when, on his motion, the rules were suspended and the same was read a second and third time and passed.

Mr. Hall introduced a bill entitled "A bill to repeal the 20th section of the 31st chapter of the Revised Code;" which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on the Judiciary, and also a resolution entitled "A resolution in favor of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company;" which was read first time, when the rules were suspended, on his motion, and said resolution was read a second time, and referred, on motion of Mr. Warren, to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. White introduced a bill entitled "A bill to authorize the Judges at Chambers to decree sales of land held by minors;" which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on the Judiciary; also a resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of James Freeman;" which
was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Claims.

The bill entitled "A bill to amend an act passed at this session of the General Assembly, entitled 'An act for the relief of our sick and wounded soldiers," was read a second time and rejected.

The bill entitled "A bill to amend an ordinance of the Convention entitled 'An ordinance to charter the Piedmont Railroad Company,'" was read a third time, when Mr. Lindsay moved to postpone indefinitely, and asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,
Messrs. Arendell, Bagley, Blount, Carroway, Dickson, Faison, Hall, Harris, Jones, Lassiter, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Neal, Patrick, Sanders, Slaughter, Smith of Macon, Taylor of Nash, and Warren—20.

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the motion did not prevail.

On the question of the passage of the bill, Mr. Arendell asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative, are,
Messrs. Arendell, Bagley, Blount, Carroway, Dickson, Faison, Hall, Harris, Jarratt, Jones, Lassiter, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Neal, Patrick, Sanders, Slaughter, Smith of Macon, Taylor of Nash, Warren and Wiggins—22.

So the bill was rejected.
Mr. Arendell moved to re-consider the vote just given, and to lay that motion on the table, which was agreed to.

Mr. Lassiter, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported back the bill entitled, "A bill for the relief of the wives and families of soldiers in the army," and asked to be discharged from its further consideration. The Committee were discharged accordingly.

Mr. Murrill introduced a resolution, to wit:

Resolved, That the members of the Senate do contribute their per diem, of one day, for the purpose of purchasing wood for the indigent families of soldiers of this city, and that a committee of two be appointed to receive and pay the same to the Mayor, who shall apply it immediately, as herein specified.

The resolution was adopted, and the Speaker appointed Messrs. Murrill and Adams, of Davidson, as the Committee under the resolution.

Mr. Copeland introduced a bill entitled, "A bill for the relief of indigent families of soldiers, in the army," which was read first time.

On motion of Mr. Lassiter, the order of the day was postponed, in order to take up a message received from the House of Commons, that they have adopted the report of the Committee of Conference upon the Revenue Bill, and ask the agreement of the Senate.

The report of said committee was read.

Mr. Lindsay moved to print the report and amendments made to the bill, and on this question asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Messrs. Arendell, Blount, Carroway, Jones, Lindsay, Murrill, Sanders, Sharpe, Slaughter and Warren—10.

Those who voted in the negative are,

Messrs. Adams of Davidson, Adams of Guilford, Copeland, Dickson, Dickerson, Drake, Eure, Faison, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Jarratt, Lane, Lassiter, Leitch, Matthews, Neal, Patton, Patrick, Powell, Ramsay, Simpson, Smith of Anson,

So the motion did not prevail.

Mr. Lindsay moved to adjourn, and it was not agreed to.

On the question of the adoption of the report Mr. Arendell asked the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Messrs. Adams of Davidson, Adams of Guilford, Dickerson, Drake, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Jarratt, Jones, Lane, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Neal, Patton, Ramsay, Simpson, Sharpe, Smith of Anson, Smith of Macon, Smith of Stanly, Taylor of Chatham, Taylor of Nash, White, Wooley, Wright and Young—27.

Those who voted in the negative are,


So the report was adopted, and is as follows, to wit:

The Committee of Conference from the Senate and House of Commons, ask the concurrence of both branches of the General Assembly in the following amendments to the Revenue bill, viz: all of the House amendments subject to the alterations herein named, as follows: strike out the "first day of January," and insert the "first day of April" throughout the bill, as the day from which the taxable year shall begin; strike out in the fourth clause of the first section, "or Confederate" after the word "county:" add at the end of the 6th clause as amended in the House: "provided, that no more cotton held by a manufacturer shall be exempt from this tax than is needed for the consumption of one year."

In the second clause of section 1st, the House amendment is to be amended so as to provide that the list by the assessors shall contain as to slaves the number owned by each lister, with the aggregate value thereof.

In section 6th, House amendments, insert "two years" for "four."
Section 69, clause ——, strike out "one hundred dollars in any county where they deliver packages," and say "on all Express Companies, $600."

In section 69, clause 11, strike out "$100," and say "$60."

In section 59, in the House amendments, add "and all articles manufactured out of leather."

In new section 121, provide a copy of this act for each member of the General Assembly.

Respectfully submitted,

J. G. SHEPHERD,

For the Committee.

The following are the House amendments accompanying the foregoing report, and agreed to as the part of the same, to wit:

For the second clause of the first section substitute as follows: "All slaves (excepting such as the County Courts may have exempted, or may hereafter exempt from taxation on account of bodily or mental infirmity,) and for the purpose of ascertaining the value the County Courts shall appoint three assessors for each Captain's District, whose duty it shall be, within twenty days, to assess the value of the slaves in their district, and make return of the lists to the Clerk of the County Court, which list shall set forth each slave and the value thereof, from which lists the Clerk shall within five days ascertain the average value of the slaves in his county, and transmit a certificate thereof to the Public Treasurer, who with the assistance of the Comptroller, shall ascertain therefrom the average value of slaves in the State, and advertise it in the public newspapers, and certify the same to the Clerks of the County Courts within ten days, and the Clerks in making out the tax lists shall add to or deduct from the assessed value of the slaves in his county such per centage as shall be necessary to cause the value so assessed in his county to correspond with the average value throughout the State. And any person failing or neglecting to perform any of the duties herein prescribed, shall, upon motion by the
County Attorney, in the Superior or County Court, in the name of the State, be amerced in the sum of two hundred dollars. And, when any assessors or clerks shall fail to make returns, the Clerk or Treasurer shall ascertain the average from the number of returns received.

For the fourth clause of the first section, substitute the following: "Money invested in manufacturing and steamboat corporations or companies, according to the shares as fixed by the charter, if the shares be in a corporation, and if there be no incorporation, then upon the amount invested; also money invested in County or Confederate bonds or State bonds issued since the 23d of February, 1861; also money invested in every species of trade and traffic not otherwise taxed herein."

Add at the end of the 6th clause of the 1st section the following: "And all cotton and tobacco, except that which is owned by the producer, or which has been purchased by the owner for his own use or that of his family or dependents, and further, except such cotton as may have been purchased by any person or corporation for the purpose of manufacturing."

Insert between the 3d and 4th sections the following as an additional section: "Every dollar of nett dividend or profit (not previously listed) declared, received or due on or before the first day of January in each year, upon money or capital invested in shares in the Bank of Washington, the Merchants' Bank of Newbern, the Bank of Wadesborough, the Bank of Fayetteville, the Commercial Bank of Wilmington, the Farmers' Bank of North-Carolina, the Bank of Charlotte, and the Bank of Yanceyville, shall pay an annual tax of eight cents; but, the same shall not be subject to any county tax."

In section 2, after the word "edifices" in 6th line insert the words "and parsonages." Strike out the word "and" in the 6th line between the words "structures and edifices." In section 4, strike out all after the word "corporations" and insert the following, "shall be listed among the individual property of stockholders, in the county where the stockholder resides."
Strike out all between sections 5 and 14, and insert the following:

SEC. 6. *Be it further enacted*, That at the first Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for each county held on or before the first Monday of March, and at the same time every four years thereafter, the Court shall appoint one Justice of the Peace and two freeholders, men of skill and probity, for each Captain's district in the county or for each school district at the option of the Court, who shall be styled the district board of valuation of their respective districts.

SEC. 7. The Clerk shall issue a notice of his appointment to each man within five days after adjournment of the Court. Should the Court fail to make the required appointments, or should from any cause a vacancy occur, any three Justices of the Peace may make the required appointments, or fill the vacancy.

SEC. 8. This district board of valuation shall, as near as practicable, ascertain the cash value of every tract of land or other real estate, with the improvements thereon, situate in their district; and also the cash value of every slave required to be listed for taxation in their district, either by viewing the same or otherwise.

SEC. 9. In estimating the value, the board may call and swear witnesses to testify thereto; and they shall take into the estimate any fishery appurtenant thereto or used with the land; also all mines of metal, stone or coal, or other material discovered, or supposed to exist, whereby the price of land is enhanced; also all machinery and fixtures for manufacturing or mechanical purposes, that have been erected or used on the land. When a tract of land shall be in one or more districts, the board of the district in which the owner resides, shall ascertain the value of the whole tract, and if the owner reside in neither of the districts, the board of the district in which the larger part may lie, shall ascertain the value of the whole.

SEC. 10. The owner of the land or slaves, or (if he be a non-resident) his agent shall furnish the district board with a list,
including land entries, setting forth the separate tracts, and also the several contiguous bodies or tracts of land owned by him in the district, together with the names of the water courses, or other noted places, on or nearest to which they may be situated, and the number of acres in each separate tract or contiguous body of land, and also the names, ages and number of the slaves he is bound to list. Town lots shall be listed separately, and each lot be numbered according to the plot of the town. Each separate body or tract of land, and each town lot shall be separately and distinctly valued and returned.

Sec. 11. The district boards shall, in each case, administer the following oath to the person furnishing the required list:

"You, A. B., do solemnly swear that the list by you furnished contains a full statement of every tract of land and town lot in this district, for the taxes of which you are liable, either in your own right or the right of any other person, either as guardian, attorney, agent or trustee, or in any other manner whatsoever, to the best of your knowledge and belief. So help you God."

Sec. 12. If any person shall refuse to furnish the list required above, or to take the oath prescribed in the preceding section, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and the Justices of the Peace of said board, shall bind him over to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of the county, to answer the charge, and on conviction or submission, he shall be fined at the discretion of the Court.

Sec. 13. When the owner of the land, and slave or slaves, or (if he be a non-resident of the State,) his agent, be not a resident of the district where the land is situated, and the slaves required to be listed, the required list, with affidavits of the same import as the above required oath, subscribed and sworn to before, and certified by a Justice of the Peace, may be transmitted to the district board of valuation, and if received before the board, shall be ready to value the land and slaves contained in the list; such list shall be received as
though tendered and sworn to by the agent or owner, in person.

Sec. 14. When the board of valuation are not furnished with a list sworn to as above required, or the owner or agent refuses to answer to the correctness of the statement as to the number of acres contained in any tract of land, they may procure a county or other surveyor, and have the same surveyed. And the surveyor may recover the amount of his fees and all expenses out of the owner of the land, before a Justice of the Peace, by warrant or attachment, and the board may examine witnesses on oath as to the number and description of the slaves.

Sec. 15. The district boards of valuation shall, as soon as practicable after their appointment, proceed to value all real property and slaves required to be listed in their respective districts, as above directed, complete the lists by the first Monday of April after their appointment, and annex the following affidavit, subscribed and sworn to before a Justice of the Peace, who shall certify the same: "We do solemnly swear that we have diligently enquired, and do not believe that there is any real property or slaves required to be listed in the —— district of —— county, subject to taxation, that is not entered and valued in the above list, and the foregoing valuation is, in our judgment and belief, the actual value thereof in cash, and that in assessing the same, we have endeavored to do equal justice to the public and to the individuals concerned. So help us God." This list and valuation shall remain in the hands of the Justice of the Peace of the board, and be open to inspection of any one who wishes to examine it, until returned as hereinafter directed.

Sec. 16. On the Thursday subsequent to the first Monday of April, after the appointment of the district boards of valuation, the persons who were appointed as Justices of the Peace to be members of the different district boards, shall meet at the Court House and organize themselves into a county board of valuation, by electing, by ballot, one of their members chairman, and another secretary. In case a Jus-
tice of the Peace of any district board, from any cause, cannot attend, the elder of the two members of the board shall take his place.

Sec. 17. To this county board of valuation shall the district boards of valuation make returns of their lists. This board shall carefully examine and compare all the lists, and if, in their opinion, the real property and slaves throughout the county, shall not have been assessed by a uniform standard of value, they may re-assess any district or any separate tract or tracts, or lots of land, and also any slave or slaves.

Sec. 18. If any one deem that too high a valuation was put on his land, or slave or slaves, he may apply to the county board of valuation for redress, and they shall duly consider the case and decide as in their judgment is right. The board may call, swear and examine witnesses, or in person view the land or slaves, about the value of which they are in doubt.

Sec. 19. Two-thirds of the entire number of the members composing the county board of valuation, shall form a quorum for the transaction of business, and the decision of the majority of the members present shall stand as the decision of the board.

Sec. 20. If, in the opinion of the county board of valuation, any tract or tracts of land, or town lots, or slave or slaves, shall have been assessed at too low a value, they shall make lists of such tracts, or lots and slaves, and post them in at least two conspicuous places in the Court House, at the time of their adjournment. After they shall have examined and compared the lists, heard the complaints of all who may feel themselves aggrieved, by the valuation of their property, the board shall post the lists as above required, and adjourn until the fourth Monday of April, when they shall again meet at the Court House, hear the complaints of all who may feel themselves aggrieved by their former action, or by the original valuation, and decide each case as to them may appear right, and from their decision there shall be no appeal.

Sec. 21. When the county boards of valuation shall have performed the duty on them imposed, they shall return the
lists received of the district boards of valuation, as by them revised and corrected, to the clerk of the county court, before whom they shall subscribe and swear to the following affidavit, annexed to the list returned:

"We solemnly swear that the foregoing lists have been carefully examined and compared, and, in our judgment and belief, they do, as now corrected, exhibit the actual cash value of every tract or lot of land in this county, with the improvements thereon, and privileges thereto attached, and of the slaves required to be listed in this county, and in the discharge of our duties, we have endeavored to do equal justice to the public and to individuals concerned. So help us God."

Sec. 22. Each member of the county and district boards of valuation, shall receive, out of the county treasury, such compensation as the county court may allow, not exceeding three dollars per day, for the time he may have been engaged in the discharge of his duties.

Sec. 23. At the first court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, of each county, which shall be held on or after the first day of April in each and every year, except in cases wherein a special court is hereinafter provided for, the court shall appoint for each Captains district, or for each School district, at the option of the court, a Justice of the Peace, or a freeholder of known skill and probity, to take the lists of taxable subjects, and the names of such takers of the tax lists with their respective districts, shall, during the term, be advertised at the Court House by the clerk.

Sec. 24. If the court shall fail, from any cause, to make such appointment, any three Justices of the Peace of the county, may meet at the office of the Clerk of the County Court, on or after the first Monday of April, and appoint the takers of the tax lists for the county, or supply any vacancy arising from death or incapacity to act, and the clerk shall record the same.

Sec. 25. The Clerk shall issue notice of all appointments of takers of tax lists, as soon as made to the sheriff, who shall
serve them within ten days, upon the appointees, whose duty it shall be to advertise, at three several places in their respective districts, at least ten days before the time of listing, the places and times, when and where he will attend, for the purpose of receiving the list of taxables, which lists he shall take during the last twenty working days in April; they shall perfect their lists, and return them to the Clerk of the County Court, on or before the second day of May.

Sec. 26. If any person appointed to take the lists of taxables shall refuse or willfully fail to discharge the duties of his appointment, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 27. Every person appointed to take the lists of taxables, before he enters on the duties of his appointment, shall take the following oath, to be administered by any Justice of the Peace, to wit:

"I, A. B., do solemnly swear that I will perform all my duties as taker of the tax lists for the district for which I have been appointed, according to my best knowledge and ability. So help me God."

Sec. 28. It shall be the duty of every one liable to pay tax, residing in any district or having property therein liable to taxation, at the time and place appointed by the taker of the lists, to furnish him a written list of his taxables, mentioned in section first of this bill and in schedule A, hereinafter set forth, setting forth the number of acres of land he is bound to list, on what waters situate, the valuation of each tract of land, and the number, ages and value of his slaves, as assessed by the board of assessors, next preceding the time of listing as reduced or increased by the Clerk of the County Court to the average State valuation, and any other slaves subsequently acquired, and his estimate of value of such articles or subjects of taxation, not mentioned in the first section of this act, as are taxed ad valorem, and such listing and valuation shall have reference to the property owned and the subjects of taxation held by the tax payer and its value on the first day of April next before the listing thereof, and the taker of the tax list shall administer to the person furnishing said list the following oath:
"You solemnly swear that the list by you furnished contains a full statement of all the property and subjects of taxation which you are bound to list, either in your own right or in the right of any other person, and that the property valued by you is not worth more in cash than the valuation annexed, to the best of your knowledge and belief": Provided however, that in the year 1863, the takers of the tax lists shall not take the lists of lands and slaves, but they shall be ascertained by the Clerk of the County Court, and entered by him on the tax lists to be furnished to the sheriff or tax collector, from the lists of the assessors; the value of the slaves being brought to the State average as provided in section 35, and after the year 1863, and until another assessment of slaves, they shall be listed at the same valuation fixed by the general State average, until the next assessment: Provided however, that when the tax lister shall make oath in writing that any slave has become greatly impaired in value by reason of disease, or other bodily or mental infirmity, he may list such slave at such price as he may state on oath is the then present value of such slave. And when a slave shall have been acquired after the assessment, the person listing shall list him at the same value at which he was listed by his former owner, increased or diminished according to the State average if known to him, and if not known to him he shall file a written affidavit stating his cash value on the first day of January preceding; such listing, and as to slaves born after the assessment, the lister shall be required to state on oath their cash value on the first day of April preceding, and they shall be listed accordingly.

Sec. 39. Every taker of the tax lists shall be allowed such compensation for his services as the County Court may in its discretion allow to be paid out of the county treasury.

Sec. 30. Every taker of the tax lists after the year 1863, shall be furnished by the Clerk of the County Court with a fair copy of the returns made by the last board of valuation of the real estate and slaves in his district, and with the
necessary printed form of tax bills, to be furnished by the Comptroller under the provisions of this act.

In Section 17, line 3, insert after the words "tax lists" as follows: "inserting therein for the year 1863, the land and slaves from the list returned to him by the assessors, increasing or diminishing the valuation of slaves in the rates that the average State valuation as published by the Comptroller shall exceed or fall short of the average county valuation of slaves.

In Section 18, strike out all after the word "other" in the 3d line.

In section 19, insert after the word "number" in the 5th line, the word "ages."

In section 23, strike out all after the word "his" in the 2d line and insert "taxes, specifying how much is for State taxes and how much is for County taxes.

In section 33, strike out in 2d line the figures "30 and 31," and insert "47 and 48."

In section 35, strike out in 2d line the figures "3," and insert the figures "50."

In section 39, strike out in 10th line the figures "34 and 35," and insert "55 and 56."

In section 40, strike out in 2d line the figures "33," and insert the figures "50."

In section 47, strike out in the 4th line the word "laid," and insert the word "bid."

Section 52, add to the 9th clause the following: "Every gold headed cane in use, one dollar; every silver headed cane in use, fifty cents."

Section 52, 10th clause, in line 52, after the word "cashier," insert the word "superintendents."

Section 52, add at the end of the 11th clause, the following: Provided, however, That the county courts of each county, a majority of the Justices being present, in their discretion, may levy the above taxes on dogs, and the taxes collected levied under this section shall be for county purposes.
Section 52, clause 14, strike out the word "purchasers," in lines 96 and 99, and insert the word "profits."

Section 52, add after the 14th clause, as a separate clause, the following: "On every dollar of nett profit or dividend declared, received or due, during the year preceding the 1st of April in each year, (and not previously listed) upon money or capital invested in manufacturing cotton or woolen goods, leather, articles made of leather, iron and tobacco, and also on every dollar of nett profit or dividend, on money invested in Steam Boat Companies, whether incorporated or not, and in Railroads, a tax of two cents."

Section 60, strike out in line 2, the word "free," and insert the word "taxable."

Section 61, in 2d line, strike out figures "55," and insert "75."

Section 63, in 3d line, strike out figures "11," and insert "28."

Section 64, strike out figures "11," and insert "28."

Section 67, in line 8, strike out the word "deduct," and insert the word "debit."

Section 68, in 3d line, strike out the words "twelve Justices being present."

Section 69, clause 4, strike out all after the word "State," and insert "five per cent. upon the gross receipts."

Section 69, clause 6, strike out all after the word "banker," in the 29th line, and insert the words "ten per cent. upon their profits."

Section 69, clause 7, in 32d line, strike out the word "fifty," and insert the words "six hundred dollars."

Section 69, clause 8, insert in the 35th line after the word "dollars," the words "every bagatelle or roulette table fifty dollars."

Section 69, clause 15, line 70, strike out the words "thirty-five," and insert the word "fifty."

Section 69, add between the 18th and 19th clauses, the following as an additional clause: "From and after the first day of January, 1863, every person or corporation manufac-
turing cotton or woolen cloth or a mixture of both, cotton yarn, leather, shoes, boots, flour, salt, implements of husbandry, wagons, wagon harness, and clothing, and iron, and every other person who, as principal or agent for another, carries on the business of manufacturing any of the foregoing articles, all nett profit above seventy-five per cent. upon the cost of production.

Section 69, clause 27, add at the end of the clause, the following: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall subject to a double tax the estate of a soldier in the service.

Section 80, clause 4, strike out in the 30th line the words "one quarter of."

Section 80, to be inserted after clause 4, as an additional clause, as follows:

"The President or Cashier of the banks herein named, on or before the first day of October in each year, shall pay into the Public Treasury, the following tax upon each share of stock owned by corporations or individuals, to wit: The Bank of Washington, twenty-five cents; the Merchants' Bank of Newbern, twenty-five cents; the Bank of Wadeborough, twelve-and-a-half cents; the Bank of Fayetteville, twelve-and-a-half cents; the Commercial Bank of Wilmington, twenty-five cents; the Farmers' Bank of North-Carolina, twenty-five cents; the Bank of North-Carolina, ninety cents; the Bank of Lexington, forty-five cents; the Miners' and Planters' Bank, forty-five cents; the Bank of Commerce, forty-five cents; the Bank of Clarendon, forty-five cents; the Bank of Cape Fear, ninety cents; the Bank of Wilmington, ninety cents; the bank of Charlotte, twelve-and-a-half cents; the Bank of Yanceyville, twenty-five cents; the Bank of Thomasville, forty-five cents; the Bank of Roxboro', forty-five cents; and any other which may be chartered by this or any other future General Assembly, ninety cents on the share of one hundred dollars, and in that proportion for shares of a less value. And in case the said officers of any bank shall neglect or fail to pay the tax as herein required, said bank shall pay double the amount of said tax, and the same shall
be sued for and recovered by the Attorney General in the name of the State, in the Superior Court of the County of Wake."

Section 81, insert after the word "omitted," in the 11th line, the words "to the best of his knowledge."

Section 85, in line 6, strike out figures "48," and leave a blank.

Section 101, in 7th line, strike out "1860," and insert "1862."

Insert between sections 102 and 103 the following as an additional section.

Sec. 120. In all the counties of this State where the first term of the County Court next after the first of January is already passed by, or where, if held between the first of January and the first Monday of March, it shall pass by without appointing assessors or tax listers as hereinbefore provided, or whenever in any county, the first term of the County Court shall be after the first Monday in March, the Chairman of each of the said County Courts, or if there be no Chairman, then the Clerk shall direct a notice to the Justices of the said Courts to meet in their respective Court Houses to make the appointments aforesaid and also to levy taxes, and the Clerk shall record on the minute docket of his court the proceedings of the said Justices in special session, Provided, that this section shall continue in force during the year 1863, and after that proceedings shall be had according to the previous sections of this act.

Sec. 121. As early as practicable after the ratification of this act, the Comptroller shall have published three thousand copies of the same for the sheriffs, clerks, assessors, tax listers and members of the Assembly and shall distribute the same among the different counties of the State by such mode as he and the Public Treasurer may adopt.

Mr. Warren moved to adjourn until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

Mr. Adams of Guilford moved to adjourn until 3 ½ o'clock.

The motion of Mr. Warren was agreed to, and the Senate adjourned accordingly.
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1863.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Hardie.

The following engrossed bills were transmitted to the House of Commons, entitled to wit:

A bill to incorporate the Nantahala Mining Company.
A bill to incorporate the Macon County Mining Company.
A bill to incorporate the Franklin Mining and Manufacturing Company.
A bill to incorporate the Tuckaseege Mining Company.
A bill to authorize the deacons and trustees of Sharon Church to sell the parsonage and lands attached, belonging to the said congregation.
A bill authorizing the levying and collecting of taxes in the county of Yadkin, for the year 1863, not levied at the proper term of said court.
A bill to incorporate the North-Carolina Christian Advocate Joint Stock Publishing Company; and
A bill in relation to the bounty of soldiers.

The following bills and resolutions, duly enrolled and signed by the Speaker of the House of Commons, were transmitted to the Senate and signed by the Speaker thereof, entitled to wit:

Resolution in favor of Mary C. Gully;
Resolution in favor of the sureties of White D. Humphrey, deceased, late Sheriff of Onslow County;
Resolution in favor of Rufus Galloway, Lewis Williamson, Elias Barnes, Reuben King and sundry other Sheriffs and Tax Collectors;
An act to amend the Charter of the Chatham Railroad Company;
An act concerning the State Educational Association of North-Carolina;
An act to amend the Militia Bill;
An act to incorporate the town of Dallas, in the County of Gaston;
An act supplemental to, and declaratory of, an act ratified
on the 20th day of December, A. D., 1862, entitled, "An act to provide ways and means for supplying the Treasury," and also to repeal a portion of an Ordinance of the State Convention, ratified 26th February, A. D. 1862.

Messages were received from the House of Commons, that they agree to the amendments made by the Senate to the resolutions, entitled, "Resolution in relation to prisoners confined in Salisbury," and "Resolution in favor of John Martin, Sheriff of Stokes," and the same are ordered to be enrolled; also, that they do not agree to the proposition of the Senate, to go immediately into an election for two Trustees of the University.

Mr. Ramsay, from the Committee on Claims, reported upon the resolutions entitled, to wit:

Resolution in favor of James W. Freeman, recommending an amendment; and

Resolution in favor of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company," recommending that it do pass.

Mr. Ramsay also introduced a bill entitled, "A bill in relation to the bounty of soldiers," which was read first time, when, on his motion, the rules were suspended, and the same was read a second and third time and passed.

Mr. Adams, of Guilford, was announced, as a member of the Committee on Enrolled Bills, in place of Mr. Wooley, excused, and to whom leave of absence was granted, on motion of Mr. Hall.

Mr. Wright introduced a bill entitled, "A bill to incorporate Dispatch Steam Boat Company," which was read, the rules having been suspended on his motion, three several times, and passed.

On motion of Mr. Simpson, a message was sent to the House, that the Senate recommends as Justices of the Peace, for Rockingham county, Wm. L. Wright, Richard D. Harris, and Wm. Lindsay.

Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Matthews, from and after to-day, on motion of Mr. Warren.

Mr. Adams of Guilford, moved to re-consider the vote by
which was adopted the report of the Committee of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the Senate and House on the Revenue bill.

Mr. Hall moved to lay the motion to re-consider on the table, and asked thereon the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Messrs. Dickerson, Drake, Hall, Harris, Jarratt, Leitch, Neal, Patton, Ramsay, Sharpe, Smith, of Anson, Smith, of Macon, Taylor, of Chatham, Taylor of Nash, White, Wright and Young—17.

Those who voted in the negative are,


So the motion did not prevail.

The question being on the motion to re-consider, the yeas and nays were asked, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,


Those who voted in the negative are,


So the motion was agreed to.

The question on the adoption of the report was now put, and decided in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Smith of Macon, a message was sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes to raise a Committee of Conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses upon the Revenue bill, and the Speaker announced
as said committee on the part of the Senate, should the House agree to the proposition, Messrs. Graham, Lane, Ramsay, Warren and Smith of Macon.

A message was received from the House, that they agree to the foregoing proposition, and appoint Messrs. Shepherd, Person, Russell of Brunswick, Watson and Allison, as the committee on their part.

Mr. Bagley introduced a bill entitled "A bill to raise five thousand troops for local defence;" which was read first time.

Mr. Arendell moved to take from the table the bill entitled "A bill authorizing the President and Directors of the Literary Fund of North-Carolina to elect a Treasurer;" which motion was not agreed to.

A communication from the Public Treasurer, in answer to a resolution calling upon him for information, was read, and, on motion of Mr. Ramsay, referred to the Committee on the Insane Asylum, and ordered to be printed.

Messages were received from the House that they transmit sundry engrossed bills and resolutions, entitled, to wit:

A bill in favor of C. Austin, sheriff of the county of Union; which was read first time, when the rules were suspended on motion of Mr. Smith of Anson, and the same was read a second and third times and passed.

A bill to incorporate the Anderson Monument Association; which was read three several times, the rules having been suspended on motion of Mr. Young, and passed.

A bill to establish courts to investigate charges against citizens of North-Carolina imprisoned on account of offences alleged to have been committed against the Confederate States; which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Eure, to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A bill to authorize and empower George W. Crumpler, late sheriff of Sampson county, to collect arrears of taxes; which was read first time, when the rules were suspended on motion of Mr. Faison, and the same was read a second time and passed, and read a third time.

Mr. Simpson moved to strike out the figures "1854, 1855,
1856 and 1857," which was agreed to, and the bill, as amended, passed.

Resolution in relation to impressment of teams and wagons, &c., in Johnston county, &c.; which was read first time, when the rules were suspended on motion of Mr. Sanders, and the same was read a second time.

Mr. Murrill moved to amend by striking out "Johnston," and inserting "North-Carolina;" which motion was not agreed to.

The resolutions passed, and was read a third time.

Mr. Lane moved to amend the preamble of the resolution, so as to read, "Whereas certain persons have been detailed to impress, &c., and have impressed;" which was not agreed to.

The resolution passed.

A bill in relation to the County Court of Brunswick County, was read three several times, the rules having been suspended, on motion of Mr. Hall, and passed.

Resolutions in relation to the liberty of the people.

Resolution in favor of B. J. Dunlap.

Bill for the relief of J. W. Cromartie.

A bill to change the time of holding the courts of probate and public sales' days in the county of Rutherford.

A bill to authorize the securities of W. Profit to collect arrears of taxes.

A bill to exempt old men from Militia duty.

A bill in favor of the sureties of John S. Willis, late sheriff of Bladen County.

Resolution in favor of R. V. Blackstock.

Resolution in favor of R. V. Blackstock.

Resolution in favor of J. B. Davis.

Resolution in favor of W. W. Greer, and Resolution in favor of W. W. Downs, were read first time, and

A bill authorizing the Governor to issue commissions to hold Courts of Oyer and Terminer and for other purposes, was read first time.

Mr. Eure moved to refer said bill to the Committee on the Judiciary, and it was not agreed to.
The rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Hall, and the bill was read a second time.

Mr. Hall moved to amend by inserting between sections 4 and 5, an additional section, to wit:

*Be it further enacted, That the Judges holding said Court shall be entitled to the sum of one hundred and twenty dollars therefor.*

Mr. Murrill moved to amend the amendment by striking out all after the word "enacted" and inserting the words "That the Judges holding said Courts of Oyer and Terminer, shall receive no pay over and above the regular salary of nineteen hundred and fifty dollars per annum," which was agreed to.

The question being on the amendment as amended, Mr. Murrill asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are,
Messrs. Arendell, Bagley, Blount, Dickerson, Drake, Eure, Graham, Hall, Harriss, Jones, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Patrick, Ramsay, Slaughter, Smith of Anson, Smith of Stanly, Taylor of Chatham, Warren, Wiggins and Wright—22.

So the amendment was rejected.

Mr. Graham moved to amend by striking out all after the enacting clause, and inserting as follows, to wit:

1. "That two terms of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity, shall be held in the several Counties of the State at the times and places designated in the Revised Code and the acts of the General Assembly passed subsequently thereto, including the act of the present General Assembly entitled, 'An act to establish the eighth Judicial Circuit,' with full power and jurisdiction over all criminal causes and proceedings, which may be brought before them."

2. "That the Supreme Court shall hold its sessions in the
City of Raleigh on the second Monday of June, and the first Monday in December in each and every year, at which shall be heard and determined all causes in Law and Equity, which shall be brought before it, according to the jurisdiction conferred in said Court by section 6 of the Revised Code, chapter 33.'

Mr. Lane moved to amend the amendment by adding as follows: "Provided, That this act shall not apply to the provisions of the act of the last General Assembly, commonly known as the 'Stay Law,' in regard to the collection of debts," which was agreed to.

The question being on the amendment, Mr. Graham asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are,
Messrs. Bagley, Dickson, Drake, Eure, Faison, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Jones, Lane, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Patrick, Powell, Smith of Macon, Smith of Stanly, Taylor of Chatham, Taylor of Nash, Whitford, Wiggins, Wright and Young—23.

So the amendment was rejected.

The bill passed and was read a third time, when Mr. Warren moved to amend by striking out all after the enacting clause, and inserting the words of the amendment proposed by Mr. Graham, on the second reading, together with these words added to section 1: "Provided, That the said Superior Courts shall not have jurisdiction of civil causes except as is now provided by law."

Mr. Faison asked the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:
Those who voted in the affirmative are,
Those voted in the negative are,
Messrs. Arendell, Bagley, Blount, Dickson, Drake, Eure, Faison, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Jones, Lane, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Patrick, Powell, Taylor of Chatham, Taylor of Nash, Whitford, Wiggins, Wright and Young—23.
So the amendment was rejected.
Mr. Murrill moved to adjourn. Not agreed to.
The bill passed its third reading; and on motion of Mr. Lindsay, the Senate adjourned until 10 o'clock, to-morrow morning.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1863.

Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Harris, on motion of Mr. Holeman.

Mr. Ramsay from the Committee on Claims, reported back the memorial of H. T. Wolstenholmes, and asked to be discharged from the further consideration thereof; and the committee were so discharged.

Mr. Leitch from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported back the bill entitled “A bill to establish courts to investigate charges against citizens of North-Carolina imprisoned on account of offences alleged to have been committed against the Confederate States,” and asked to be discharged from its further consideration; and the committee were so discharged.

Mr. Sanders from the same committee, reported back upon the bill entitled “A bill to authorize the Judges at Chambers to decree sales of lands held by minors,” recommending that it do not pass.

A message was sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate recommends the following persons to be commissioned as Justices of the Peace, to wit: Louis L. Merritt, for Sampson county; Addison M. Sullivan, Julius A. Neely, John Graham, J. D. Johnston, Richard Culberston and Dan’l Lesse, for Rowan county.

A message was received, from the House, that they agree
to the foregoing recommendations; and they recommend, also, W. H. Walker, John Wescott, Wm. Waters, and Peter Rourk, for Brunswick county; Jonathan T. Gay and John W. Pugh, for Northampton, and Sam'l E. Hughes, for Columbus; to which the Senate agreed.

Mr. Lassiter moved to re-consider the vote by which the amendment to the bill entitled, "A bill to authorize and empower George W. Crumpler, late sheriff of Sampson, to collect arrears of taxes," was agreed to. The motion prevailed, said amendment was rejected, and the bill passed.

The following entitled bills were introduced, to wit:

By Mr. Murrill, a bill to alter the time for the meeting of the General Assembly, which was read first time. Mr. Murrill moved a suspension of the rules, but the motion was not agreed to.

By Mr. Matthews, a bill to prevent general starvation and to guard against an unfair execution of the conscript law, which was read first time, and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. Enre, a bill to amend the 23d section of an act passed at the second extra session of the General Assembly, 1860 and '61, entitled, "Militia Bill," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. Blount, a bill to be entitled "An act for the relief of sheriffs," which was read first time and referred, on his motion, to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Hall, for the Committee on the Judiciary, reported upon the bill entitled, "A bill to repeal the 20th section of the 31st chapter of the Revised Code," recommending that it do not pass.

The resolution entitled, "Resolution in favor of James Freeman," was read a second time, when the amendment recommended by the Committee on Claims, to wit: Strike out the word "chaplain" was adopted, and the resolution passed and was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Lane moved to re-consider the vote on the same, and that motion was laid on the table.
Said resolution and the bill entitled, "A bill to incorporate Dispatch Steam Boat Company," were sent, duly engrossed to the House of Commons.

On motion of Mr. White, the bill entitled, "A bill for the relief of the wives and families of soldiers in the army," was taken up and read a second time.

Mr. Lane moved to amend by striking out in section 3d, the words "white population," and inserting words "as follows, to wit: "number of families of volunteers or soldiers who now are, or who have heretofore been, or may hereafter be in the service of the Confederate States, that are in indigent circumstances and have not the means of support."

Mr. Murrill moved to amend the amendment by striking out all after the word "number" and inserting as follows, to wit: "of soldiers in service from each county; and, the Governor is hereby authorized and directed to issue his proclamation calling upon the Colonels of Militia of the State to ascertain the number of men who are now in the military service, or who have been in such service and have died, been killed or disabled, and report the whole number to the Adjutant General as soon as possible."

Mr. Lindsay moved to lay on the table the bill and amendments, and Mr. Ramsay asked thereon the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,
Messrs. Blount, Drake, Lindsay, Patrick, Powell, Sharpe and Slaughter—7.

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the motion did not prevail.

Mr. Slaughter moved to postpone until Wednesday next; which was not agreed to.
The question being on the amendment to the amendment, it was not agreed to.

The amendment also was not agreed to.

Mr. Young moved to amend by striking out all after the enacting clause, and inserting as follows, to wit:

"That the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of this State, a majority of the Justices being present, and the Mayor and Commissioners of incorporated towns and cities shall have power to make appropriations of money and levy taxes upon all subjects of taxation now taxed for State purposes to raise the same for the purpose of raising, equipping and paying any police force which they may deem necessary for the protection of the citizens or property of the county, town or city; and for the further purpose of rendering aid and support to the indigent families of persons engaged in the military service of the State; and for these purposes the said counties, towns or cities shall have power to borrow money upon the faith and credit of the county, town or city, for which certificates shall be issued and signed on behalf of the counties by the Chairman, and countersigned by the Clerk of the Court, and on behalf of the towns and cities, by the presiding officer of the Board of Commissioners, and countersigned by the Secretary of said Board; and, that each county in the State providing for the indigent as herein proposed, shall be entitled to receive reimbursements for all money raised and paid out for that purpose by them: Provided, That the claim of each county shall first be presented to the Public Auditor and allowed by him, when it shall be paid by the Public Treasurer to the properly authorized agent of the county."

The consideration of the bill before the Senate was postponed, on motion of Mr. Hall, in order to take up the bill entitled, "A bill in relation to the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company," which was read a second time and passed, when the rules were suspended, and the same was read a third time and passed.

Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Copeland, on motion of Mr. Murrill.
The consideration of the bill for the relief of the families of soldiers in the army, was resumed.

The question being on the amendment proposed by Mr. Young, the yeas and nays were asked for by him, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,
Messrs. Carroway, Copeland, Drake, Holeman, Lane, Leitch, Murrill, Patrick, Powell, Sanders, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith of Anson, Whitford and Young—15.

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the amendment was not adopted.

The bill passed, and was read a third time and amended on motion of Mr. Sanders, by inserting in section 1, line 6, before the word "volunteers," the word "indigent," and, on motion of Mr. Graham, by striking out the words "volunteers and" in same line and section, and also by inserting the word "indigent" in line 8, same section, before the word "soldiers," and by striking out same word in line 5, section 5, and inserting it before the word "soldiers" therein.

The question being on the passage of the bill as amended, Mr. Lindsay asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are,
Messrs. Drake, Hall, Holeman, Lindsay, Murrill, Powell, Sharpe, Whitford and Young—9.
So the bill passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they refuse to adopt the report of the Committee of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two Houses upon the Revenue bill, and "propose that a new Committee of Conference be raised to consist of five on the part of each branch of the General Assembly, to whom shall be referred the subject with instructions to report a system by which each slave may be taxed according to his value, to be assessed as in the case of lands."

The Senate refused to agree to the proposition; but, on motion of Mr. Graham, a message was sent to the House, that the Senate proposes to raise a new Committee of Conference without instructions.

The bill entitled, "A bill to amend the Revised Code in relation to habeas corpus," was made the special order for Monday," 11 o'clock, on motion of Mr. Graham.

Another message was received from the House, that they have adopted a resolution that the two houses of the General Assembly do adjourn, sine die, on Wednesday next, at 6 o'clock, A. M., and ask the agreement of the Senate.

Mr. Adams, of Guilford, moved to lay on the table.

Mr. Hall then asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are,
Messrs. Adams of Davidson, Dickson, Faison, Graham, Hall, Holeman, Lane, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Murrill, Powell, Sanders Sharpe, Smith of Anson, Smith of Stanly, Taylor of Nash, Whitford, Wright and Young—20.

So the motion did not prevail.

The question recurring on agreeing to the proposition of the House, the yeas and nays were asked and agreed to; and,

Those who voted in the affirmative are,
Messrs. Dickson, Drake, Faison, Graham, Hall, Holeman, Lane, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Murrill, Powell, Sanders, Sharpe, Smith of Anson, Smith of Stanly, Whitford, Wright and Young—19.

Those who voted in the negative are,


So the proposition was agreed to.

Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Hall, on motion of Mr. Wiggins.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they agree to the appointment of Justices of the Peace for the counties of Beaufort, Cumberland, Stokes, Richmond and Rockingham, recommended by the Senate, and they recommend as Justices of the Peace for the county of Beaufort, Jas. L. Fowle and Thomas B. Bowen, and for Harnett county, Joseph Rosser and C. B. Horton; to which the Senate agreed.

The Senate adjourned, on motion of Mr. Slaughter, until Monday morning, 10 o'clock.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1863.

Senate met—Mr. Graham in the Chair.

Messages were received from the House of Commons, that they transmit accompanying engrossed bills and resolutions, entitled, &c., to wit:

Resolution in favor of John O. Wallace.
Resolution concerning mileage;
A bill in relation to public roads;
Resolution to enclose the soldiers’ burial ground;
A bill in reference to taxes and the liabilities of Sheriffs;
A bill to authorize the promotion of officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates, for gallant and meritorious conduct;
A bill to be entitled an act to legalize certain disbursements from the Treasury; and

A bill to punish aiders and abettors of deserters; which were read first time;

Also a bill to amend an act entitled "Militia;" which was read three several times, the rules having been suspended, on motion of Mr. Eure, and passed;

Resolution concerning the printing of the Journals of the House of Commons of the session 1862-'63; which was read first time, and the rules having been suspended, was read second time, when Mr. Murrill moved to postpone indefinitely; which was not agreed to, and said resolution was laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Arendell;

A bill to authorize certain alterations in the Treasury office; which was read three several times, the rules having been suspended, on motion of Mr. Smith, of Macon, and passed.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they agree to the proposition of the Senate to raise another committee of conference on the Revenue bill, and appoint on their part Messrs. Fowle, Foust, Shepherd, Albritton, and Robbins, said committee.

The Chair appointed on the part of the Senate, Messrs. Wiggins, Smith, of Macon, Young, Patton and Warren.

Said committee, on motion of Mr. Warren, had leave to sit during the session of the Senate.

Another message was received from the House, that they had passed the bill entitled "A bill to amend the 102d chapter of the Revised Code," with amendments.

The Senate refused to agree to said amendments and the House were informed thereof.

A message was received from the House, that they insist upon the amendments made to the foregoing bill, and ask a conference, and should the Senate agree, they appoint Messrs. Shober, Shepherd and Allison said committee on their part.

The Senate agreed thereto, and the Chair appointed Messrs. Lassiter, Arendell and Faison, said committee, on the part of the Senate.
The special order was postponed until 12½ o'clock, on motion of Mr. Wiggins.

Another message from the House was received, that they transmit a message from His Excellency the Governor, and accompanying communications from the President of the Atlantic and North-Carolina Railroad Company, in relation to the seizure of a portion of the iron of said Company's road, for the use of the Piedmont Railroad," and propose to raise a Joint Select Committee, to whom the same should be referred; also a communication from the Public Treasurer, and propose that the same be referred to the Committee on Finance.

The message was agreed to. The communication from the Public Treasurer was referred to the Committee on Finance, and the Chair announced Messrs. Patrick and Whitford as the Senate branch of the joint select committee aforesaid.

A message was sent to the House of Commons that the Senate recommends to be commissioned as Justices of the Peace for Craven county, Samuel Whitehurst, George Ventus, Thomas Gaskins and Allen Williams, recommended by Mr. Whitford; for Warren county, Thomas W. Roselet, recommended by Mr. Drake.

A message was received from the House that they transmit engrossed bills entitled to wit:

A bill to incorporate the Branch Monumental Association, and a bill to charter the Shelby and Broad River Railroad Company, which were read first time and subsequently taken up and read a second and third times, (the rules having been suspended as to the former, on motion of Mr. Arendell, and as to the latter, on motion of Mr. Dickerson,) and passed.

Mr. Patrick moved to postpone the further consideration of the latter bill until to-morrow 12 o'clock, but the motion was not agreed to.

Engrossed resolutions entitled "Resolution in favor of Joseph Marshall, Sheriff of Stanly county," and "A resolution in favor of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company," were transmitted to the House of Commons.

Mr. Graham introduced a resolution authorizing the Chief
Clerks of the Senate and House of Commons to employ such additional engrossing clerks as may be necessary to expedite business during the present session, which was adopted, engrossed and sent to the House of Commons.

A message was received from the House of Commons that they propose to the Senate to raise a joint select committee to investigate the condition of the office of the Secretary of State and report whether any additional clerical force is needed therein, and the committee are requested to invite the late incumbent of said office to be present when they make such investigation, said committee to consist of three on the part of the House and two on the part of the Senate.

The message was agreed to and the Chair appointed as the committee on the part of the Senate, Messrs. Smith of Macon and Murrill.

Mr. Eure moved to take up the bill entitled "A bill to punish aiders and abettors of deserters from the army;" but the motion was not agreed to.

Mr. Smith of Stanly introduced a resolution entitled "Resolution in favor of Joseph Marshall, sheriff of Stanly county," which, under a suspension of the rules, was read three several times and passed.

A message was received from the House that they agree to the recommendation made by the Senate of Justices of the Peace, and they appoint Messrs. Best, Woodall and Hawes, committee on their part upon the message of His Excellency the Governor and accompanying communications in relation to the seizure of iron belonging to the Atlantic and North-Carolina Railroad Company.

The bill entitled "A bill to repeal the 20th section of the 31st chapter of the Revised Code," was read a second time and, on motion of Mr. Eure, laid on the table.

The engrossed resolutions entitled "Resolutions in relation to the liberty of the people," were read a second time, and on motion of Mr. Graham, laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Faison, the resolution entitled "Resolu-
tion in favor of B. J. Dunlap," was taken up, read second and third times and passed.

The bill entitled "A bill to amend the 1st section of the 4th chapter of the Revised Code," was taken up on motion of Mr. Graham, and the same was read second and third times and passed.

The bill entitled "A bill to exempt old men from militia duty," was read a second time.

Mr. Murrill moved to lay on the table, and it was not agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Graham, the preamble was stricken out, and the bill passed and was read a third time, and the title of said bill was amended to stand "A bill to amend the militia law."

Mr. Carroway moved to lay on the table. Not agreed to.

On the passage of the bill, its third reading, Mr. Carroway asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the bill passed.

The order of the day being the bill entitled "A bill to amend the Revised Code in relation to habeas corpus," was read a third time.

Mr. Warren moved to amend by adding sections as follows, to wit:

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That if any person in the military service of this State or the Confederate States, shall have in custody any person not in such service, and to whom a writ of habeas corpus shall be directed in behalf of such person, shall neglect or refuse to make returns as is provided by the 55th Chapter of the Revised Code, or to bring the body of the prisoner according to the command of the writ without delay,
or shall not, within six hours after demanded, deliver a true copy of the cause of caption and detention, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction, be fined not less than one thousand dollars, and shall be liable in damages not to be less than five hundred dollars, to the party aggrieved.

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That upon such neglect or refusal being made known by the affidavit of the sheriff or other officer, to whom such writ is delivered, to the judge before whom the said writ is returnable, the judge shall issue his warrant against the party so neglecting or refusing, to be directed to the sheriff of the county where such party may be, and commanding him to arrest such party, and bring him before the said judge; and the said judge shall, unless good cause be shown, bind him over for his appearance at the next term of the Superior Court of the county where the writ is returnable, to answer the charge of the State against him, under the foregoing section.

Sec. 6. Be it further enacted, That the cost of the proceedings upon such habeas corpus shall, in case of the discharge of the prisoner, be paid by the party to whom such writ is directed, or by the State, as the judge may order.

Sec. 7. Be it further enacted, That the Governor be, and he is hereby authorized to employ counsel to investigate the cases of such persons as are, or shall hereafter be, in custody as aforesaid, and to institute such proceedings in their behalf, as he shall think proper.

Sec. 8. Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Mr. Graham introduced a bill entitled, "A bill to authorize a special term of Randolph County Court, to do other county business in addition to laying county taxes," which was read first time.

Mr. Warren introduced a bill entitled, "A bill concerning the sale of property seized by attachment," which was read first time.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that
they have adopted the report of the Committee of Conference on the Revenue Bill, and transmit the same for the action of the Senate.

The Senate concurred in the report, which is as follows, to wit:

"The Committee of Conference, to whom has been referred the disagreement between the Senate and House of Commons, respecting the Revenue Bill, have agreed upon this amendment, and have directed me to report the same, and ask the concurrence of the General Assembly therein.

"All slaves in this State, to be taxed according to value, which value is to be ascertained by the same persons who assess the value of lands."

J. G. SHEPHERD,
for the Committee.

A message from the House was received, that they agree to the amendments made by the Senate, to the bill entitled, "A bill to exempt old men from Militia duty; also a message, that they agree to the recommendation of Justices of the Peace for the county of Halifax; and they recommend the following persons to be appointed Justices of the Peace for their respective counties, viz: W. H. H. Tucker, of Wake; Riley P. Stamper, J. H. Doughten, and Robert Gambill, sen., of Alleghany, to which the Senate agreed, and also, a message, that they agree to the amendments made by the Senate, to the bill entitled, "A bill for the relief of the wives and families of soldiers in the army," and said bill is ordered to be enrolled.

Mr. Eure moved to lay on the table the order of the day, and amendment, and Mr. Sharpe moved to adjourn until 7 o'clock P. M.

Mr. Slaughter moved to adjourn until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The Senate adjourned until 7 o'clock, P. M.
Evening Session,—Seven o'clock, P. M.

The consideration of the special order was resumed, and
the question being on the motion of Mr. Eure, to lay on the
table, the yeas and nays were asked for, by Mr. Eure, and
one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Messrs. Dickson, Drake, Holeman, Murrill, Powell, Whit-
ford, White and Young—8.

Those who voted in the negative are,

Messrs. Adams of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Blount, Dick-
erson, Faison, Graham, Jarratt, Jones, Lassiter, Patton, 
Patrick, Sharpe, Slaughter, Smith of Stanly, Warren, Wiggins 
and Wright—18.

So the motion did not prevail.

The question now being on the amendment proposed by
Mr. Warren, he asked thereon the yeas and nays, and one-
fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Messrs. Adams of Guilford, Arendell, Bagley, Blount, Jarrat-
t, Jones, Lassiter, Patrick, Sharpe, Slaughter, Warren and 
Wright—12.

Those who voted in the negative are,

Messrs. Carroway, Dickson, Dickerson, Drake, Faison, 
Graham, Holeman, Murrill, Patton, Powell, Smith of Stanly, 
White, Wiggins and Young—14.

So the amendment was rejected.

The question recurring on the passage of the bill on its
third reading, it passed, and was sent to the House of Com-
mons, the joint rule, no. 5, having been suspended, on motion
of Mr. Graham, and the House agreeing thereto.

The Senate agreed to a message received from the House
of Commons, that they recommend A. P. Strowd and Abner
Holton, of Orange County, to be commissioned as Justices of 
the Peace.

A message was received from the House, that they trans-
mit the report of the committee of conference on the disagree-
ing votes upon the bill entitled "A bill to amend the 102d chapter of the Revised Code, entitled 'Salaries and Fees.'"

The Senate concurred in the report, which is as follows, to wit:

The conference committee to whom was referred a bill to amend the Revised Code, chapter 102, entitled "Salaries and Fees," report that they have agreed upon the amendments proposed by the House of Commons, and recommend the passage of the bill as amended.

F. E. SHOBER, 
Chairman of Com. of Con.

On motion of Mr. Graham, the bill to authorize a special term of Randolph county court to do other county business in addition to laying county taxes, was taken up, and read a second and third times and passed.

Messages were received from the House of Commons, that they transmit certain engrossed bills and resolutions, and bills and resolutions not engrossed, for the action of the Senate, entitled, to wit:

A bill to ensure the protection of the people of North Carolina against small pox; which was read first time, and Mr. Sharpe moved to refer to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, but the motion was not agreed to;

A bill to provide for the establishment of iron works, to manufacture Railroad and all other iron; which was read first time and referred, on motion of Mr. Warren, to the Committee on Corporations;

Mr. White moved to reconsider the vote by which the foregoing bill was referred. Not agreed to.

Resolution to furnish clerks of the county and superior courts and clerk and master in equity in Transylvania county, with copies of the acts of the General Assembly and Revised Code; which was read three several times and passed, the rules having been suspended on motion of Mr. Patton;

A bill concerning the statute of limitations; which was
read three several times and passed, the rules having been suspended on motion of Mr. Warren;

Resolution in favor of E. M. Welborn; which was read three several times and passed, the rules having been suspended on motion of Mr. Sharpe;

Mr. Smith, of Macon, from the committee to whom was referred resolution directing inquiry into shipments upon Railroads, reported resolutions on the subject which were read and passed over informally.

A bill for the relief of the families of deceased soldiers, and to provide for a roll of honor; which was read first time;

A bill to incorporate the Yadkin Valley and Western Railroad Company; which was read first time, when the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Murrill, and the same was read a second time and amended, on motion of Mr. Jarratt, by inserting the names of Q. F. Neal and James M. Gentry, of Alleghany, and J. M. Cloud, H. C. Hampton, R. Gwyn, Sen'r., D. J. Hollingsworth and R. Martin, of Surry, in section 2, and passed and was read a third time and passed;

A bill to suspend the 3d, 4th and 5th sections of the 17th chapter of the Revised Code; which was read three several times and passed, the rules having been suspended on motion of Mr. Warren.

On motion of Mr. Warren, the bill entitled "A bill concerning the sale of property seized by attachment," was taken up and read a second time, and amended by striking out the words "ten days public notice being given," and inserting words "such sale being advertised as is now prescribed by law in the case of the sale of perishable property when attached."

The bill as amended passed and was read a third time and passed.

The following entitled bills and resolutions transmitted from the House of Commons, were read first time, to wit:

A bill in reference to taxes and liabilities of Sheriffs;

A bill to extend the charter of the Pittsboro' and Haywood Plank Road Company;
A bill concerning Common Schools;
A bill to amend the 5th section of the 5th chapter of the Revised Code, entitled "Apprentices;"
A bill to incorporate the Rhymer Gold & Copper Mining Company, in the county of Rowan;
A bill in favor of A. A. Wiseman, Sheriff of Mitchell county;
A bill to extend the time of perfecting title to land heretofore entered;
A bill to amend 2d section, 64th chapter Revised Code;
A bill to authorize H. Hunter, late Sheriff of Madison county, to collect arrears of taxes due said Sheriff, for the years 1858-'59;
Resolution in favor of J. G. Carroway;
Resolution in favor of the sureties of William Green, late Sheriff of Haywood county; and
Resolution in favor of Wm. J. Murray, Sheriff of Alamance County;
Mr. Eure from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill to amend the 23d section of an act passed at the second extra session of the General Assembly, 1860-'61, entitled 'Militia Bill,'" recommending that it do pass. On his motion the rules were suspended, and the said bill was read second and third times and passed.
The Senate adjourned, on motion of Mr. Jones, until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1863.
Prayer by Rev. Mr. Hardie.
The chair announced Messrs. Smith of Anson, White and Arendell, as the Senate branch of the Committee on Enrolled bills.
Mr. Arendell, from the Committee on Corporations, reported upon the bill entitled, "A bill to provide for the estab-
lishment of Iron works, to manufacture railroad and all other iron," and recommended that it do pass.

Mr. Eure from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported upon the bill entitled, "A bill to prevent general starvation, and to guard against an unfair execution of the conscript law," recommending that it do not pass.

The Chair announced Mr. Jones as a member of the Committee on Finance.

On motion of Mr. Young, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of bills and resolutions, appropriating money, and the following entitled bills and resolutions, under a suspension of the rules, passed their several readings and are ordered to be enrolled, to wit:

A resolution in favor of John Roseman;
Resolution in favor of W. W. Happer;
Resolution in favor of the sureties of Wm. Green, late Sheriff of Haywood County;
Resolution in favor of J. G. Carroway;
Resolution in favor of J. B. Davis;
Resolution in favor of W. W. Green;
Resolution in favor of A. B. Downs;
Resolution in favor of R. V. Blackstock;
Resolution in favor of R. V. Blackstock;
Bill for the relief of J. W. Cromartie;
A bill in favor of the sureties of John S. Willis, late sheriff of Bladen county;
A bill to authorize the securities of W. W. Profit, to collect arrears of taxes;
Resolution in favor of Wm. Thompson;
Resolution in favor of W. J. Murray, sheriff of Alamance County;
A resolution in favor of A. A. Wiseman, sheriff of Mitchell County;
Resolution in favor of John O. Wallace; and
A bill to change the time of holding the Courts of Probate and public sales' days, in the County of Rutherford.

Mr. Wright introduced a bill entitled, "A bill to amend
an act to prohibit the distillation of spirituous liquors," which was read first time. Said bill was subsequently taken up, and the rules having been suspended, on motion of Mr. Wright, was read a second and third times, and passed.

The resolutions entitled, "Resolution in favor of L W. Kornegay," and "Resolution in favor of Thomas Waters," were read second time each, and laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Murrill.

Mr. Sharpe introduced a bill entitled, "A bill disfranchising deserters, which was read first time.

A message was sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate recommended to be commissioned as Justices of the Peace: H. F. Granger, for Green County; H. C. Bennett, for Burke county, and W. A. Jenkins, for Warren county, to which the House agreed.

The Senate agreed to a message from the House, that they recommend R. R. Taylor, as a Justice of the Peace for Bertie County.

On motion of Mr. Young, a message was sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes to go into an election for two Trustees of the University, and a message was receiv ed from the House, that they agree thereto, and appoint Messrs. Cobb and Lyle, as the Committee on their part to superintend the election; and that Z. B. Vance, and P. Richardson, are in nomination.

The Chair announced Messrs. Arendell and Powell, as the Senate branch of said Committee.

The resolution to appoint a committee to investigate the shipments upon railroads of this State, were taken up and amended on motion of Mr. Smith, by filling the blank with "five dollars," Mr. Murrill having proposed to fill with "three dollars," which was not agreed to; also, by striking out of resolution, first, words, so as to read the "Governor shall appoint three Commissioners to investigate." &c. And, said resolutions as amended, were adopted, and sent to the House of Commons.

Also, the following bills were sent to the House, to wit:
A bill concerning the sale of property seized by attachment;
A bill to amend the 23d section of an act, passed at the second extra session of the General Assembly 1860 and '61, entitled "Military Bill;"
A bill to incorporate the Yadkin Valley & Western Railroad Company, with amendments made by the Senate there-to; and
A bill amending an act to incorporate the town of Asheville.

Mr. Warren, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported upon the bill entitled "A bill to be entitled 'An act for the relief of sheriffs,'" and asked to be discharged from its further consideration; and the committee were so discharged.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they propose to rescind the joint resolution in relation to adjournment, and that the General Assembly do adjourn sine die on Thursday next, at 6 o'clock, A. M.

Mr. Sharpe moved that the Senate do not concur; but propose to adjourn on Thursday morning, 4 o'clock, A. M.

Upon the question of concurring the yeas and nays were asked, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are.

So the motion was not agreed to.

Mr. Patton moved that a message be sent to the House of Commons, that the Senate proposes to adjourn on Thursday, at 4 o'clock P. M.

The Yeas and nays were asked for on this motion, and one-fifth agreeing:
Those who voted in the affirmative are,
Those who voted in the negative are,
So the motion was agreed to.
A message was received from the House, that they agree to the proposition to adjourn on Thursday at 4 o'clock, P. M.
Mr. Arendell, from the Committee to superintend the election of two Trustees of the University reported, that no one received a majority of the whole number of votes cast, and there is no election.
Mr. Eure, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported back the resolution of instruction in relation to the pay of militia officers, who are acting as enrolling officers for the Confederate States, for the purpose of taking up conscripts and deserters, and asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the subject. And the Committee were so discharged.
Mr. Eure, also from the same Committee to whom was referred the resolution of inquiry as to arms furnished by the State to the State of Virginia before the war, &c., reported a resolution entitled, "Resolution instructing the Adjutant General of this State to correspond with the Adjutant General, or Governor of the State of Virginia, relative to arms furnished that State," which was adopted.
A message was received from the House, that they transmit resolutions entitled, to wit:
Resolution in favor of the Principal and Assistant Clerks of the Senate and House, and resolutions in favor of the Doorkeepers, which were read three several times, under suspension of the rules, and passed.
The bill entitled, a bill in relation to public roads, was read a second time, when
Mr. Sharpe moved to lay on the table, and asked the yeas and nays thereon, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the bill was laid on the table.

Messages from the House of Commons, that they transmit certain resolutions was received, to wit:

Resolution in favor of John Spelman, which was read three several times and passed;

A resolution in favor of Capt. W. B. Clement's Cavalry Company, which was read and laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Murrill.

The bill entitled "A bill amending an act to incorporate the town of Asheville," was read a third time and passed, and sent to House of Commons.

The following entitled bills and resolutions were read a second and third times and passed, and ordered to be enrolled, to wit:

A bill to extend the charter of the Pittsborough and Haywood Plankroad Company;

A bill to extend time of perfecting titles to land heretofore entered.

Resolutions to enclose the soldiers' burial ground, and a bill in reference to taxes and liabilities of sheriffs.

The Senate agreed to the recommendation of P. H. Winston and others, which had been laid on the table, as Justices of the Peace for Bertie county.

The bill entitled, "A bill to punish aiders and abettors of deserters," was read a second time, and on the question of its passage, the yeas and nays were asked by Mr. Drake, and one-fifth agreeing thereto:
Those who voted in the affirmative are,
Those who voted in the negative are,
So the bill was rejected. And the Senate adjourned until 7½ o'clock, P. M.

Evening Session—Seven-and-a-half o'clock, P. M.
A message was received from the House of Commons, that they had adopted the resolutions to raise a Committee to investigate the matter of shipments upon railroads of this State with amendments, (being the same as made by the Senate.) The Senate agreed to the message, and said resolutions are ordered to be enrolled.
Also, a message that they had passed the bill entitled, "A bill concerning the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Franklin County," with an amendment to include the County of Caldwell within the provisions of said bill. The Senate agreed to the amendment.
Also, a message that they agree to the amendment made by the Senate to the bill entitled, "A bill to incorporate the Yadkin Valley and Western Rail Road Company," and said bill is ordered to be enrolled.
Mr. Smith of Macon, introduced a bill entitled, "A bill to amend an act entitled, 'An act to amend an act entitled Militia Bill,'" which was read three several times and passed.
Mr. Warren introduced a resolution authorizing and directing the Secretary of State to have published certain Ordinances of the late Convention of the State, which was adopted.
The bill entitled, "A bill to insure the protection of the
people of North-Carolina against small pox," was read a second time.

Mr. Sharpe moved to lay on the table, and asked thereon the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are, Messrs. Carroway, Dickerson, Jarratt, Sharpe and Young—5.


So the motion did not prevail.

Said bill was amended, on motion of Mr. Graham, as follows: strike out in section 6, words "penal offence" and insert word "misdemeanor;" strike out all of said section after the word "months" in line 6; strike out words "for six months," and insert "at the discretion of the Court:" on motion of Mr. Sharpe, by inserting the word "resident" before the word "physician" in line 2d, section 2; also, on motion of Mr. Graham, by striking out section 4th, and on motion of Mr. Warren, by inserting before the word "imprisoned," in line 6, section 6, the words "fined or."

Mr. Young moved to amend by striking out section 7th, and inserting as follows, to wit:

Be it further enacted, That the Surgeon-General be authorized to draw upon the Treasurer, out of the funds already placed at his command, for the relief of our sick and wounded soldiers, for such sums of money as may be required to erect hospitals and defray other expenses necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this act.

Mr. Sharpe moved to adjourn. Not agreed to.

The question being on the amendment proposed by Mr. Young, Mr. Warren asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are;
Messrs. Carroway, Dickerson, Graham, Jarratt, Lassiter, Murrill, Sanders, Sharpe, Smith, of Anson and Young—10.

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the amendment was not adopted.

Mr. Sharpe moved to amend, by adding to section second these words, “and it shall be his duty to distribute the same among the several counties of the State for use therein,” and by striking out the remaining sections of the bill.

Mr. Graham called for a division of the question, and upon the part to add the foregoing words to section second, asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,
Messrs. Carroway, Dickerson, Graham, Jarratt, Jones, Murrill, Patton, Sanders, Sharpe, Smith of Anson and Young—11.

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the Senate refused so to amend, and also to strike out the remaining sections of the bill.

The question being on the passage of the bill its second reading, Mr. Warren asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are,
Messrs. Carroway, Dickerson, Jarratt, Murrill, Sharpe and Young—6.

So the bill passed, and was read a third time, when Mr. Murrill moved to amend by adding to section 2d a proviso,
to wit: Provided, he be not engaged more than twenty days in said work, which was not agreed to.

The bill passed as amended. And, on motion of Mr. Sharpe, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning 10 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1863.

The following engrossed bills and resolutions were taken up and passed their several readings and are ordered to be enrolled, entitled, to wit:

A bill to incorporate the Randolph Manufacturing Company;
A bill to incorporate the town of Marshall, in Madison county, under the law for the better regulation of towns;
And a bill to change the time of holding the courts of probate and public sales' days in the county of Rutherford.

The Speaker announced Mr. Eure upon the committee on enrolled bills.

Mr. Young introduced a resolution, that a message be sent to the House of Commons, proposing to rescind the joint resolution to adjourn sine die on to-morrow afternoon, at 4 o'clock, and that the two Houses do adjourn at 3 o'clock, P. M. to-day, which was adopted.

A message was received from the House, that they do not agree to the foregoing proposition.

The bills entitled "A bill to authorize H. Hunter, late Sheriff of Madison County, to collect arrears of taxes due him for the years 1858-'59;" and
"A bill to incorporate the Rhymer Gold & Copper Mining Company, in the county of Rowan," were read a second and third times and passed, and ordered to be enrolled.

A message was received from the House, that they have passed the bill entitled "A bill for the relief persons who have overpaid, or may hereafter overpay, taxes," with an amendment, striking out the third section thereof.
The Senate agreed to the amendment, and the bill is ordered to be enrolled.

Mr. Jarratt introduced a bill entitled "A bill to amend an act concerning the county site of Mitchell; which was read first time, when the rules having been suspended, it was read a second time.

Mr. Patton moved to lay on the table, and it was not agreed to.

On the question of the passage of the bill, Mr. Neal asked for the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are,

So the bill passed and was read a third time, and on the question of its passage, the yeas and nays were asked, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those voted in the negative are,

So the bill passed and was sent to the House of Commons.

A message was received from the House, that they recommend as Justices of the Peace for their several counties, Jackson Beck, John A. Milsaps and Samuel W. Curley, of Jackson; John Ellis, of Mitchell; R. W. Harris, of Randolph; John M. Jennings, of Pasquotank; Wilson Talbot, of Wilkes; J. F. Leath, Anthony Williamson, Jos. Bolen and George T. Goodron, of Caswell; J. T. Pike, Franklin Phillips
and C. B. Sanders, of Johnston; Jas. H. Vincent, of Northampton; John S. W. Pearce, W. Kilpatrick, L. J. Mewborn and John Joyner, of Lenoir; Jas. H. Vincent, of Korthampton; John S. W. Pearce, W. Kilpatrick, L. J. Mewborn, and Alfred J. Daniel, of Sampson, to which the Senate agreed.

Another from the House was received, that they transmit a resolution entitled, resolution concerning the seizure of iron belonging to the A. and N. C. Railroad, and an accompanying report. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Bagley introduced this resolution, to wit:

Resolved, That during the remainder of the session no member shall speak more than twice upon any question, nor more than five minutes at a time.

Mr. Murrill moved to lay said resolution on the table. Not agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Wright, the bill entitled a bill to provide for the establishment of iron works to manufacture railroad and all other iron, was taken up and read a second time.

Mr. Smith, of Macon, moved to amend by striking out section 9th, and inserting in lieu thereof as follows, to wit:

Be it further enacted, That the Sapona Iron Company, and those whom they may associate with them, shall upon compliance with the provisions of the foregoing act, be also entitled to all the rights, privileges and benefits granted therein, separate from the corporation aforesaid.

A message from the House was received, that they agree to the Senate's amendments made to a bill to ensure the protection of the people of North-Carolina against small pox, and said bill is ordered to be enrolled.

The amendment proposed by Mr. Smith, of Macon, was agreed to.

Mr. Sanders moved to postpone indefinitely the bill under consideration as amended, and asked on this question the yeas and nays, and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,

Those who voted in the negative are,


So the motion prevailed.

A message was sent to the House, that the Senate recommend John L. Brown, of Mecklenburg, and Wm. P. Pelletier, of Onslow, to be commissioned as Justices of the Peace for their several counties; and a message was received thereupon that the House agrees to the same.

The following entitled bills and resolutions were transmitted from the House to the Senate, to wit:

Resolution in reference to the Engrossing Clerks, which was read three several times and passed.

Resolution in relation to the Medical Examining Boards, read and adopted.

A bill to incorporate the Orphan Educational Board, read first time:

Resolution in favor of Rufus Galloway, read three several times and passed.

A bill to incorporate the Springfield Literary Society, read three several times and passed.

Bills entitled, "A bill in reference to taxes and liabilities of sheriffs";

A bill to amend second section of 64th chapter of Revised Code, and a bill concerning Common Schools, were read second and third times and passed.

The following entitled bills:

A bill concerning Notaries Public;

A bill to prevent slaves from making or trading in spirituous liquors; and

A bill in relation to the sale of spirituous liquors in the county of Bladen, transmitted from the House, were read first time.
The bill entitled, "A bill to amend an act passed at the present session of the General Assembly, entitled Revenue," was read first and second times, and amended, on motion of Mr. Patton, by inserting in section 2, line 13, after the word, "chairman," the words, "to be held prior to first day of June," and passed; said bill was read a third time, and amended, on motion of Mr. Wiggins, as follows, to wit: add

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That this act shall be printed, together with the Revenue Bill. The bill passed.

The following bills and resolutions duly enrolled and signed by the Speaker of the House of Commons, were transmitted to the Senate, and signed by the Speaker thereof, entitled, to wit:

An act to incorporate the Branch Monumental Association;
An act concerning the Statute of Limitation;
An act to amend an act, entitled "Militia;"
An act to authorize certain alterations in the Treasury office;
An act for the relief of the wives and families of soldiers in the army;
An act to amend the first section of the fourth chapter of the Revised Code;
An act concerning insane persons;
An act authorizing the Governor to issue commissions to hold Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and for other purposes;
An act to charter the Shelby and Broad River Railroad Company;
Resolution in favor of E. M. Welborne;
Resolution in favor of B. T. Dunlap;
Resolution to enclose the soldiers' burial ground;
Resolution in favor of L. L. Clements;
Resolution in favor of Joseph Marshall, sheriff of Stanly County;
Resolution in favor of the sureties of Wm. Green, late Sheriff of Haywood county;
A resolution in favor of J. W. Cromartie.
A resolution in favor of John O. Wallace;
Resolution in favor of A. B. Downs;
A resolution in favor of the principal and assistant clerks;
Resolution in favor of J. G. Carroway;
Resolution in favor of Wm. Thompson;
Resolution in favor of W. W. Greer;
Resolution in favor of Wm. J. Murray, sheriff of Alamance County;
Resolution in favor of the Doorkeepers;
Resolution in favor of John Roseman;
A resolution authorizing the treasurer to pay certain claims (herein specified,) allowed by the Board of Claims;
Resolution in relation to prisoners confined in the military prison at Salisbury;
Resolution granting further time to John Martin, Sheriff of Stokes, to collect arrearages of taxes;
Resolution in relation to impressment of teams, wagons, &c., in Johnson County;
Resolution to furnish clerks of county and superior courts and clerk and master in equity in Transylvania county, with copies of the Revised Code, &c.;
Resolution in favor of James W. Feeman;
A resolution in favor of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad;
Resolution to employ additional Engrossing Clerks for the present session;
Resolution in favor of the executrix of the late Judge J. M. Dick;
A Resolution in favor of R. V. Blackstock;
Resolution in favor of same;
A resolution concerning mileage;
A resolution in favor of John Spelman;
A resolution in favor of J. B. Davis;
Resolution in favor of W. W. Happer;
An act in favor of A. A. Wiseman, Sheriff of Mitchell county;
An act to amend the militia law; and
An act to amend the Revised Code in relation to *habeas corpus*.

Resolutions transmitted from the House of Commons, entitled "Resolutions relating to impressment," were read and on the question of their adoption, the yeas and nays were asked for and one-fifth agreeing:

Those who voted in the affirmative are,


Those who voted in the negative are,


So the resolutions were adopted.

Leave of absence was granted to the principal Door-Keeper from and after to-morrow, on motion of Mr. Murrill; also to Mr. Smith of Anson, on motion of Mr. Sanders.

Mr. Outlaw moved to adjourn until to-morrow, 10 o'clock, A. M. Not agreed to.

The Senate adjourned until 7½ o'clock, P. M., on motion of Mr. Warren.

**WEDNESDAY EVENING—seven-and-a-half o'clock.**

A message was received from the House of Commons that they transmit a resolution entitled "A resolution in favor of James McKinmon and A. Creech," which was read first time, and upon suspension of the rules, a second and third time, and passed.

The Speaker announced Mr. Faison upon the Committee on Enrolled bills.

The following entitled bills and resolutions duly enrolled and signed by the Speaker of the House of Commons were transmitted to the Senate and signed by the Speaker thereof, to-wit:

...
An act to incorporate Vestal's Ford Toll Bridge Company;
An act to authorize the sureties of W. W. Profit to collect arrears of taxes;
An act in favor of the sureties of John S. Willis, late Sheriff of Bladen county;
An act to authorize a special term of Randolph County Court to do other county business in addition to laying county taxes;
An act to provide for the completion of the claim of North Carolina against the Confederate government, and for other purposes;
An act to authorize and require the Quartermaster of this State to pay commutation money to the soldiers of North Carolina, for boots and shoes;
An act to amend the charter of the North-Carolina Powder Manufacturing Company;
An act to incorporate the North-Carolina Christian Advocate Joint Stock Publishing Company;
An act to authorize the Auditor of Public Accounts to administer oaths;
An act in relation to the bounty of soldiers;
An act to amend the 102d chapter of the Revised Code, entitled salaries and fees;
An act to suspend the 3d, 4th and 5th sections of the 17th chapter of the Revised Code;
An act to amend an act passed 1844-'45, to incorporate the Town of Pittsborough, in the County of Chatham;
An act to enforce and make more effectual an act of the General Assembly, ratified December 22, 1862, regulating the payment of bounty;
An act to incorporate the Franklin Mining and Manufacturing Company;
An act to amend an act entitled "an act concerning the county site of Mitchell County;"
An act to extend the time of perfecting titles to land heretofore entered;
An act amending an act to incorporate the town of Asheville;

Resolution instructing the Adjutant General of this State to correspond with the Adjutant General or Governor of Virginia, relative to arms furnished that State;

Resolution to raise a Committee of Investigation of Railroads of the State;

An act in relation to the County of Brunswick;

Resolution authorizing and directing the Secretary of State to have published certain ordinances of the State Convention, together with the acts of the present General Assembly;

Resolution in reference to the Engrossing Clerks;

An act to provide for the holding of Courts in Hertford county;

An act to incorporate the Anderson Monument Association;

An act to authorize and empower George W. Crumpler, late sheriff of Sampson county, to collect arrears of taxes;

An act to incorporate the Yadkin Valley and Western Railroad Company;

An act to incorporate the town of Chestnut Hill, in Rowan County;

An act to incorporate the Nantahala Mining Company;

An act to amend the 18th section of the 28th chapter of the Revised Code in relation to fees of committees of finance;

An act to authorize the deacons and trustees of Sharon Church to sell the Parsonage and lands attached belonging to said congregation;

An act to incorporate the Macon County Mining Company;

An act to amend an act to prohibit the distillation of spirituous liquors;

An act in regard to service of process on the Southern Express Company;

An act concerning Sheriffs and their sureties;

An act to insure the protection of the people of North Carolina against small-pox;

An act to incorporate the Dispatch Steamboat Company;

An act to authorize and empower Isaac A. Real, late
Sheriff of McDowell County, to collect arrears of taxes due said Sheriff for the year 1860-61;  
An act to appoint commissioners to sell the old jail in the town of Wilkesborough;  
An act to extend the charter of the Pittsboro' and Haywood Plank Road Company;  
An act in favor of C. Austin, Sheriff of Union County;  
An act entitled "Revenue;"  
An act supplemental to an act passed at the present session of the General Assembly, entitled "Revenue;"  
An act in reference to taxes and the liabilities of Sheriffs; and  
An act to incorporate the Tuckaseege Mining Company;  
An act to incorporate the Randolph Manufacturing Company;  
An act to amend an act entitled an "act to amend an act entitled 'Militia,'" passed at the present session of the General Assembly;  
An act to prevent during the existing war monopolies, extortion and speculation in breadstuffs and other articles of general use and consumption and to make such acts criminal and to provide penalties for the same;  
The bill entitled "A bill for the relief of the families of deceased soldiers and to provide for a roll of honor," was read a second time and after some discussion thereon.  
Mr. Murrill demanded a call of the House.  
Upon the call of the House, those who answered to their names are,  
The call of the House was proceeded with. The absentees were called and are,  
Messrs. Adams of Davidson, Blount, Brown, Copeland, Dickson, Dickerson, Drake, Ellis, Hall, Harris, Holeman, Lane, Leitch, Lindsay, Matthews, Neal, Outlaw Powell,
Ramsay, Simpson, Smith of Anson, Smith of Macon, Smith of Stanly, Taylor of Chatham, Whitford, White, Wooley and Young.

Messrs. Copeland, Ellis, Hall, Harris, Outlaw, Smith of Anson and Wooley were excused.

The sergeant at arms was despatched to bring in the absentees. And the body adjourned until 11 o'clock to-morrow morning, on motion of Mr. Graham.

THURSDAY, FEBRruary 12, 1863.

Further proceedings under the call of the House were dispensed with, on motion of Mr. Graham.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

A message was received from the House of Commons, that they transmit the following bills and resolutions duly enrolled and signed by the Speaker of the House, and the same were signed by the Speaker of the Senate, to wit:

An act to amend the 2d section of 64th chapter of Revised Code;

An act to incorporate the Springfield Literary Society;

An act to incorporate the Rhymer Gold and Copper Mining Company in the county of Rowan.

An act for the relief of persons who have over-paid, or may hereafter over-pay taxes.

An act in reference to taxes and liabilities of sheriffs.

An act to authorize H. Hunter, late sheriff of Madison county, to collect arrears of taxes due said sheriff for the years 1858 and '59.

An act to change the time of holding the Courts of Probate, and public sales days in the county of Rutherford.

An act concerning Common Schools;

An act concerning the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Caldwell and Franklin Counties;

An act to incorporate the town of Marshall, in Madison County, under the law for the better regulation of towns;
Resolution in relation to the Medical Examining Boards;
Resolution concerning the seizure of iron belonging to the Atlantic and North-Carolina Railroad;
Resolution relating to impressment;
Resolution in favor of Rufus Galloway;
A resolution in favor of James McKimmon and A. Creech.
A message was received from the House of Commons that they recommend Malden C. Harnean as a justice of the peace for Watauga County, which was agreed to.
Mr. Neal, on motion of Mr. Sharpe, was excused for unnecessary absence from the evening session of yesterday.
The Senate took a recess, on motion of Mr. Adams of Guilford, until three o'clock, P. M.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON—three o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Graham, a message was sent to the House of Commons that the Senate is now ready to adjourn in conformity with the joint resolution of the two Houses.

A message was received from the House that they transmit the "Report of the Joint Committee on Finance," which was read; also a message that the House of Commons will adjourn sine die at 4 o'clock, P. M.

Mr. Faison introduced the following resolution, to wit:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Senate are due and are hereby cordially tendered to Giles Mebane, Esq., the Speaker thereof, for the dignity, urbanity and impartiality with which he has presided over its deliberations during the present session.

Mr. Faison being in the Chair, the resolution was put and unanimously adopted.

The Speaker returned his thanks to the Senate and declared the same adjourned sine die.

GILES MEBANE,

Speaker Senate.

C. R. THOMAS,

Clerk Senate.
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